MiSUMi

AC Servo Driver E-DFASxxE Series (EtherCAT Type)

User Manual

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Preface

Thank you for purchasing the E-DFASxxE Series AC Servo Driver.

This product series covers a power range from 100W to 1kW and supports the EtherCAT communication protocol. With the corresponding communication interface, it can be connected to an upper-level controller (including controllers and PLCs) to enable multi-axis networked servo driver operations.

The driver features one-click auto-tuning, stiffness table setup, inertia identification, vibration suppression, and Type-C debugging—making setup and adjustment easy.

Standard features include dynamic braking and a black box function. It is ideal for automation in semiconductors, lithium battery, photovoltaics, electronics, and machine tools—offering high performance and improved efficiency.

This manual provides essential usage instructions, installation guidelines, tuning, maintenance, function descriptions, and parameter settings.

First-time users should read carefully. For any questions, please contact our technical support team.

Thank you for choosing us!

How to Obtain the Manual

This manual is not included with the product shipment.

To obtain the PDF electronic version, please visit the official MISUMI website:

Vietnam: https://vn.misumi-ec.com
Thailand: https://th.misumi-ec.com
Malaysia: https://my.misumi-ec.com
India: https://in.misumi-ec.com
Singapore: https://sg.misumi-ec.com
Indonesia: https://id.misumi-ec.com

and download it from the corresponding product series page.

Caution!

Improper operation may cause unexpected accidents. Please read this manual carefully before using the system.

Due to product improvements, the contents of this manual are subject to change without prior notice.

Our factory will not be responsible for any changes made by the user to the product, and the product warranty will be invalidated.

Caution: This equipment is not intended for use in residential environments and may not provide adequate protection to radio reception in such environments.

Safety precautions

In order to prevent personal injury and property damage, the following statements are made for matters that must be followed. When reading this manual, please pay special attention to the following warning signs:

▲Warning: "Warning" Incorrect operation may cause death or serious injury.

Caution: "Caution" Incorrect operation may cause injury or equipment damage.

Notice: "Notice" Improper use may damage the product or equipment.

Safety Rules

<u>∧</u> Warning

This product is not intended for safety-critical machinery or systems.

Users must implement proper safety measures to prevent accidents.

Inspection

∧Caution

Do not install if the product or accessories are damaged or rusted upon unpacking.

Do not install if there is water inside, missing parts, or damaged components.

Check the packing list carefully; do not install if it does not match the product.

∧ Notice

Do not forcibly remove packaging or handle roughly to avoid damage to components. Do not use damaged or faulty products.

Storage and Transportation

∧Caution

Store and transport the product according to specified environmental conditions.

Do not stack too high to prevent falls.

Ensure proper packaging during transit.

Do not drag cables, motor shafts, or encoders when handling servo motors.

Avoid applying external force or impacts to servo drivers and motors.

∧ Notice

Handle the product with care, lift and place gently, and watch your footing to prevent trips or drops, which may cause injury or damage.

During storage or transport, avoid direct contact with terminals or driver circuits without electrostatic protection to prevent damage.

Avoid storing or transporting in places exposed to water, rain, direct sunlight, strong electric or magnetic fields, or severe vibration.

Do not store the product for more than 3 months; if stored longer, apply stricter protection and inspections.

Do not mix-pack this product with items that could affect or damage it during transport.

Installation

Only trained professionals with electrical knowledge are allowed to operate. Operation by unqualified personnel is strictly prohibited

∧Caution

Servo Driver and Servo Motor:

Do not install on or near flammable materials to prevent fire.

Avoid vibration and strictly prohibit impacts.

Do not install if the unit is damaged or has missing parts.

Discharge static electricity before operating buttons or switches on the driver, or equipment damage may occur.

Servo Driver:

Must be installed inside a control cabinet with sufficient protection rating.

Maintain adequate clearance from other devices.

Ensure proper heat dissipation. If installed in a sealed environment, use cooling devices (fans or air conditioners) to meet environmental requirements, or overheating/fire may result.

Prevent the entry of dust, corrosive gases, conductive materials, liquids, and flammable or explosive substances.

Servo Motor:

Must be mounted securely to prevent loosening due to vibration.

Prevent liquid ingress to avoid motor or encoder damage.

Do not strike the motor or shaft to avoid encoder damage.

The motor shaft must not be subjected to loads beyond its rated limits.

Wiring

Caution

Only qualified personnel may perform wiring or inspection.

Wait at least 10 minutes after power-off before starting.

Properly ground the servo driver and motor to avoid electric shock.

Incorrect voltage or polarity may cause accidents or explosions.

Connect wires only after installation is complete.

Ensure wire insulation and avoid pinching to prevent shock.

Never wire, open covers, or touch circuits with power on.

∧ Caution

Wiring must be correct and secure to avoid malfunction or damage

Do not reverse U/V/W motor terminals or connect to AC power

Connect motor directly to the servo driver—no capacitors, inductors, or filters

Prevent conductive parts or wire ends from entering the driver

Keep wires and heat-sensitive parts away from heatsinks and motors

Do not reverse the flyback diode on output signal relays

Use cables with proper gauge and shielding; ground shield at one end

Follow ESD precautions and wear an anti-static wrist strap

For control circuits, use twisted shielded wire and ground the shield to the terminal

Power-On

Warning

Before power-on, ensure proper installation and secure wiring of control, main power, and motor output circuits.

Do not touch any terminals while the product is powered on.

Debugging Operation

∧Caution

Before power-on, confirm proper installation, secure wiring, and correct power within rating.

During setup, run motor unloaded first; verify settings before load testing to avoid damage.

Usage

▲Caution

An emergency stop circuit must be installed to immediately stop operation and cut power in case of an accident.

Before resetting an alarm, ensure the run signal is off to prevent sudden restart.

Use the servo driver only with the specified servo motor.

Avoid frequently turning the servo system power on and off to prevent damage.

The servo driver and motor may become hot during and shortly after operation; do not touch the heatsink or motor.

Do not modify the servo system.

Troubleshooting

Caution

High voltage may remain in the servo driver for some time after power off; do not disconnect wires or touch terminals within 5 minutes.

Only qualified personnel with proper knowledge should perform disassembly and maintenance.

∧Caution

After an alarm, troubleshoot and clear the cause, then reset the alarm before restarting. Keep away from the machine when power returns after a blackout, as it may start unexpectedly (the design should prevent hazards on restart).

System Matching

∧ Notice

The servo motor's rated torque must exceed the effective continuous load torque.

The load inertia to servo motor inertia ratio should be below the recommended value.

The servo driver and motor must be used as a matched pair.

Other Notes **Dynamic brake**

- The dynamic brake should only be used for emergency stops during faults or sudden power loss. Do not trigger faults or power loss frequently.
- At high speeds, ensure the dynamic brake has at least a 5-minute interval between activations to prevent damage to the internal brake circuit.
- In rotating machinery, after dynamic braking stops the motor, the motor may be
 driven by the load on the shaft and act as a generator. Continuous external rotation
 for a long time can cause short-circuit current in the dynamic brake, potentially
 leading to smoke, fire, or motor damage.

Safety Signs To ensure safe operation, always follow the safety signs on the equipment. The safety signs are explained as follows:



Warranty Terms

For products purchased from MISUMI (the "Company") via official product catalogs or MISUMI's official websites (including all global/regional domains, affiliated platforms, apps, and mini-programs—collectively, the "Official Website"), the warranty is governed by the usage guidelines and warranty terms stated on the Official Website or in the catalogs ("Warranty Terms").

These Warranty Terms do not apply to custom-made products. Placing an order or using a product implies acceptance of the Warranty Terms.

If the product includes a manufacturer's warranty, that warranty shall take precedence over these Warranty Terms.

Warranty Scope and Period

The warranty covers defects such as damage, deformation, or faults (collectively "defects") attributable to the Company. The customer must document and notify the Company in writing within the warranty period (defined below). If the Company confirms the defect is its responsibility, it will repair or replace the defective product partially or fully at no cost.

However, if any of the following conditions apply, or if the Company's website or product catalog states that repair or replacement is not authorized, the warranty will not apply.

- Defects from use outside general industrial applications, excluding transport vehicles, medical devices, and household electronics.
- 2) Defects from use in aerospace, nuclear, military, or weapons applications.
- 3) Defects caused by customer's careless or incorrect handling.
- 4) Defects caused by natural disasters (e.g., earthquakes, floods, fires).
- 5) Defects from not following specifications, usage instructions, or related documents on the website or catalog.
- 6) Defects caused by customer's modification, repair, or disassembly.
- 7) Defects caused by other equipment.
- 8) Defects from use outside purchased Misumi Subsidiary and the areas it handles.
- 9) Defects due to inexperience or use beyond intended purpose or method.
- 10) Defects caused by customer violating usage rules or contracts.
- 11) Defects discovered or occurring after resale to third parties.
- 12) Other cases where repair or replacement is not accepted as stated on the website or catalog.

The warranty period for this product is one year from the date of shipment by the Company.

Minor scratches, stains, dents, or discoloration that do not affect use are not considered defects. However, if these are deemed severe by the Company, they will be treated as defects.

Customers must verify the product name, model, quantity, and condition within one week of receipt, and check against specifications on the website or catalog. Any defects must be reported in writing to MISUMI Customer Service within this period. If no notification is received, the product is considered accepted and free of defects. Repairs or replacements after the warranty period or outside the warranty scope will be charged.

Depending on the product's nature, production date, or specifications, repairs or replacements may not be possible

Disclaimer

Except as required by usage rules or product quality laws, the Company is not liable for any damages, losses, or costs caused by product defects, including defects in products made with it, recalls, or production stoppages. If the customer violates usage precautions, they lose all rights to compensation from the Company.

Compensation for damages caused by product defects is limited to the purchase price of the damaged product. Orders will not be accepted without the customer's agreement to this limit.

If the Company is not the manufacturer as defined by product quality laws, the customer may seek liability directly from the actual manufacturer.

For damages caused by or related to the following reasons, the customer has no right to claim any compensation or reimbursement from the Company:

- 1) Damages caused by using defective products or resulting production line stoppages.
- 2) Damages caused by violating usage rules, product catalogs, or warranty terms.
- 3) Damages resulting from the customer's intentional or negligent actions.
- 4) Damages caused by force majeure events beyond control.
- 5) Damages arising from intellectual property disputes related to product use.
- 6) Damages caused by export delays or prohibitions due to laws or regulations.
- 7) Losses resulting from defects found after the product is resold to third parties.

Precautions

Repairs or replacements must be done by returning the product; no on-site service.

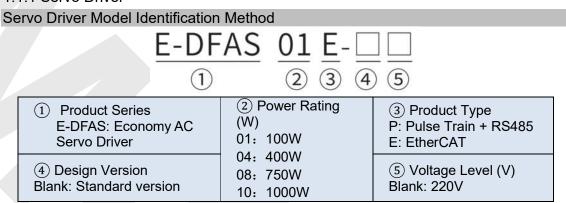
Product discontinuation may prevent replacement with the same item.

The Company may update warranty terms; continued orders mean acceptance.

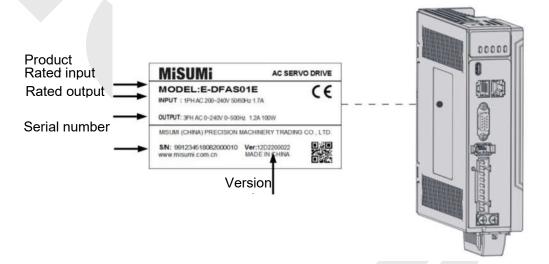
Chapter 1 Introduction

1.1 Model Identification

1.1.1 Servo Driver



Driver Nameplate



1.1.2 Servo Motor

E-MAS Series Servo Motor Model Identification

E-MAS	SH	2	-	04	01		В		
1	2	3		4	(5)	6	7	8	
Product Cate	anrv	(<u>4</u>)	Fran	ne Size i	(mm)		(7)	Brake	

Product Categ	ory (4) Frame Size (mm)	7 Brake Type
E-MAS: MISUMI I		Blank: No
MAS series Servo	06: 60mm	brake
Motor	08: 80mm	B: With brake
	(5) Power Rating (W)	
	01: 100W	(8) Connector
② Inertia Type	02: 200W	Type
S: Low Inertia	04: 400W	Blank: Straight
H: High Inertia	08: 750W	plug
	10: 1000W	p9
O Due divet Caries		
3) Product Series		
2: General type, 2	²³⁻ Blank: 220V	
bit encoder		

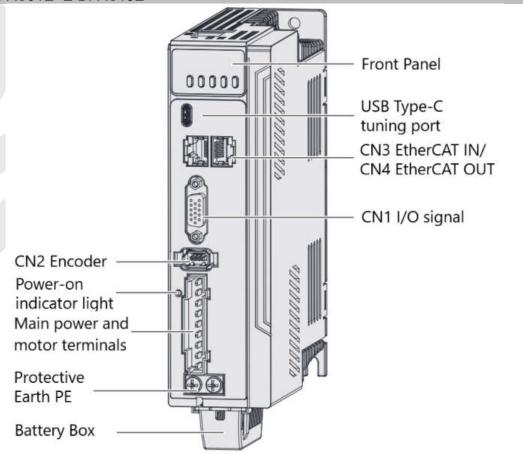
Servo Motor Nameplate Overview





1.2 Component Description

E-DFAS01E~E-DFAS10E



No.	Parts & Connectors	Description						
Φ	Front Panel	Including an LED display and 5 buttons. LED display is used to display servo driver status and parameter settings. 5 buttons: M : To switch between different modes and parameters ✓ : Switch between value ▲ : Switch between sub-menus/Increase ▼ : Switch between sub-menus/Decrease S : Enter						
2	USB Type-C tuning port	Connect to computer for tuning of servo driver. Parameters of the servo driver can be modified without connecting to main power supply.						
3	CN3 EtherCAT IN/ CN4 EtherCAT OUT	Connect to master device or next/previous slave station						
4	CN1 I/O signal	Probe input signal & other I/O signals terminals						
5	CN2 Encoder	Connect to motor encoder						
6	Power-on indicator light	Lights up when servo driver is connected to main power supply.						

		Please do not touch the power terminal immediately after power off as the capacitor might require some time to discharge.					
	L1, L2	Main power supply 220VAC					
	P+, Br	Connect to regenerative resistor					
7	P+, N	Common DC bus terminals for multiple drivers					
	U, V, W	Motor connector: Connect to U, V, W power terminals on servo motor					
	PE	PE motor earth terminal: Connect to motor PE terminal					
8	Protective Earth PE	Connect to PE of main power supply. For grounding					
9	Battery Box	When using an absolute encoder, install the battery box in this position.					

Note

- For the E-DFASxxE series drivers, 100W and 400W models do not have built-in regenerative braking resistors. All other power levels include built-in regenerative braking resistors. If need to use an external regenerative resistor, connect it between terminals P+ and Br.
- Thickness may vary between different power levels, but the components remain consistent.

1.3 Driver Technical Specification

1.3.1 Electrical Specification

E-DFASxxE ser	E-DFASxxE series		E-DFAS04E	E-DFAS08E	E-DFAS10E						
Rated power (W)		100	400	750	1000						
Rated Current (Arms)	1.2	3.5	5.5	7.0						
Peak Current (A	rms)	4.8	9.5	16.6	21.0						
Single Phase Control (A	(krms)	1.7	5.0	7.9	8.8						
Control Circuit	Power	Single phase AC 200V~240V, -10%~+10%, 50/60Hz									
Supply											
Main Power Su	oply	Busbar pov	ver supply, shared	power input and	rectification						
Regenerative Resistance (Ω)			-	50	50						
Resistor	Power (W)			75 75							
Cooling method		Natural cooling Fan cooling									
Dimension H*L*W	/ (mm)	175*	156*40	175*1	56*50						

1.3.2 General Specification

1.3.2 General Specific	<u>lcation</u>										
	Interface Configurat	ion									
Communication	Supports EtherCAT, enabling re										
Interface	transmission, parameter config										
Debug Port		orts USB power-only operation for									
Dobug Fort	parameter modification and imp										
Probe Function	Supports DI4/DI5 probe inputs.										
T TODO T GITOGOTT	external DI signals or motor Z s										
Digital Inputs	4 points (supports both sinking DI6										
Digital Outputs	3 points (dual-ended DO1 ~ DO										
50mA, voltage range 12V ~ 24V											
Control Mode											
	PP: Position mode (via	CSP: Cyclic synchronous position									
	protocol)	mode									
Control Mode	PV: Velocity mode	CSV: Cyclic synchronous velocity									
	PT: Torque mode	mode									
	HM: Homing mode	CST: Cyclic synchronous torque mode									
Control Characteristics											
Control Method	IGBT SVPWM sine wave control										
Feedback Method Normalized	Bus-type encoder using RS485 protocol										
Servo Parameters	PC debugging tool supports quick servo tuning using parameters like rigidity										
Ease-of-Use Features	Auto tuning, Single-parameter tuning, Super-following function										
Notch Filters	Suppress mechanical resonance, supports 3 notch filters, frequency range: 50Hz ~ 4000Hz										
Oscillation Suppression	End-point vibration suppression										
DI/DO Configuration	Digital input/output functions ca	n be freely assigned									
		ercurrent, Overload, Overheating,									
Alama Funations	Overspeed, Missing main power phase, Regenerative braking fault,										
Alarm Functions	Excessive position deviation, Encoder feedback error, Excessive										
	braking rate, Travel limit exceed	ded, EEPROM error, .etc.									
Operation & Display	5 buttons, 5 digits LED with ded	cimal point									
		to adjust current loop, position loop,									
		odify input/output signal logic levels,									
Debugging Software	import/export motor and driver parameters via file, monitor										
	waveform data such as speed and position error during trapezoidal										
	test runs	1 1/1/07 0 2									
0		us protocol (USB 2.0 spec), allows									
Communication	PC connection for parameter se										
Functions		E model supports EtherCAT bus									
Dynamia Praka	communication via RJ45 interfa	ace									
Dynamic Brake	Built-in dynamic brake	Doggedo dota bafarra and affarra									
Black Box		re. Records data before and after with MISUMI EDrive software for data									
Applicable Load											
Inertia		nertia less than 30× motor inertia									
Digital Input											

Digital Input	4 points (supports both sinking and sourcing types) DI1, DI2, DI3, DI6 Configurable input signals: Clear Alarm (A-CLR), Positive limit switch (POT), Negative limit switch (NOT), Homing switch (HOME-SWITCH), Emergency stop (E-Stop)						
Digital Output							
Digital Output	3 points (dual-ended) Configurable input signals: Alarm (ALM), Servo ready (SRDY), External brake off (BRK-OFF), Positioning completed (INP), Velocity at arrival (AT-SPEED), Torque limiting command (TLC), Zero speed position (ZSP), Velocity coincidence (V-COIN), Position command (P-CMD), Velocity limit (V-LIMIT), Velocity command (V-CMD), Servo enabled (SRV-ST), Homing done (HOME-OK), Dynamic brake output, Z phase output						
	Environment						
Temperature	Operating Temperature: 0°C to 55°C (non-freezing). If temperature exceeds 45°C, apply derating ^[1] . Reduce by 2% for every 1°C above 45°C Storage Temperature: -40°C to 80°C (no condensation). If storage temperature exceeds 65°C, do not store for more than 72 hours!						
Humidity	Under 90%RH (Condensation free)						
Altitude	Maximum altitude: 2000 meters No derating required below 1000 meters Above 1000 meters, derate by 1% for every 100 meters For usage above 2000 meters, please contact the manufacturer						
Vibration	Less than 0.5G (4.9m/s ²) 10-60Hz (non-continuous working)						
IP ratings	IP20						

Note

[1] Please install the servo driver within the specified ambient temperature range. If stored inside an electrical cabinet, ensure that the internal cabinet temperature does not exceed this specified range.

Chapter 2 Installation

2.1 Servo Driver Installation

2.1.1 Installation Location

- 1. Install the servo driver indoors, inside a control cabinet, away from rain and direct sunlight. Do not place flammable materials nearby. The unit is not waterproof.
- 2. Do not use the product in environments containing corrosive gases such as Hydrogen sulfide, Sulfur dioxide, Chlorine, Ammonia, Chlorinated gases, Acids, alkalis, salts, or in areas with flammable gases or combustible materials.
- 3. Avoid installing in environments that are Hot, humid, dusty or contain metal dust.
- 4. Install in a location with minimal vibration.
- 5. Preferably install in a well-ventilated, dry, and dust-free area. Ensure no oil, metal dust, or water enters the product.

2.1.2 Servo driver installation environment

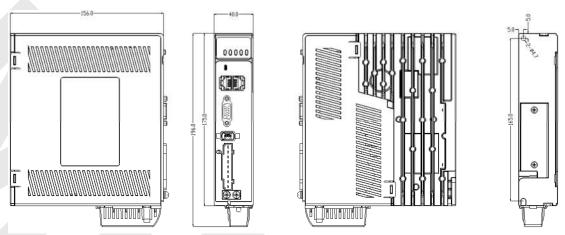
Item	E-DFASxxE series driver
Operating Temperature	0~+55°C (no derating is required from 0°C to +45°C, derating is required when the temperature exceeds 45°C) (Condensation is more likely to occur when the temperature drops and the humidity rises) [1]
Operating Humidity	Below 90% RH, non-condensing
Storage Temperature	-40°C to +80°C (non-freezing)
Storage Humidity	Below 90% RH, non-condensing
Atmospheric Conditions	Indoor use only (No direct sunlight) No corrosive gases, flammable gases, oil, or dust
Altitude	Maximum altitude: 2000 meters No derating required below 1000 meters Above 1000 meters, derate by 1% for every 100 meters For usage above 2000 meters, please contact the manufacturer
Vibration Resistance	Less than 0.5G (4.9m/s²) 10-60Hz (non-continuous working)
Protection Rating	IP20 (except terminals, which are IP00)

Note

[1] Please install the servo driver within the specified ambient temperature range. If stored inside an electrical cabinet, ensure that the internal cabinet temperature does not exceed this specified range.

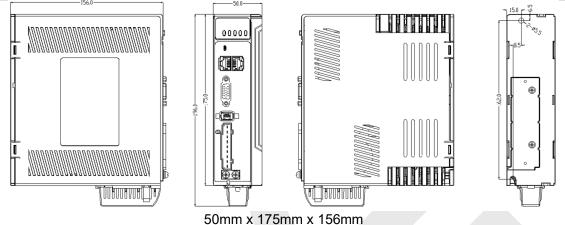
2.1.3 Servo Driver Dimension

Dimension 1: E-DFAS01E, E-DFAS04E



40mm x 175mm x 156mm

Dimension 2: E-DFAS08E, E-DFAS10E

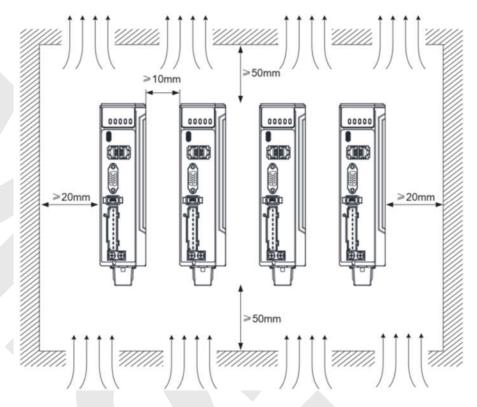


Space requirement for installation

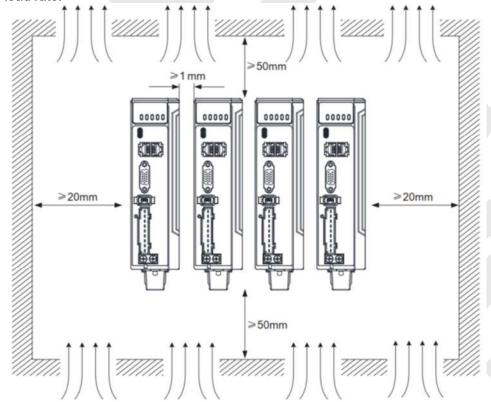
The servo driver can be installed using either base mounting or panel mounting. The installation orientation must be vertically upward, perpendicular to the mounting surface. To ensure proper heat dissipation:

Leave at least 10 mm of clearance around the unit.

Leave at least 50 mm of clearance on both vertical sides.



For compact installations, allow at least 1 mm of spacing between each pair of drivers to account for installation tolerances. In this case, operate the drivers at no more than 75% actual load rate.



Installation Precautions

1. Installation Method

Ensure the installation direction is perpendicular to the wall, with the product mounted vertically upward to allow heat to dissipate effectively. If multiple units are installed inside a cabinet, arrange them side by side. For vertical stacking, install a heat insulation and airflow guide plate between units.

Use natural convection or fans to cool the servo driver.

Fix the servo driver to the mounting surface using the mounting holes on the unit. During installation, the front panel of the servo driver should face the operator, and the unit should be vertically aligned with the wall.

2. Cooling

To ensure effective cooling via fans or natural airflow, leave sufficient space around the servo driver and consider the heat dissipation of other components in the cabinet. Install a cooling fan above the servo driver. Maintain uniform temperature inside the cabinet to avoid localized overheating.

3. Grounding

Be sure to ground the grounding terminal. Failure to do so may result in electric shock, interference, or malfunction.

4. Wiring Requirements

When wiring the servo driver, route cables downward. This prevents liquids from flowing along the cables into the driver, which could cause damage or accidents.

5. Absolute Encoder Battery Box

If using a battery box, reserve installation space for it inside the cabinet.

2.2 Servo Motor Installation

2.2.1 Installation conditions

Installation conditions may affect the lifespan of a motor

- Please keep away from corrosive fluid and combustibles.
- If dusty working environment is unavoidable, please use motors with oil seal.
- Please keep away from heat source.
- If motors are used in enclosed environments without heat dissipation, motor lifespan will be short.
- Please check and clean the installation spot before installation.

2.2.2 Installation Environment

Item	Condition
Operating Temperature	0°C to +40°C (up to +60°C with derating; non-freezing)
Operating Humidity	Below 90% RH (no condensation or icing)
Storage Temperature	-20°C to +60°C (max 85°C for up to 72 hours)
Storage Humidity	Below 90% RH (no condensation or icing)
Atmosphere	Indoor (no direct sunlight), free of corrosive or flammable gases
Altitude	Below 1000m for normal use; derating required above 1000m (up to 2000m)
Vibration Grade	Less than 5G (49 m/s²)
Shock Resistance	Less than 50G (490 m/s²)
Protection Rating	IP65 (E-MASH2 series motors up to IP67)

Note:

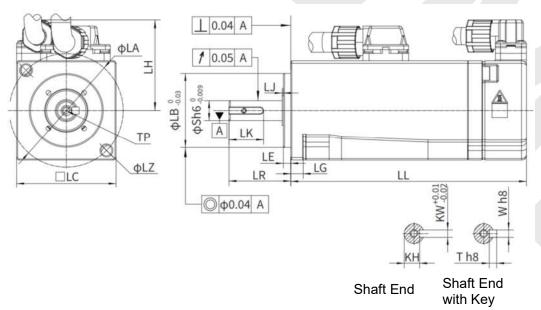
Operating temperature: 0 to +60 $^{\circ}$ C. Derating is required when operating above 40 $^{\circ}$ C.

When temperature decreases and humidity increases, condensation is likely to occur.

If storage temperature exceeds +60 $^{\circ}$ C, do not store continuously at this temperature for more than 72 hours.

2.2.3 Motor Dimensions

40 Motor Frame (Unit: mm)

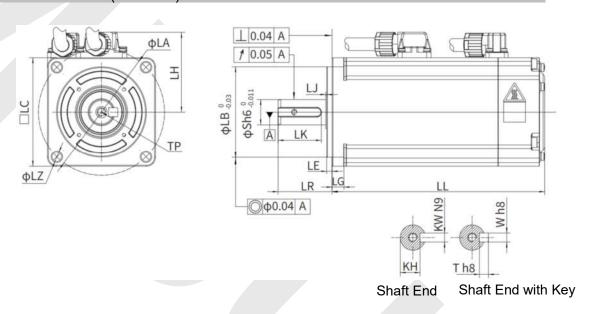


The above diagrams are for reference only. Please refer to the actual dimensions for installation.

Motor Model	LL	LC	LR	LA	LZ	LH	LG	LE	LJ	s	LB	TP	LK	КН	KW	w	Т	Weight (kg)
E-MASH2-0401	67.7	40	25	46	4.5	38MAX	5	3	3	8	30	M3X8	14	6.2	3	3	3	0.46
E-MASH2-0401B	95	40	25	46	4.5	38MAX	5	3	3	8	30	M3X8	14	6.2	3	3	3	0.68

Note: In the motor model, "B" indicates a brake-equipped motor.

60/80 Motor Frame (Unit: mm)



The above diagrams are for reference only. Please refer to the actual dimensions for installation.

Motor Model	LL	LC	LR	LA	LZ	LH	LG	LE	LJ	s	LB	TP	LK	КН	ĸw	w	Т	Weight (kg)
E-MASH2-0602	71.8	60	30	70	5.5	37.5MAX	6.6	з	3	14	50	M5X12	22.5	11	5	5	5	0.9
E-MASH2-0602B	101.1	60	30	70	5.5	37.5MAX	6.6	3	3	14	50	M5X12	22.5	11	5	5	5	1.3
E-MASH2-0604	88.88	60	30	70	5.5	37.5MAX	6.6	3	3	14	50	M5X12	22.5	11	5	5	5	1.3
E-MASH2-0604B	118.1	60	30	70	5.5	37.5MAX	6.6	3	3	14	50	M5X12	22.5	11	5	5	5	1.55
E-MASH2-0808	90.9	80	35	90	6.5	57.5MAX	8.1	3	3	19	70	M5X15	25	15.5	6	6	6	2.12
E-MASH2-0808B	121.9	80	35	90	6.5	57.5MAX	8.1	3	3	19	70	M5X15	25	15.5	6	6	6	2.7
E-MASH2-0810	103.9	80	35	90	6.5	57.5MAX	8.1	3	3	19	70	M5X15	25	15.5	6	6	6	2.7
E-MASH2-0810B	134.9	80	35	90	6.5	57.5MAX	8.1	3	3	19	70	M5X15	25	15.5	6	6	6	3.2

Note: In the motor model, "B" indicates a brake-equipped motor.

2.2.4 Installation Method and Precautions

Installation Method

The motor can be installed vertically or horizontally, but the following requirements must be observed:

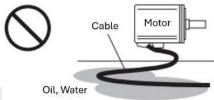
Horizontal Installation
 Position the cable outlet facing downward to prevent oil or water from entering the motor.

Vertical Installation

When installing a motor with a reducer in the axial direction, use a motor with an oil seal to prevent reducer oil from leaking into the motor.

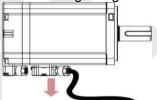
Oil- and waterproofing

- Do not submerge motor/cable under oil/water
- Please use a motor with oil seal when paired with a reducer to prevent reducer oil from leaking into the motor.



Conditions for use of servo motors with oil seals:

- Make sure the oil level is below the lip of the oil seal during use.
- When installing the servo motor vertically upward, do not allow oil to enter the lip of the oil seal.
- When using in places with water dripping, please use it after confirming the protection level of the servo motor.
- In applications with liquid, please install the motor with the wiring port facing downward
- Do not use in an environment where oil and water often splash onto the motor body.
 (As shown below), prevent liquid from flowing along the cable to the motor body.



Cable stress

Do not bend the cable, especially at each end of the connectors.

Make sure not to let the cables be too tight and under tremendous stress especially thinner cables such as signal cables

Connectors

Please remove any conductive foreign objects from the connectors before installation The connectors are made of resin. May not withstand impact.

Please hold the driver during transportation, not the cables.

Leave enough "bend" on the connector cables to ensure less stress upon installation.

Encoder & coupling

During installation or removal of coupling, please do not hit the motor shaft with a hammer as it would cause damage to internal encoder.

Please make sure to centralize the motor shaft and coupling, it might cause damage to motor or encoder due to vibration.

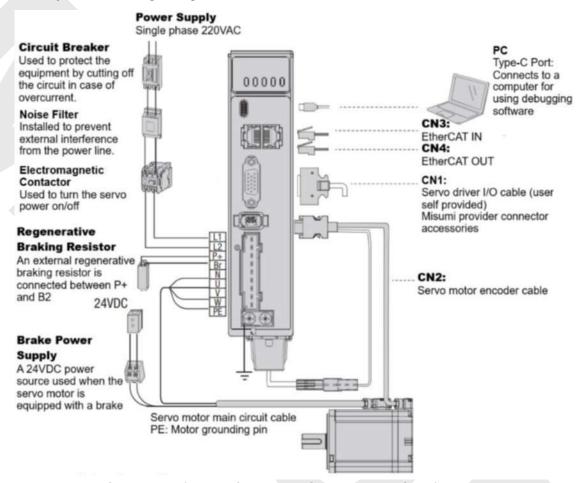
Please make sure axial and radial load are within the limits specified as it might affect the lifespan of the motor or cause damage to it.

Motor brake cable connection precautions

For motors with a brake and a magnetic encoder, brake wiring must respect polarity to avoid interference that can cause alarms, accuracy loss, or vibrations. For motors with a photoelectric encoder, polarity in brake wiring doesn't matter.

Chapter 3 Wiring

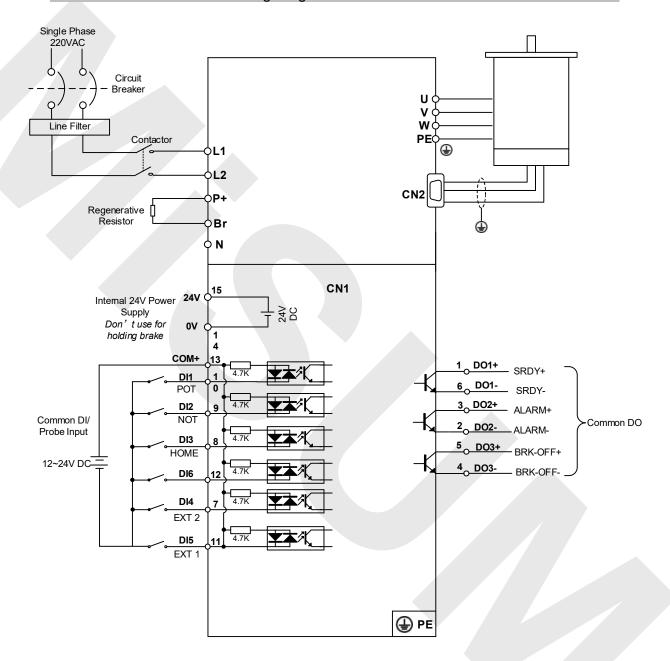
3.1 System Wiring Diagram



- The E-DFASxxE series (models from E-DFAS01E to E-DFAS10E) only support singlephase 220V power supply.
- The servo driver is directly connected to industrial power without isolation via a
 transformer. To prevent electrical cross-contact accidents, use fuses or circuit breakers
 on the input power supply. For enhanced system safety, use leakage circuit breakers that
 provide overload and short-circuit protection, or dedicated ground fault protection
 breakers.
- Do not use electromagnetic contactors for motor start/stop operations. Motors are highinductance components and may generate instantaneous high voltage, which can damage contactors.
- When using external control power or 24VDC power, ensure the power capacity is sufficient, especially when powering multiple drivers or multiple brake units simultaneously. Insufficient power capacity may result in inadequate current supply, causing driver or brake failure. The brake power supply should be a 24VDC voltage source, with power rating matched to the motor model and compliant with the brake power requirements.

3.2 Electrical Wiring Diagram

E-DFAS01E~E-DFAS10E Wiring Diagram



3.3 Servo Driver Ports

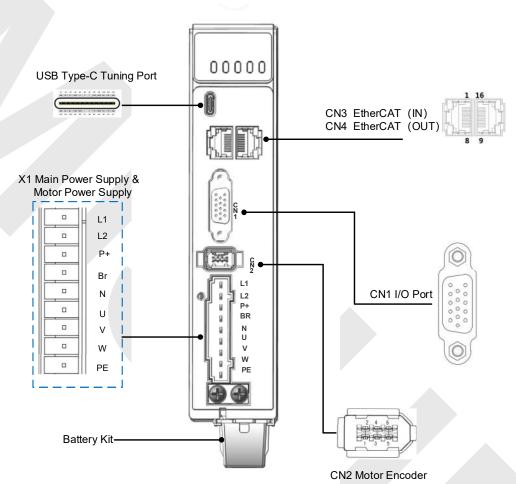


Table 3-1 Functions of driver port

Port	Function	
CN1	I/O Signal Port	
CN2	Encoder port	
USB	USB Type-C Tuning Port	
CN3	EtherCAT IN Communication Port	
CN4	EtherCAT OUT Communication Port	
X1	Main Power Supply	

3.4 Main Circuit Connection

3.4.1 Main Circuit Terminal Description

E-DFAS01E~E-DFAS10E Series - 220V Models

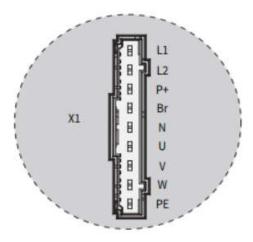


Table 3-2 X1 port descriptions

Port	Pin	Functions	Remarks			
	L1	Single phase 220VAC, +10~-	Optional isolation transformer Do not connect to 380VAC directly to prevent damage to driver. In case of serious interference, it is recommended to connect a line filter to main power supply. It is recommended to install a fuse-less circuit breaker to cut off power supply in time when the driver fails.			
	L2	15%, 50/60Hz				
X1	P+	 Internal DC bus positive terminal External regenerative resistor P terminal 	If an external regeneration resistor is required, connect the regeneration resistor between P+ and Br.			
	Br	External regenerative resistor terminal				
	N		Please do not connect			
	U	Motor U terminal	Diagon angura proper wire connection on			
	V	Motor V terminal	Please ensure proper wire connection on motor.			
	W	Motor W terminal	- IIIOtoi.			
	PE	Motor Protective Earth	Please ground PE of driver and motor together			

3.4.2 Regenerative resistor selection and connections

Selection of regenerative resistor

In the E-DFASxxE series, models below 400W do not include built-in regenerative braking resistors. If external braking is required, customers must independently configure an external braking resistor. To connect an external resistor, wire it between terminals P+ and Br.

Table 3-3 Recommended selection of regenerative resistor

	Model no.	Internal resistance (Ω)	Internal resistor power rating (W)	Minimum resistance (Ω)	Minimum power rating (W)	
	E-DFAS01E	-	-	50	50	
	E-DFAS04E	-	-	50	50	
	E-DFAS08E	50	75	30	50	
F	E-DFAS10E	50	75	30	75	

If detailed motion parameters such as acceleration/deceleration time, torque, and load inertia are not available on-site, you can skip the detailed selection steps and use the recommended method below to choose a suitable regenerative braking resistor.

Calculation of regenerative resistance under normal operation Steps:

- 1. Determine if driver comes with a regenerative resistor. If not, please prepare a regenerative resistor with resistance value higher than might be required.
- 2. Monitor the load rate of the regenerative resistor using front panel (d14). Set the driver on high velocity back and forth motions with high acceleration/deceleration.
- 3.Please make sure to obtain the value under following conditions: Driver temperature < 60°C, d14<80(Won't trigger alarm), Regenerative resistor is not fuming, No overvoltage alarm (Err120).

Pb (Regenerative power rating) = Resistor power rating x Regenerative load rate (%)

Please choose a regenerative resistor with power rating Pr about **2-4 times the value of Pb** in considered of harsh working conditions and some 'headroom'.

If the calculated Pr value is less than internal resistor power rating, external resistor is not required.

R (Max. required regenerative resistance) =
$$(380^2 - 370^2) / Pr$$

Problem diagnostics related to regenerative resistor:

- If driver temperature is high, reduce regenerative energy power rating or use an external regenerative resistor.
- If regenerative resistor is fuming, reduce regenerative energy power rating or use an external regenerative resistor with higher power rating.
- ➤ If d14 is overly large or increasing too fast, reduce regenerative energy power rating or use an external regenerative resistor with higher power rating.
- If driver overvoltage alarm (Er120) occurs, please use an external regenerative resistor with lower resistance or connect another resistor in parallel.

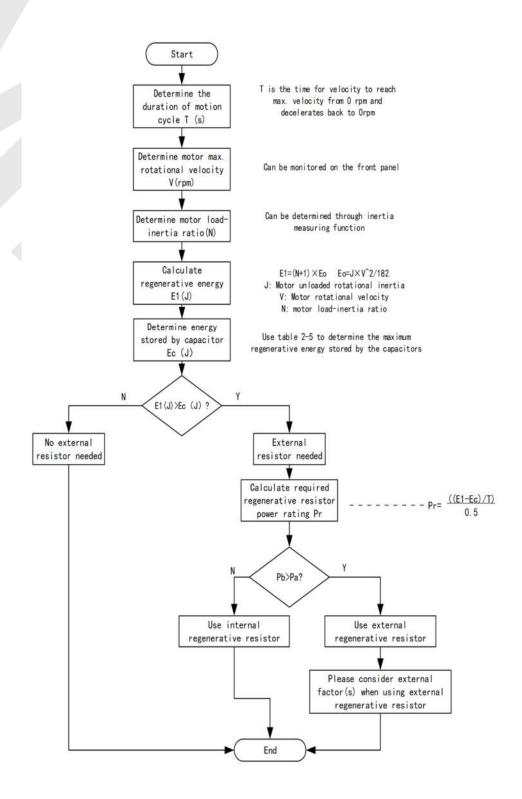
Please take following precautions before installing an external regenerative resistor.

- 1. Please set the correct resistance value in P00.16 and resistor power rating P00.17 for the external regenerative resistor.
- 2. Please ensure the resistance value is higher or equals to the recommended values in table 3-3. Regenerative resistors are generally connected in series but they can also be connected in parallel to lower the total resistance.
- 3. Please provided enough cooling for the regenerative resistor as it can reach above 100°C under continuous working conditions.

4. The min. resistance of the regenerative resistor is dependent on the IGBT of the holding brake. Please refer to table

Theoretical selection of regenerative resistor

Without external loading torque, the need for an external regenerative resistor can be determined as the flow chart below



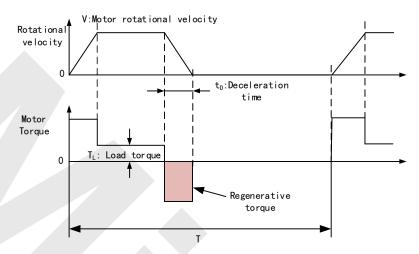


Table 3-4 Steps to calculate capacity of regenerative resistor

Steps	Calculation	Symbol	Formula
1	Servo system regenerative energy	E1	E1=(N+1)×J×V ² /182
2	Depleted energy from loss of load system during acceleration	EL	$E_L = (\pi/60) \text{ V} \times \text{T}_L \times \text{tD}$ If loss is not determined, please assume $E_L = 0$.
3	Depleted energy due to motor coil resistance.	Ем	$E_M=(U^2/R)\times tD$ R= coil resistance, U = operating voltage If R is not determined, please assume $E_M=0$.
4	Energy stored by internal DC capacitors	Ec	Please refer to table 3-5
5	Depleted energy due to regenerative resistance	Εĸ	E_K =E1-(EL+EM+EC), If loss is ignored, EK=E1-EC
6	Required power rating of regenerative resistor	Pr	Pr=E _k /(0.5×T)

Theoretical selection of regenerative resistor

Table 3-5 Internal capacitor capacity and rotor inertia

E-DFASxxE	Servo Motor	Rotor Inertia (× 10- 4kg.m²)	Max. regenerative energy stored in capacitor Ec(J)		
E-DFAS01E	E-MASH1-0401	0.048	13.46		
E-DFAS04E	E-MASH1-0604	0.58	13.47		
E-DFAS08E	E-MASH1-0808	1.66	22.85		
E-DFAS10E	E-MASH1-0810	2.03	27.74		

Calculation examples:

Servo driver: E-DFAS08E, Servo Motor: E-MASH1-0808. When T = 2s, rotational velocity = 3000rpm, load inertia is 5 times of motor inertia.

E-DFASxxE Drivers	Servo motor	Rotor Inertia (× 10 ⁻⁴ kg.m ²)	Max. regenerative energy stored in capacitor Ec(J)		
750W	E-MASH1-0808	1.66	22.85		

Regenerative energy produced:

E1 =
$$\frac{(N+1) \times J \times V^2}{182}$$
 = $\frac{(5+1) \times 1.66 \times 3000^2}{182}$ = 49.3J

If E1<Ec, internal capacitors can't take in excessive regenerative energy, regenerative resistor is required.

Required regenerative resistor power rating Pr:

$$Pr = \frac{(E1 - Ec)}{0.5T} = \frac{49.3 - 22.85}{0.5 \times 2} = 26.45W$$

Hence, with the internal regenerative resistor Pa = 75W, Pr<Pa, no external regenerative resistor is required.

Let's assume if the load inertia is 15 times of motor inertia, Pr = 108.6W, Pr>Pa, external regenerative resistor is required. And to consider for harsh working environment,

When selecting the resistance of the regenerative resistor, please be higher than the minimum value recommended in table 3-3 but lower than Rmax

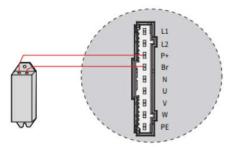
Rmax =
$$(380^2-370^2)/Pr=7500/108.6=69\Omega$$

In conclusion, a regenerative resistor with resistance 40Ω - 70Ω and power rating 110W to 180W can be chosen.

Please take note that theoretical calculations of the regenerative resistance is not as accurate as calculations done under normal operation.

Connection of a regenerative resistor

External Resistor Note:



- If no external brake resistor is used, short B1 and B2 to use the built-in one.
- To use an external resistor, remove the B1-B2 short and connect between P+ and B2. Set P11.31 to enable brake drain.
- Do not connect the resistor directly across the bus (P+/N), risk of fire!
- Refer to Table 3-3 for resistor specs.
- Set P00.16 and P00.17 correctly before use.
- Mount external resistor on non-flammable material (e.g., metal).
- Do not connect anything to N.

3.4.3 Recommended Wiring Specifications for Main Circuit

Main power supply wire gauge

The wire gauge for connecting drivers varies depending on power rating. Recommended values are shown in the table below:

Driver	Wire diameter (mm²/AWG)								
	Rated input current (A)	L1, L2, L3	P+, (B2) Br	U, V, W	PE				
		Single pha	se 220V						
E-DFAS01E	2	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14	0.52/AWG14	0.52/AWG14				
E-DFAS04E	5	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14	0.52/AWG14	0.52/AWG14				
E-DFAS08E	7.9	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14	0.52/AWG14	0.52/AWG14				
E-DFAS10E	9.6	2.1/AWG14	2.1/AWG14	0.52/AWG14	0.52/AWG14				

Notice:

If 3-phase 220VAC is used, wire diameter could be smaller than the listed above.

- For 3-phase 220V, L1/L2/L3 wires can be thinner than single-phase.
- Use a thick ground wire and ground the PE terminals of both driver and motor at one point (resistance < 100 Ω).
- Use a 3-phase isolation transformer to reduce electric shock risk.
- Add a noise filter to improve interference resistance.
- Install a non-fuse breaker (NFB) to cut power during driver faults.

CN1 is used for control signal wiring, CN2 is encoder feedback signal wiring.

■ Wire Gauge

Use shielded cables (preferably twisted shielded cables). CN1: \geq 0.14 mm², CN2: \geq 0.25 mm². The shield layer must be grounded.

■ Cable Length

Keep cables as short as possible. CN1 (Control Signals): ≤ 3 meters, CN2 (Encoder Feedback): ≤ 20 meters.

Routing

Route cables away from power lines to prevent signal interference.

■ Surge Protection

Install surge suppression components for inductive elements (e.g., coils).

For DC coils: connect a flyback diode in reverse parallel.

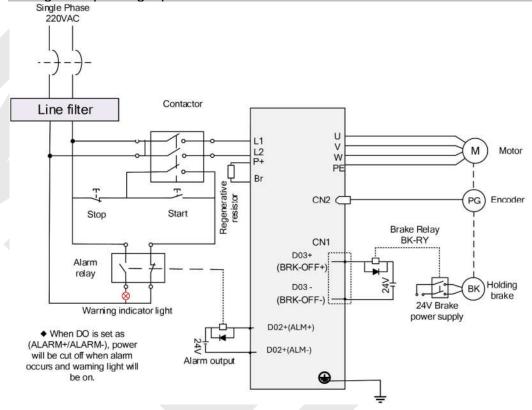
For AC coils: use an RC snubber circuit.

Notes

- U, V, W must be connected to the motor windings in the correct order do not reverse the connections.
- Secure all cables and wires properly, and avoid placing them near the driver's heat sink or motor, as heat may degrade insulation performance.
- The servo driver contains large electrolytic capacitors. Even after power is turned off, high voltage remains — do not touch the driver or motor within 5 minutes after poweroff.

3.4.4 Main Circuit Power Wiring Examples

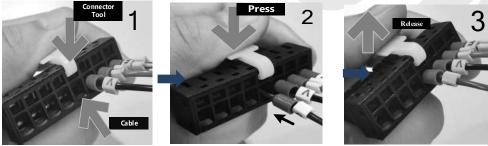
Wiring example single phase 220VAC: E-DFAS01E~E-DFAS10E



 E-DFASxxE series servo driver 220VAC models support single phase and three phase 220VAC. Only drivers with power rating above 1500W support three phase 220VAC.

To fix wire cables into connectors

An operating lever is provided on the main circuit terminal connector for wiring:



- 1. Select the terminal hole and insert the lever into its slot.
- 2. Press the lever vertically to open the spring, then insert the cable conductor fully.
- 3. Release the lever to lock the cable in place.

Notes:

- To remove the cable, press the lever the same way.
- Only one wire per terminal hole is allowed.
- Keep the lever properly after use for future needs.

3.5 Connecting Motor Power Cable to Servo Driver

3.5.1 U/V/W/PE Motor Power Phase Connection

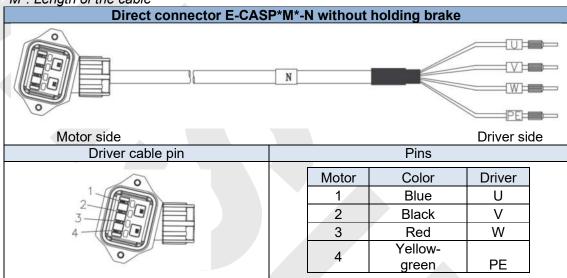
The power cable from the driver is labeled with U, V, W, PE. Please connect the wires accordingly to the power cable extending from the servo motor.

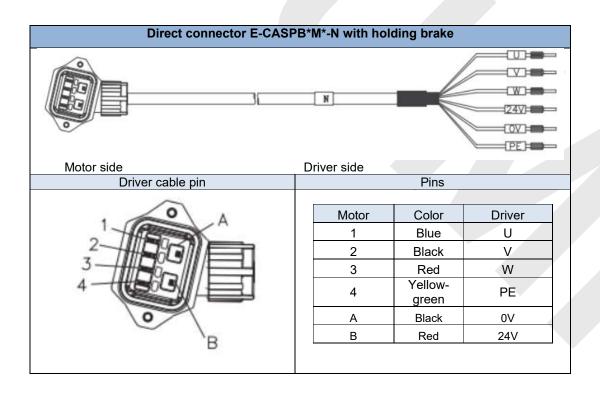
Motor power cable selection

Motor winding power cable

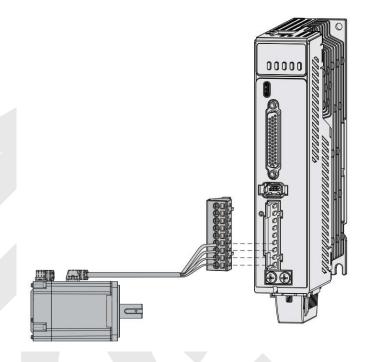
- Wire length available: 1.5m, 3m and 5m
- Connectors type available: Direct connectors
- Please contact Misumi sales team or any Misumi certified local retailers for any customized needs.

M: Length of the cable



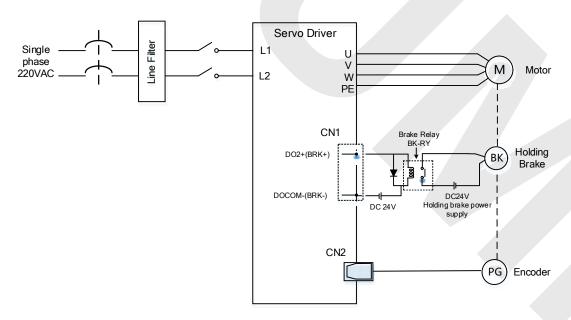


Example of connecting motor's power cable to servo driver



3.5.2 Holding brake connection

Holding brake is activated when servo driver is not powered on to prevent axis from moving due to gravitational pull or other external forces by locking the motor in place. Usually used on axis mounted vertically to the ground so that the load would not drop under gravitational force when the driver is powered off or when alarm occurs.

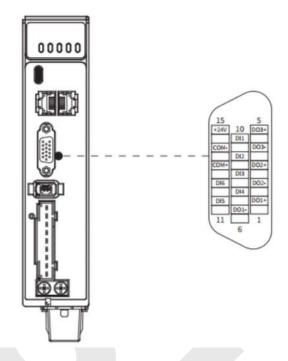


Holding brake wiring diagram

- Mechanical noise might exist when motor with holding brake is in operation but it doesn't affect the functionality of the motor.
- When the holding brake circuit is closed (holding brake deactivated), there might be magnetic flux leakage. Please be aware not to use magnetic sensor around motor with holding brake.
- 24V operating voltage for the holding brake has to be ensured to maintain the functionality of the holding brake. Please consider the voltage dropped over lengthy motor cables due to increase in cable resistance.
- It is recommended to have an isolated switching power supply for the holding brake to prevent malfunctioning of the holding brake in case of voltage drop.
- If the motor is using a magnetic encoder, holding brake wires need to be differentiated between positive and negative terminal to prevent interference to the magnetic encoder due to wrong polarity. It might cause alarm, loss in encoder accuracy or abnormal vibration, etc.
- Motor with optical encoder has no such problem, so holding brake circuit can be connected in anyway.

3.6 CN1 I/O Signal Port

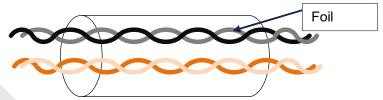
CN1 connector is a DB15 female connector.



Port			Pin	Signal	Description	Remarks
			1	DO1+	SRDY+	Servo Ready Output Signal
	_		6	DO1-	SRDY-	Servo Ready Odtput Signal
15		5	3	DO2+	ALM+	Alarm Output Signal
436V	10	D03+	2	DO2-	ALM-	Alarm Output Signal
	CKS		5	DO3+	BRK-OFF+	Break Off Output Signal
COM		603	4	DO3-	BRK-OFF-	Break Oil Output Signal
CCM:	00	D02+	10	DI1	POT	Positive limit switch
	00		9	DI2	NOT	Negative limit switch
596		002	8	DI3	HOME	Homing switch
DO:	EN4	D05+	7	DI4	EXT 2	Touch Probe 2
	808		11	DI5	EXT 1	Touch Probe 1
11			12	DI6	-	Up to user configuration
	6	١]	13	COM+	Common DI	Common digital input terminal
			14	COM-	Internal 24V Power	Output voltage: 20~28VDC, max
			15	24V+	Supply	current output: 200mA

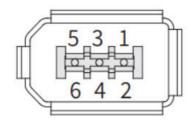
I/O signal cable

To ensure I/O signal is not affected by electromagnetic interference, a **shielded twisted pair cable** is recommended for this application.



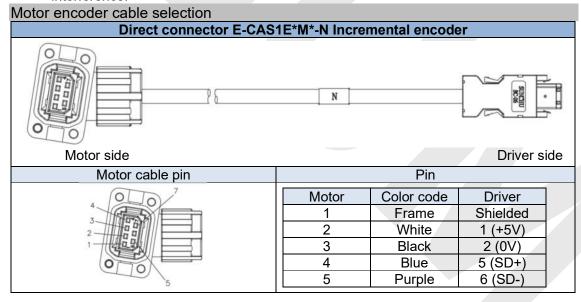
- Wire diameter ≥ 0.14mm², foil shielded should be connected to PE terminal.
- Wire length should be as short as possible, not more than 3m.
- Install a surge suppressor in feedback circuit; flyback diode inversely connected in parallel in DC coil and capacitor connected in parallel in AC coil.
- Recommended wire gauge: 24 26AWG
- I/O signal included DI, DO and relay output signal
- Please keep 30cm away from main power supply cable or motor power cable to avoid electromagnetic interference.

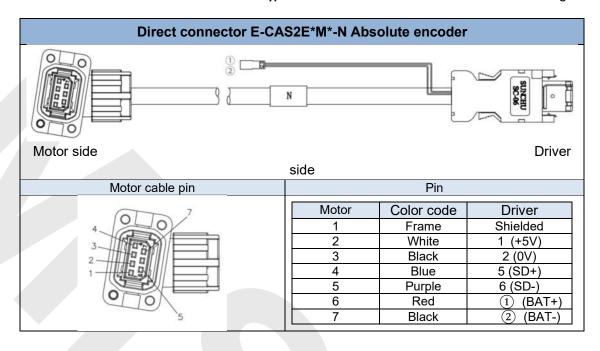
3.7 CN2 Encoder Connection Port



Connector	Pin	Signal	Description
	1	VCC5V	Power supply 5V
	2	GND	Power supply ground
	3	BAT+	Battery positive terminal
CN2	4	BAT-	Battery negative terminal
	5	SD+	SSI Data+
	6 SD- SSI Data-		SSI Data-
	Frame	PE	Shield grounding

- Please ground both driver and motor PE terminals to avoid any servo alarms.
- It is recommended to use a shielded twisted pair cable not longer than 20m.
- Please leave a space of min. 30cm between motor power cable and encoder to avoid interference.



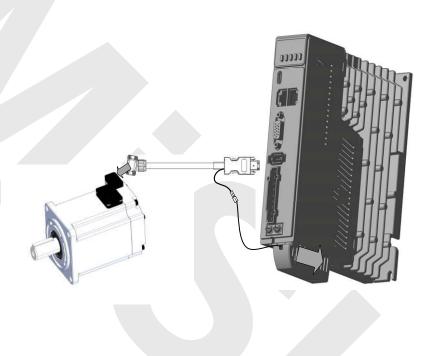


Example of connecting motor's encoder cable to servo driver



Battery box for absolute encoder

E-DFASxxE series servo drivers come with battery kit installed on the driver or on the encoder cable.

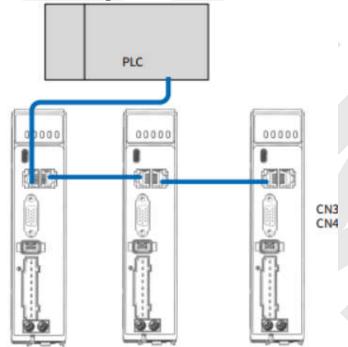


3.8 CN3/CN4 EtherCAT Communication Port

CN3 and CN4 are communication ports for EtherCAT protocol. LAN cable from master device will be connected to CN3 (IN) and CN4 (OUT) will be connected to the next slave device.

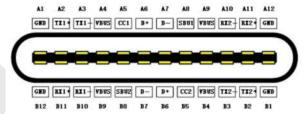
Connect or	Port	Pin	Signal	Description
		1, 9	E_TX+	EtherCAT Data sending positive terminal
	1 16 8 9	2, 10	E_TX-	EtherCAT Data sending negative terminal
0110		3, 11	E_RX+	EtherCAT Data receiving positive terminal
CN3		4, 12		
CN4		5, 13		
		6, 14	E_RX-	EtherCAT Data receiving negative terminal
		7, 15		
		8, 16		
		Frame	PE	Shielded ground

- E-DFASxxE models support EtherCAT communication and offer the following connection options:
 - 1. Communication between multiple drivers and the host.
 - 2. Communication between a single driver and the host.



3.9 USB Type-C Tuning Port

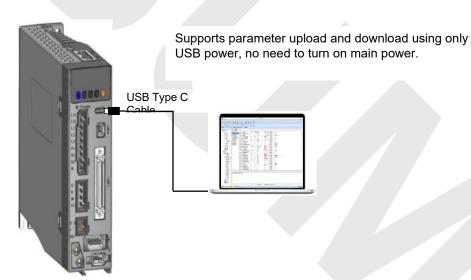
E-DFASxxE series servo driver can be connected to PC for performance tuning, data monitoring and parameters modifying using a **USB Type-C data cable**. Can be done without the servo driver connecting to main power supply.



Port Pin		Signal	Description
	A4, B4, A9, B9	VCC 5V	Power supply positive terminal 5V
USB Type-	A12, B12, A1, B1	GND	Power supply negative terminal
C	A6, B6	D+	USB data positive terminal
	A7, B7	D-	USB data negative terminal
	Frame	USB_GND	Ground through capacitor

- Without main power, the driver can be connected to a PC via a debug cable for parameter configuration using MISUMI EDrive software.
- If connection issues occur due to interference, it is recommended to use a debug cable with ferrite core, which can effectively resolve such problems.

PC Turning Port Wiring Example



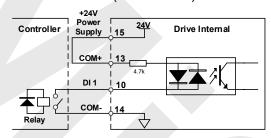
3.10 I/O Signal

3.10.1 Common input circuit

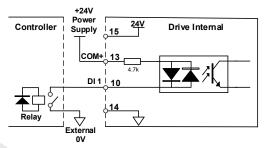
The internal circuit of common input is a bidirectional optocoupler which supports common anode and common cathode configurations. There are 2 types of outputs from master device: Relay output and Open Collector output as shown below.

1) Output from master device: Relay

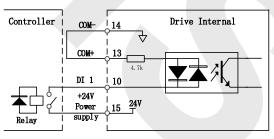
Common Anode (Internal 24V):



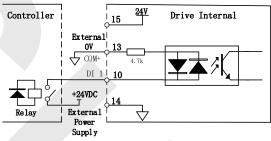
Common Cathode (Internal 24V):



Common Anode (External 24V):

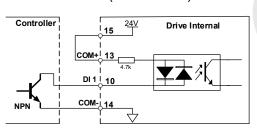


Common Cathode (External 24V):

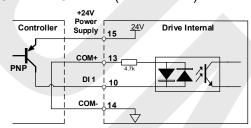


(2) Output from master device: Open Collector

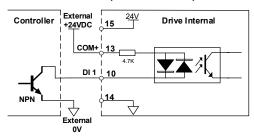
Common Anode (Internal 24V):



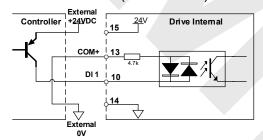
Common Cathode (Internal 24V):



Common Anode (External 24V):



Common Cathode (External 24V):



Please prepare switching power supply with output of 12-24VDC, current ≥ 100mA.

Digital input DI (1 to 6) default function

CN1		_		F	actory default	
Pin	Signal	Parameter	Default function	Set Value	Polarity	Status
13	DI COM	-	Common Digital Input	0x0	-	-
10	DI1	P04.00	Positive limit switch (POT)	0x1	NO	OFF
9	DI2	P04.01	Negative limit switch (NOT)	0x2	NO	OFF
8	DI3	P04.02	Home switch (HOME)	0x16	NO	OFF
12	DI6	P04.05	User configurable	-	-	-

**NO: Normally Open

When limit switch or emergency stop is used, POT, NOT and E-STOP signal will be normally closed (NC) by default. Please make sure there is no safety concern if these signals need to be set to normally open (NO).

Relevant parameters

	Label	Input selection DI1	Mode		F	
P04.00	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2400h
	Label	Input selection DI2	Mode		F	
P04.01	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2401h
	Label	Input selection DI3	Mode		F	
P04.02	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2402h
	Label	Input selection DI4	Mode		F	
P04.03	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2403h
	Label	Input selection DI5	Mode		F	
P04.04	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2404h
	Label	Input selection DI6	Mode		F	
P04.05	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2405h

Digital input DI allocation using hexadecimal system

		Set valu		
Input	Symbol	Normal open	Normal close	0x60FD(bit)
Invalid		0h	-	×
Positive limit switch	POT	1h	81h	Bit1
Negative limit switch	NOT	2h	82h	Bit0
Clear alarm	A-CLR	4h	-	×
Forced alarm	E-STOP	14h	94h	×
Home switch	HOME-SWITCH	16h	96h	Bit2

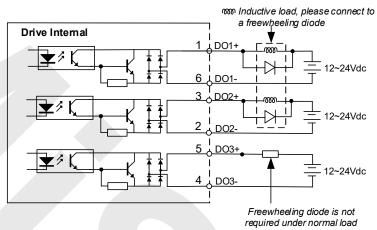
- Please don't set anything other than listed in the table above.
- Normally open: Valid when input = ON Normally close: Valid when input = OFF
- Er210 might occur if same function is allocated to different channels at the same time
- Channel that has no value doesn't affect driver motion.
- · Front panel is of hexadecimal system.

P04.00 – P04.05corresponds to DI1 – DI6. External sensors can be connected if the parameters are all set to 0. Controller will read 60FD bit4 – 11 to get DI1 – DI6 actual status.

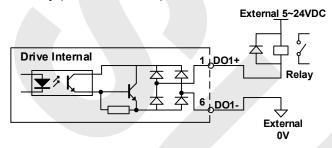
3.10.2 Common output circuit

There are 3 common outputs: DO1 ~ DO3 are double-ended, having an isolated 24v power supply.

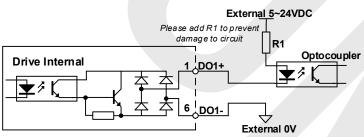
Double-ended Digital Outputs (supports PNP or NPN connection)



When connected to a relay (NPN connection):



When connected to optocoupler (PNP connection):



- Power supply is provided by users. Please be aware that reversed power supply polarity might cause damage to the driver.
- When it is an open collector output, max current: 50mA, max supplying voltage: 25V.
 Please ensure the switching power supply fulfills the conditions.
- If the load is an inductive load such as a relay, please connect a flyback diode in parallel in reverse. A wrong installation of the flyback diode might cause damage to the driver.

DO signal function configuration

					Factory default			
	CN1 Pin	Signal	Parameter	Default function	Set Value	Polarity	Status	
	/ 1/	DO1+	P04.10	Servo Ready (S-RDY)	0x01	NO	OFF	
7	6	DO1+	P04.10	Selvo Ready (S-RD1)	0.001			
	3 2	DO1+ DO1+	P04.11	Alarm (ALM)	0x03	NO	OFF	
	5	DO1+	P04.12	External brake released	0x04	NO	OFF	
	4	DO1+	FU4.12	(BRK-OFF)	0x04	140	011	

^{**} NO: Normally Open

Relevant parameters

Label	Output selection DO1	Mode		F	
Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
Activation	Immediate			Index	2410h
Label	Output selection DO2	Mode		F	
Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	_
Activation	Immediate			Index	2411h
Label	Output selection DO3	Mode		F	
Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
Activation	Immediate	•		Index	2412h
	Range Activation Label Range Activation Label Range	Range 0x0~0xFF Activation Immediate Label Output selection DO2 Range 0x0~0xFF Activation Immediate Label Output selection DO3 Range 0x0~0xFF	Range 0x0~0xFF Default Activation Immediate Label Output selection DO2 Mode Range 0x0~0xFF Default Activation Immediate Label Output selection DO3 Mode Range 0x0~0xFF Default	Range 0x0~0xFF Default 0x0 Activation Immediate Mode Mode Label 0x0~0xFF Default 0x0 Activation Immediate Mode Mode Label Output selection DO3 Mode Mode Range 0x0~0xFF Default 0x0	Range 0x0~0xFF Default 0x0 Unit Activation Immediate Index Label Output selection DO2 Mode F Range 0x0~0xFF Default 0x0 Unit Activation Immediate Index Label Output selection DO3 Mode F Range 0x0~0xFF Default 0x0 Unit

Digital output DO allocation using hexadecimal system.

Output	Cumbal	Set value		
Output	Symbol	Normally open	Normally close	
Master device control		00h	-	
Alarm	ALM	01h	81h	
Servo-Ready	S-RDY	02h	82h	
External brake released	BRK-OFF	03h	83h	
Positioning completed	INP	04h	84h	
At-speed	AT-SPEED	05h	85h	
Torque limit signal	TLC	06h	86h	
Zero speed clamp detection	ZSP	07h	87h	
Velocity coincidence	V-COIN	08h	88h	
Position command ON/OFF	P-CMD	0Bh	8Bh	
Velocity limit signal	V-LIMIT	0Dh	8Dh	
Velocity command ON/OFF	V-CMD	0Fh	8Fh	
Servo status	SRV-ST	12h	92h	
Homing done	HOME-OK	22h	A2h	
Position comparison	CMP-OUT	14h	94h	

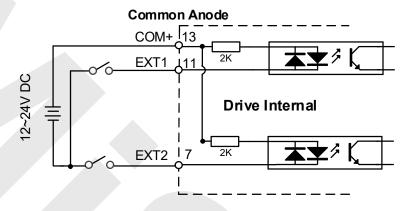
Please don't set any other than the outputs listed in the table above.

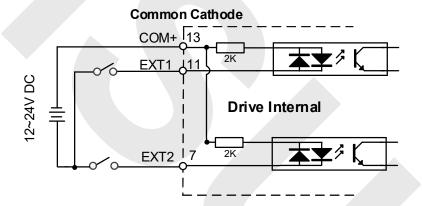
- · Normally open: Active low
- Normally close: Active high
- · Front panel is of hexadecimal system.

P04.10 - P04.12 corresponds to DO1 – DO3. If all parameters are set to 0, master device controls the outputs, object dictionary 0x60FE sub-index 01 bit16-18 corresponds to DO1-DO3.

3.10.3 Probe input circuit

The E-DFASxxE driver shares the probe interface with DI4 and DI5, using bidirectional optocoupler input circuitry.



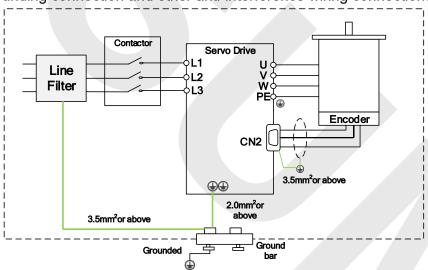


3.11 Measures against electromagnetic interference

To reduce interference, please take the following measures:

- I/O signal cable > 3m; Encoder cable > 20m
- Use cable with larger diameter for grounding
- (1)Grounding resistance > 100 Ω
- When there are multiple drivers connected in parallel, PE terminal of the main power supply and ground terminal of servo drivers must be connected to copper ground bar in the electrical cabinet and the copper ground bar needs to be connected to the metal frame of the cabinet.
- Please install a line filter on main power supply cable to prevent interference from radio frequency.
- In order to prevent malfunctions caused by electromagnetic interference, please take following measures:
- (1) Install master device and line filter close to the servo driver
- (2) Install surge suppressor for relay and contactor
- (3) Please separate signal/encoder cable from power cable with a space of at least 30cm
- 4 Install a line filter for the main power supply if a device with high frequency generation such as a welding machine exists nearby

3.11.1 Grounding connection and other anti-interference wiring connections

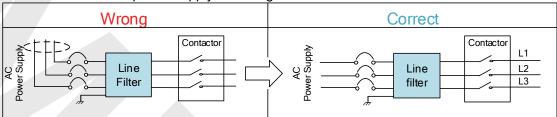


- Servo motor frame should be grounded. Please connect the PE terminal of servo motor and servo driver and ground them together to reduce interference.
- Ground both ends of the foil shield of encoder cable.

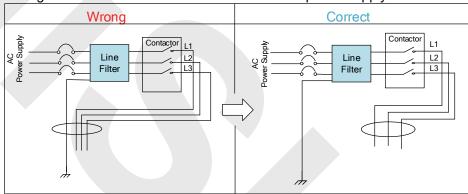
3.11.2 Using line filter

To reduce interference from main power supply cable and to prevent from affecting other sensitive components around the servo driver, please choose a line filter based on actual supply current. Please do be aware of the following mistake when installing a line filter.

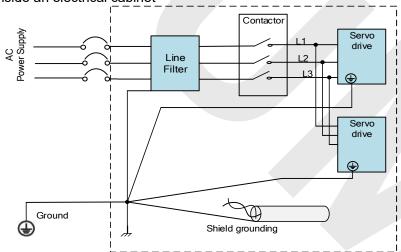
Do not band the main power supply cable together.



Separate the ground wire from the line filter and the main power supply cable.



Ground wires inside an electrical cabinet



Chapter 4 Servo Driver Operation

4.1 Front Panel

4.1.1 Front Panel Structure

Servo Driver front panel consists of 5 push buttons and a 8-segments display. It can be used for displaying status, alarms, functions, parameters setting and auxiliary functions.

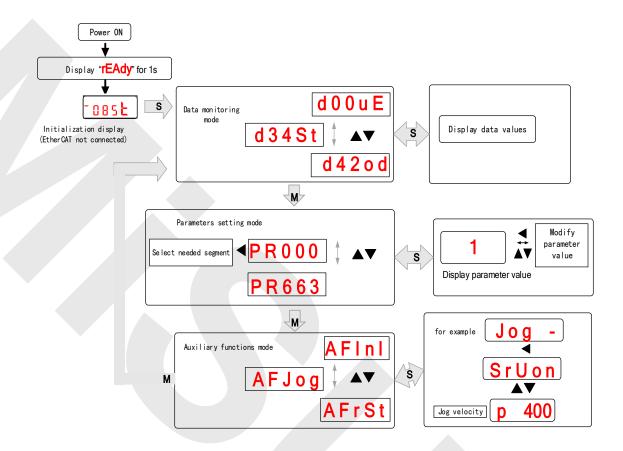


Front panel

Buttons and functions

Label	Symbol	Function
Display	1	Consists of 5 push buttons and a 8-segments display
Mode	M	To switch between 4 modes: 1. Data monitoring mode: To monitor changes of motion data values 2. Parameters setting mode: To set parameters 3. Auxiliary functions mode: To operate common functions, such as trial run, alarm clearing
Enter	S	To enter or confirm
Up	A	To switch between sub-menus / Increase
Down	V	To switch between sub-menus / Decrease
Left	◀	To switch between values

4.1.2 Panel Operation Flowchart



Flow diagram of panel operation

- (1) **rEAdY** will be displayed for about 1 second after driver is powered on. Then, automatically enters data monitoring mode and displays initial data value. Otherwise, alarm code will be displayed if error occurs.
- (2) Press M key to switch between modes.
- Data monitoring mode → Parameters setting mode → Auxiliary functions mode
 Alarm code will be displayed regardless of any mode if alarm occurs. Press **M** to switch to other modes.
- (3) Press ▲ or ▼ to select the type of parameters in data monitoring mode. Press **S** to confirm.
- (4) Press

 to select current segment in parameters settings mode. Press

 or

 to increase/decrease the value of segment. Press

 to confirm the modified value(s) and save the parameters.

4.1.3 Data Monitoring Mode

(5) E-DFASxxE series servo driver offers the function to monitor different types of data in data monitoring mode. After entering this mode, press **S** to monitor any data that starts with **d**. Press **S** again to get back to data monitoring mode and **M** to switch to any other modes.

Data list in data monitoring mode

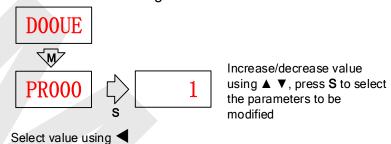
		lata monitoring mode	Displa		Data Format
No.	Label	Descriptions	у	Unit	(x = numerical value)
0	d00uE	Position command deviation	d00uE	pulse	"xxxx"
1	d01SP	Motor velocity	d01SP	r/min	"r xxxx"
2	d02CS	Position control command velocity	d02CS	r/min	"xxxx"
3	d03Cu	Velocity control command velocity	d03Cu	r/min	"xxxx"
4	d04tr	Actual feedback torque	d04tr	%	"xxxx"
5	d05nP	Feedback pulse sum	d05nP	pulse	"XXXX"
6	d06cP	Command pulse sum	d06CP	pulse	"xxxx"
7	d07	Maximum torque during motion	d07	1	"xxxx"
8	d08FP	Internal command position sum	d08FP	pulse	"xxxx"
9	d09cn	Control mode	d09Cn	1	EtherCAT: " CtPoS "
10	d10lo	I/O signal status	d10 lo	1	-
11	d11Ai	Internal usage	d11Ai	V	-
12	d12Er	Error cause and record	d12Er	1	"Er xxx"
13	d13rn	Warning	d13rn	1	"xxx"
14	d14r9	Regeneration load factor	d14r9	%	"xxx"
15	d15oL	Overload factor	d15oL	%	"xxx"
16	d16Jr	Inertia ratio	d16Jr	%	"xxx"
17	d17ch	Motor not running cause	d17Ch	1	"CP xxx"
18	d18ic	No. of changes in I/O signals	d18ic	1	"xxx"
19	d19	No. of times of overcurrent	d19	/	"xxxx"
20	d20Ab	CSP position command sum	d20Ab	pulse	"xxxx"
21	d21AE	Single turn encoder data	d21AE	pulse	"XXXX"
22	d22rE	Multiturn encoder data	d22rE	r	"xxxx"
23	d23 id	Communication axis address	d23id	1	"id xxx" "Fr xxx"
24	d24PE	Position deviation	d24PE	Unit	"XXXX"
25	d25PF	Motor electrical angle	d25PF	pulse	"xxxx"
26	d26hy	Motor mechanical angle	d26hy	pulse	"xxxx"
27	d27 Pn	Voltage across PN	d27Pn	V	"xxxx"
28	d28 no	Software version	d28no	1	"d xxx Servo software" "F xxx Communication software" "p xxx Servo power rating"
29	d29AS	Internal usage	d29AS	1	"xxx"
30	d30NS	No. of times of encoder communication error	d30sE	1	"xxx"
31	d31 tE	Accumulated operation time	d31tE	/	"xxxx"
32	d32Au	Automatic motor identification	d32Au	1	"r xxx Motor no." "E xxx Servo no."
33	d33At	Driver temperature	d33At	°C	"xxx"

E-DFAS□□E Series AC Servo Drive – EtherCAT Type

Servo Driver Operation

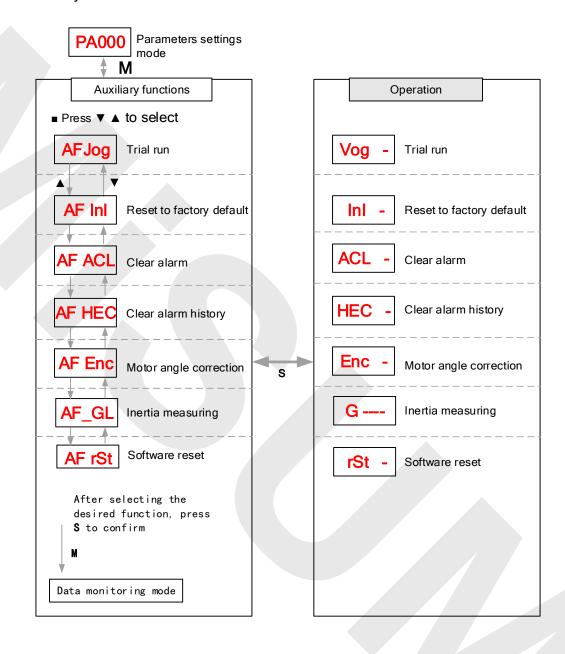
34	d34	Servo status	d34	1	"xxx"					
35	d35 SF	Internal usage	d35SF	1	"XXXXXX"					
Following are parameters related to EtherCAT bus										
36 d36dc Synchronizing cycle d36dc ms "xxxxxxx"										
37	d37sc	No. of times of synchronization loss	d37sc	1	"xxxxxx"					
38	d38st	Synchronization Type	d38st	freeru n/DC	"xxxxxx"					
39	d39der	If DC is running	d39dr	1	"xxxxxx"					
40	d40sn	Acceleration and deceleration status	d40sn	1	"xxxxxx"					
41	d41od	Object dictionary address	d41od	1	"xxxxxx" Index (4 bit) + subindex (2 bit)					
42	d42od	Object dictionary value	d42od	1	"xxxxxx" 1. If OD does not exist, ODNEXT is displayed. 2. If OD is out of range, ODRNG is displayed.					
(6)				•						

4.1.4 Parameter Setting Mode



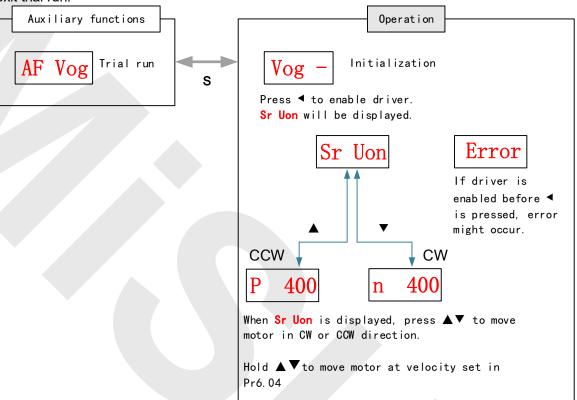
After modifying the selected parameter to desired values, press **S** to confirm and save the changes.

4.1.5 Auxiliary functions



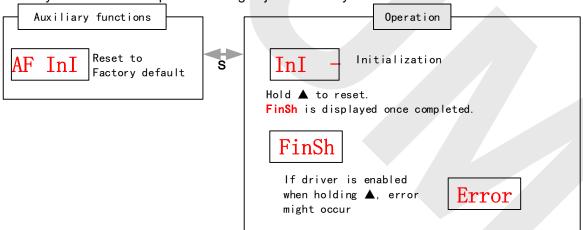
AF jog Trial run

Please disable servo driver before performing any trial run. Please don't modify gain related parameters during trial run to prevent any occurrence of mechanical vibrations. Press **S** to exit trial run.



AF In Reset to factory default

To reset parameters settings to factory default. Can be used to reset parameters using auxiliary function on front panel or using object dictionary.

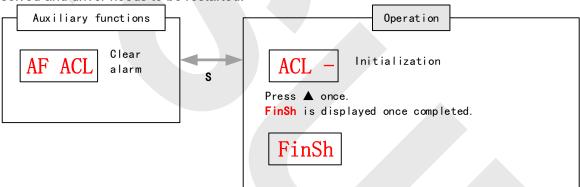


Reset to factory default using object dictionary

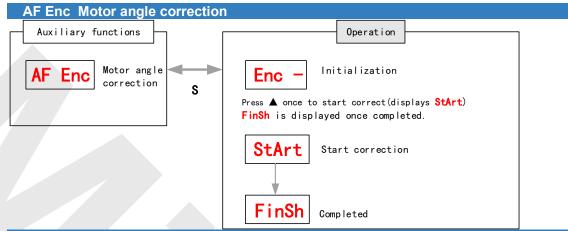
Object	Parameters to	Method
dictionary	reset	
0x1011-01	All parameters	Controller can reset all parameters using 0x1011-01. If driver receives the data of 0x1011-01 as 0x64616f6c, all parameters will be reset to factory default and 1011-01=1 after saving.
0x1011-02	Communication parameters	Controller can reset communication parameters using 0x1011-02. If driver receives the data of 0x1011-02 as 0x64616f6c, communication parameters will be reset to factory default and 1011-02=1 after saving.
0x1011-03	402 parameters	Controller can reset 402 parameters using 0x1011-03. If driver receives the data of 0x1011-03 as 0x64616f6c, 402 parameters will be reset to factory default and 1011-03=1 after saving.
0x1011-04	Drivers' supplier parameters	Controller can reset drivers' supplier parameters using 0x1011-04. If driver receives the data of 0x1011-04 as 0x64616f6c, drivers' supplier parameters will be reset to factory default and 1011-04=1 after saving.

AF ACL Clear alarm

Alarm can be cleared using this auxiliary function but before that, the error needs to be solved and driver needs to be restarted.

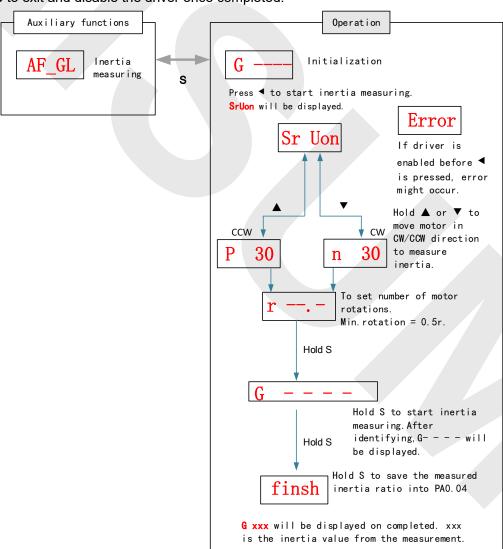


For alarms that can be cleared using this function, please refer to table in Chapter 9.



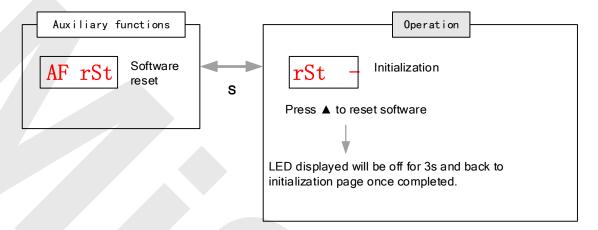
AF GL Inertia measuring

Please make sure to use suitable velocity and acceleration for the measuring process. Press **S** to exit and disable the driver once completed.



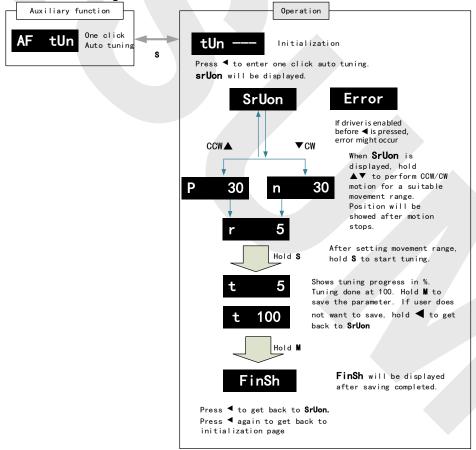
AF rSt Software reset

Software reset is used mainly on parameters modification that takes effect only after driver restart.



AF tun One click auto tuning

One click auto tuning can be applied by operating the front panel. Set simple movement range and movement range has to be more than 0.5 motor revolution.



4.1.6 Abnormal Alarm

When a driver error occurs, the front panel will automatically switch to abnormal alarm display mode, showing the corresponding error code.

- If the panel does not display anything, first check whether the main power supply voltage is faulty. If the power supply is within the correct range, the issue may be with the servo driver itself. Please consult MISUMI support staff.
- For clearable alarms, you can use the alarm reset function in the auxiliary menu to clear the alarm. For non-clearable alarms, you must resolve the root cause and then power cycle the system to clear the alarm.
- The servo stop method depends on the type of fault. Faults are categorized into Type 1 and Type 2, and the corresponding stop method is configured via parameter P05.10.

4.1.7 Parameters saving

Parameter save mode, also known as EEPROM write mode, writes the modified data into the EEPROM. Parameters can be saved via the driver operation panel or through the object dictionary.

Save using driver's front panel

After modifying the selected parameter to desired values, press **S** to confirm and save the changes.

Save using object dictionary

Objects	Types	Explanations
0x1010-01	ALL parameters	Master device can save all parameters to EEPROM using 0x1010-01. When the driver detects 0x1010-01 data from master device as 0x65766173, driver will save current parameters to EEPROM. After saving, 1010-01=1.
0x1010-02	Communication parameters	Master device can save communication parameters to EEPROM using 0x1010-02. When the driver detects 0x1010-02 data from master device as 0x65766173, driver will save current parameters to EEPROM. After saving, 1010-02=1.
0x1010-03	402 parameters	Master device can save 402 parameters to EEPROM using 0x1010-01. When the driver detects 0x1010-03 data from master device as 0x65766173, driver will save current parameters to EEPROM. After saving, 1010-03=1.
0x1010-04	Manufacturer's parameters	Master device can save manufacturer's parameters to EEPROM using 0x1010-01. When the driver detects 0x1010-01 data from master device as 0x65766173, driver will save current parameters to EEPROM (including 0x2000 to 0x5FFF parameters and electronic gear ratio parameters)

4.2 Tuning Software

Our company provides free download and use of the debugging software MISUMI EDrive via our website. When used with a debugging cable, one end connects to a PC and the other to the Type-C port of the servo driver, enabling communication between the PC and the servo driver.

Main Functions of MISUMI EDrive

■ System Monitoring: Monitor the servo driver's operating status, alarms, and capture/save real-time operation data.

Key modules include:

- Oscilloscope function
- Alarm display
- Status monitoring (corresponds to front panel motion data monitoring)
- Oscilloscope: Supports single/multi-frame high-precision sampling, overlapping waveforms, analog and digital channels, and dual cursors for waveform analysis.

- Auto Tuning: Automatically adjusts gain parameters based on simple operating condition settings.
- Parameter Management: Read and download all parameters from P00 to P09, load previously saved parameter files, modify and write parameters to the driver, save to EEPROM, and restore factory settings.
- IO Configuration: Configure or monitor IO signals via the IO settings interface, with support for forced IO input/output.
- Trial Run (JOG): Perform simple forward/reverse motor movements. Supports position and speed test runs.
- Inertia Identification: Identify load inertia through a series of actions and write the actual inertia ratio to P00.04 via parameter management.
- Mechanical Characteristic Analysis: Analyse the system's resonance frequency and apply notch filters for improvement.
- Gain Adjustment: Adjust servo rigidity level and tuning method. In manual mode, individual parameters can be modified. In standard/real-time mode, predefined rigidity tables are used, and individual parameters cannot be changed.
- Position Comparison: Configure up to 42 position comparison points.
- Black Box: Read and analyse servo black box data using the debugging software. Notes:

Supports USB-powered connection to the driver, allowing parameter modification via MISUMI EDrive without external power.

Recommended to use a Windows 10 PC.

Serial port driver vendors no longer support Windows 7, which may cause disconnection after power cycling the driver.

If using Windows 7, you may need to re-plug the debugging cable to reconnect.

4.3 Preparation Before Operation

No.	Description
	Power supply
1	The voltage of main and control circuit power supply is within rated values.
2	Power supply polarity is rightly connected.
	Wiring
1	Power supply input is rightly connected.
2	Driver's power output UVW matches UVW terminals on the main circuit.
3	No short circuit of driver's input and output UVW terminals.
4	Signal cables are correctly and well connected.
5	Drivers and motors are connected to ground
6	All cables under stress within recommended range.
7	No foreign conductive objects inside/outside the driver.
	Mechanical
1	Driver and external holding brake are not place near combustibles.
2	Installations of driver, motor and axis are fastened.
3	Movement of motors and mechanical axes are not obstructed.

4.4 Electronic gear ratio

When loaded axis moved for 1 command unit, it corresponds to motor encoder unit which is converted into more comprehensible physical units such as µm. The use of electronic gear ratio is to turn the movement in physical units to required pulse count equivalency.

Electronic gear ratio = $\frac{\text{Rotor movement (Encoder unit)}}{\text{Loaded axis movement (Command unit)}}$

Rotor might be connected to load through reducer or other mechanical structures. Hence, the gear ratio is closely related to reducer gear ratio, position encoder resolution and mechanical dimensions related parameters.

Electronic gear ratio = $\frac{\text{Encoder resolution}}{\text{Loaded axis resolution}}$

Electronic gear can be set through Pr0.08. If Pr0.08 ≠ 0, Pr0.08 is valid. If Pr0.08 = 0, object dictionary 6092-01 is valid.

Command pulse count per motor revolution needs to be \geq Encoder Pulse Count per Revolution / 8000.

E-DFASxxE series comes with motors with 23-bit encoder. Pulse count per revolution for 23-bit encoder = 8388608. From the condition above, the command pulse count per motor revolution for 23-bit encoder ≥ 1049.

F	200.08	Label	Command pulse count per revolution	Mode		F	
		Range	0~8388608	Default	0	Unit	P-
		Activation	After restart			Index	2008h
	Pulses per revolution can be set using object dictionary 608F, 6091, 6092. However, P00.08						
		has higher p	riority.				

Index	Label	Encoder Increments		Mode	PT			
608Fh-01	Range	0~2147483	3647		Default	0	Unit	encoder
	Structure	VAR	Type	UINT32	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
To set encoder resolution								

Index	Label	Motor Rev	olutions		Mode		F	
6091h-01	Range	1~2147483	3647		Default	1	Unit	r
	Structure	VAR	Type	UINT32	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW
To set electronic gear ratio numerator								
Index	Label	Shaft Revo	olutions		Mode		F	
6091h-02	Range	1~2147483	3647		Default	1	Unit	r
	Structure	VAR	Type	UINT32	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW
To set electronic gear ratio denominator								
	To set electi	onic gear ra	tio deno	minator				
Index	To set electi	ronic gear ra	tio deno	minator	Mode		F	
Index 6092h-01				minator	Mode Default	10000	F Unit	Command/r
	Label	Feed		minator UINT32		10000 RPDO	-	Command/r RW
	Label Range Structure	Feed 1~2147483 VAR	3647 Type	UINT32	Default Mapping	RPDO	Unit Access	RW
	Label Range Structure If 6092h-01(Feed 1~2147483 VAR Feed consta	3647 Type Int) is no		Default Mapping h(Position er	RPDO	Unit Access	RW
	Range Structure If 6092h-01(Electronic ge	Feed 1~2147483 VAR Feed consta	3647 Type ant) is no	UINT32 ot equal to 608F	Default Mapping h(Position er	RPDO ncoder res	Unit Access colution), th	RW nen:

4.5 Trial Run

Servo driver must be disabled before performing trial run. For safety precautions, please JOG under minimal velocity.

Related Parameters

No.	Parameters	Label	Set value	Unit
1	P00.01	Control mode settings	9	1
2	P06.04	JOG trial run command velocity	User defined	r/min
3	P06.25	Trial run acc-/deceleration time	User defined	ms/1000rpm

- Please make sure the mechanical axis is within the range of motion and travelled distance should not be too long to avoid collision.
- Set optimal velocity and acceleration for trial run (not too high!)
- Do not modify any gain related parameters during motion to avoid vibration.

Please refer to "AF_Jog Trial Run" for detailed explanations on how to perform trial run using front panel operation

4.5.1 Front Panel Trial Run

JOG Test Run (Jogging Control) Operation Procedure

Set all parameters related to jogging control.

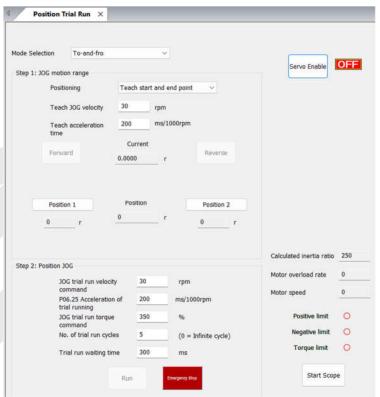
- 1) After successfully writing the parameters, power off and restart the driver.
- 2) Ensure the driver is in a disabled state to enter JOG control mode.
- 3) Enter the "AF Jog" submenu under Auxiliary Functions Mode.
- 4) Press the SET key once the display should show "Jog -".
- 5) Press ◀ key once if there are no issues, the display should show "SrUon". If "Error" appears, press the ▲ key again it should then show "SrUon". If it still shows "Error", switch to the "d17Ch" submenu under Data Monitoring Mode to check why the motor is not rotating. Troubleshoot the issue and retry.
- 6) In Position JOG Mode, once "SrUon" is displayed, hold the ▲ key to increase motor speed up to the maximum set in P06.04, and the motor will run forward continuously. Release the ▲ key to decelerate and stop the display should return to "SrUon". Hold the ▼ arrow key to run the motor in reverse at increasing speed up to P06.04. Release the ▼ key to decelerate and stop the display should return to "SrUon". If the motor does not rotate, check the "d17Ch" submenu in Data Monitoring Mode to identify the issue and retry after resolving it.
- 7) During the JOG test run, press the SET key to exit JOG control mode.

4.5.2 Trial Run Using Debugging Software

Use the MISUMI EDrive debugging software to perform test runs on the servo driver and motor.

Debugging Software Trial Run Procedure

- 1) Wiring Check:
 - Confirm correct wiring for power input and motor output.
 - Use a Type-C cable to connect the servo driver to the PC for communication.
- 2) Confirm Power Supply Voltage, ensure it is within the rated range.
- 3) After establishing communication between the PC and the driver, open the test run function in MISUMI EDrive. The test run interface will appear.

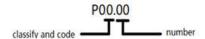


- 4) Set to Reciprocating Motion Mode, choose positioning start/end point operation mode. After clicking Enable, the red OFF will turn green ON. Set the teaching motion attributes avoid high speeds to prevent collisions. Use the forward/reverse motion buttons to teach and set the desired start and end points.
- 5) STEP-2: Configure JOG motion attributes. Execute the set motion within the taught range. Set the number of repetitions for reciprocating motion based on the planned path. During operation, use the monitoring panel on the right to view: Estimated inertia, Motor speed, Motor load rate and Limit status indicators.

Chapter 5 Parameter

5.1 Parameter List

Panel Display as follows:



Parameter Valid mode Description

CSP: Valid in cyclic synchronous position mode CSV: Valid in cyclic synchronous velocity mode CST: Valid in cyclic synchronous torque mode

HM: Valid in homing mode

PP: Valid in profile position mode PV: Valid in profile velocity mode PT: Valid in profile torque mode

F: Valid in all modes

5.1.1 Servo driver parameter

【Class 0】Basic Settings

Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Default	Activation
Model-following bandwidth	2000h	P0000	1	Immediate
Control Mode Settings	2001h	P0001	9	After restart
Real time Auto Gain Adjusting	2002h	P0002	0x001	Immediate
Real time auto stiffness adjusting	2003h	P0003	70	Immediate
Inertia ratio	2004h	P0004	250	Immediate
Command polarity inversion	2006h	P0006	0	After restart
Probe signal polarity settings	2007h	P0007	3	After restart
Command pulse counts per revolution	2008h	P0008	0	After restart
1st command frequency divider/multiplier numerator	2009h	P0009	1	After restart
1st command frequency divider/multiplier denominator	2010h	P0010	1	After restart
Encoder pulse output per revolution	2011	P0011	2500	After restart
Pulse output logic inversion	2012	P0012	0	After restart
1st Torque Limit	2013h	P0013	300	Immediate
Excessive Position Deviation Settings	2014h	P0014	30	Immediate
Absolute Encoder settings	2015h	P0015	0	After restart
Regenerative resistance	2016h	P0016	100	Immediate
Regenerative resistor power rating	2017h	P0017	50	Immediate
Friction compensation setting	2019h	P0019	1000	Immediate
EtherCAT slave ID	2023h	P0023	2	After restart
Source of slave ID	2024h	P0024	1	After restart
Synchronous compensation time 1	2025h	P0025	10	After restart
Synchronous compensation time 2	2026h	P0026	50	After restart
Synchronization mode command delay cycle counts	2027h	P0027	0	After restart
CSP mode safe self-running position setting	2028h	P0028	10	Immediate
Probe 1 Compensation value	2040h	P0040	0	Immediate
Probe 2 Compensation value	2041h	P0041	0	Immediate

【Class 1】Gain Adjustments

Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Default	Activation
1 st position loop gain	2100h	P0100	320	Immediate
1 st velocity loop gain	2101h	P0101	180	Immediate
1st Integral Time Constant of Velocity Loop	2102h	P0102	310	Immediate
1 st velocity detection filter	2103h	P0103	15	Immediate
1 st Torque Filter Time Constant	2104h	P0104	126	Immediate
2 nd Position Loop Gain	2105h	P0105	380	Immediate
2 nd velocity loop gain	2106h	P0106	180	Immediate
2 nd Integral Time Constant of Velocity Loop	2107h	P0107	10000	Immediate
2 nd velocity detection filter	2108h	P0108	15	Immediate
2 nd Torque Filter Time Constant	2109h	P0109	126	Immediate
Velocity feed forward gain	2110h	P0110	300	Immediate
Velocity feed forward filter time constant	2111h	P0111	50	Immediate
Torque feed forward gain	2112h	P0112	0	Immediate
Torque feed forward filter time constant	2113h	P0113	0	Immediate
Position control gain switching mode	2115h	P0115	0	Immediate
Position control gain switching level	2117h	P0117	50	Immediate
Hysteresis at position control switching	2118h	P0118	33	Immediate
Position gain switching time	2119h	P0119	33	Immediate
Unique registry	2137h	P0137	0	Immediate
Unique registry 1	2138h	P0138	0x0	Immediate
Unique registry 2	2139h	P0139	0x0	Immediate

【Class 2】Vibration Suppression

ss 2 Vibration Suppression Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Default	Activation
Adaptive filtering mode settings	2200h	P0200	0	Immediate
1st notch frequency	2201h	P0201	4000	Immediate
1st notch bandwidth selection	2202h	P0202	4	Immediate
1st notch depth selection	2203h	P0203	0	Immediate
2 nd notch frequency	2204h	P0204	4000	Immediate
2 nd notch bandwidth selection	2205h	P0205	4	Immediate
2 nd notch depth selection	2206h	P0206	0	Immediate
3 rd notch frequency	2207h	P0207	4000	Immediate
3 rd notch bandwidth selection	2208h	P0208	4	Immediate
3 rd notch depth selection	2209h	P0209	0	Immediate
1st damping frequency	2214h	P0214	0	Immediate
2 nd damping frequency	2216h	P0216	0	Immediate
Position command smoothing filter	2222h	P0222	300	After stopping
Position command FIR filter	2223h	P0223	0	Disable
5 th resonant frequency	2231h	P0231	4000	Immediate
5 th resonant Q value	2232h	P0232	0	Immediate
5 th anti-resonant frequency	2233h	P0233	4000	Immediate
5 th anti-resonant Q value	2234h	P0234	0	Immediate
6 th resonant frequency	2235h	P0235	4000	Immediate
6 th resonant Q value	2236h	P0236	0	Immediate
6 th anti-resonant frequency	2237h	P0237	4000	Immediate
6 th anti-resonant Q value	2238h	P0238	0	Immediate
Adjustment mode	2248h	P0248	0	Immediate
MFC type	2250h	P0250	0	Immediate
Velocity feedforward compensation coefficient	2251h	P0251	0	Immediate
Torque feedforward compensation coefficient	2252h	P0252	0	Immediate
Dynamic friction compensation coefficient	2253h	P0253	0	Immediate
Overtravel time coefficient	2254h	P0254	0	Immediate
Overtravel suppression gain	2255h	P0255	0	Immediate

【Class 3】 Velocity Control

Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Default	Activation
Acceleration time settings	2312h	P0312	0	Immediate
Deceleration time settings	2313h	P0313	0	Immediate
Sigmoid acceleration/ deceleration settings	2314h	P0314	0	Disable
Zero speed clamp function	2315h	P0315	0	Immediate
Zero speed clamp level	2316h	P0316	30	Immediate
Zero speed clamp static time	2323h	P0323	0	Immediate

【Class 4】 I/O Interface Setting

7 Interface octains				
Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Default	Activation
Input selection DI1	2400h	P0400	0x0	Immediate
Input selection DI2	2401h	P0401	0x0	Immediate
Input selection DI3	2402h	P0402	0x0	Immediate
Input selection DI4	2403h	P0403	0x0	Immediate
Input selection DI5	2404h	P0404	0x0	Immediate
Input selection DI6	2405h	P0405	0x0	Immediate
Output selection DO1	2410h	P0410	0x0	Immediate
Output selection DO2	2411h	P0411	0x0	Immediate
Output selection DO3	2412h	P0412	0x0	Immediate
Positioning complete range	2431h	P0431	20	Immediate
Positioning complete output setting	2432h	P0432	1	Immediate
INP positioning delay time	2433h	P0433	0	Immediate
Zero speed	2434h	P0434	50	Immediate
Velocity coincidence range	2435h	P0435	50	Immediate
Arrival velocity	2436h	P0436	1000	Immediate
Motor power-off delay time	2437h	P0437	100	Immediate
Delay time for holding brake release	2438h	P0438	0	Immediate
Holding brake activation velocity	2439h	P0439	30	Immediate
Emergency stop function	2443h	P0443	0	Immediate
Torque compensation time upon enabling	2448h	P0448	0	Immediate

【Class 5】Extension settings

Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Default	Activation
Driver prohibition input settings	2504h	P0504	0	Immediate
Servo-off mode	2506h	P0506	0	After restart
Main power-off detection time	2509h	P0509	50	Immediate
Servo-off due to alarm mode	2510h	P0510	0	After restart
Servo braking torque setting	2511h	P0511	0	Immediate
Overload level setting	2512h	P0512	0	Immediate
Overspeed level settings	2513h	P0513	0	Immediate
I/O digital filter	2515h	P0515	10	Immediate
Position unit settings	2520h	P0520	2	After restart
Torque limit selection	2521h	P0521	0	Immediate
2 nd torque limit	2522h	P0522	300	Immediate
LED initial status	2528h	P0528	34	After restart
Torque saturation detection time	2537h	P0537	500	Immediate
3 rd torque limit	2539h	P0539	80	Immediate
D41 set value	2540h	P0540	0x30C	Immediate

Vent overload level	2546h	P0546	0	Immediate
Velocity arrival hysteresis loop width	2570h	P0570	0	Immediate

【Class 6】Other settings

Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Default	Activation
Encoder zero position compensation	2601h	P0601	0	After restart
JOG trial run torque command	2603h	P0603	350	Immediate
JOG trial run velocity command	2604h	P0604	30	Immediate
Position 3 rd gain valid time	2605h	P0605	0	Immediate
Position 3 rd gain scale factor	2606h	P0606	100	Immediate
Torque command additional value	2607h	P0607	0	Immediate
Positive direction torque compensation value	2608h	P0608	0	Immediate
Negative direction torque compensation value	2609h	P0609	0	Immediate
Torque compensation upon enabling	2610h	P0610	0x0	Immediate
Current response settings	2611h	P0611	100	Immediate
Max. time to stop after disabling	2614h	P0614	500	Immediate
Trial run distance	2620h	P0620	10	Immediate
Trial run waiting time	2621h	P0621	300	Immediate
No. of trial run cycles	2622h	P0622	5	Immediate
Trial run acceleration	2625h	P0625	200	Immediate
Velocity observer gain	2628h	P0628	0	Immediate
Velocity observer bandwidth	2629h	P0629	0	Immediate
Frame error window time	2634h	P0634	100	Immediate
Frame error window	2635h	P0635	50	Immediate
Absolute value rotation mode denominator setting	2654h	P0654	0	After restart
Rotor blocked torque limit threshold	2656h	P0656	300	Immediate
Blocked rotor alarm delay time	2657h	P0657	400	Immediate
Homing mode position deviation threshold	2659h	P0659	8	Immediate
Z-signal sustaining time	2661h	P0661	10	Immediate
Absolute multiturn data upper limit	2663h	P0663	0	After restart

【Class 7】 Factory settings

Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Default	Activation
Motor model	-	P0715	0x200	After restart
Encoder	-	P0716	Encoder	After restart
External grating ruler precision	-	P0754	100	After restart

5.1.2 Manufacturer parameter

Index	Sub index	Label	Unit	Default	Min	Max
	01h	RPDO length		8	0	64
1	02h	TPDO length		17	0	64
	03h	The number of RPDO		1	0	4
	04h	The number of TPDO		1	0	2
4	05h	Sync0 Watchdog counter		0	0	65535
4	06h Reserved				0	65535
	07h	Sync0 Watchdog limit		4	0	65535
5004h	08h	Sync0 Drift watchdog counter		0	0	65535
000 111	09h	Sync0 Drift watchdog limit		4	0	65535
	0Ah	SM2 watchdog counter		0	0	65535
	0Bh	SM2 Watchdog limit		4	0	65535
	0Ch	Application layer SM2/Sync0 watchdog counter		0		
	0Dh	Application layer SM2/Sync0 watchdog limit		4		
	0Eh	Reserved			0	500
	OFh	Time interval between SM2 and Sync0		0	0	1000000
	0Fh		ns	0	0	000
5006h	00h	Synchronous alarm setting		0xFFFF	0	0xFFFF
5010h	00h	PDO watchdog overtime	ms	0	0	60000
5012h	04h	Homing setting	-	5		
5400h	01h	Set synchronization cycle minimum value	us	250	125	1000
5400h	02h	Set synchronization cycle maximum value	us	10000	4000	20000
	01h	Absolute encoder multiturn number	r		-	-
	02h	Encoder single turn position	Pulse	-	-	-
	03h	Encoder feedback position 32 bit low	Pulse	-	-	-
5500h	04h	Encoder feedback position 32 bit high	Pulse	-	-	-
	05h	The actual mechanical position 32 bit low	Unit	-	-	-
	06h	The actual mechanical position 32 bit high	Unit	-	-	-
	07h	Number of encoder communication exceptions		-	-	-
	01h	Motor Speed	r/min	-	-	-
	02h	Speed of position command	r/min	-	-	-
	03h	Speed command	r/min	-	_	- /
	04h	Actual torque	0.1%	-	-	-
	05h	Torque command	0.1%	-	-	_
	06h	Relative position error	Pulse	-	-	-
5501h	07h	Internal position command	Pulse	-	-	-
	08h	Overload ratio	0.1%	-	_	-
	09h	Discharge load rate	0.1%	-	-	-
	0Ah	Inertia ratio	%	-	-	7
	0Bh	Actual positive torque limit value	0.1%	-	-	-
	0Ch	Actual negative torque limit value	0.1%	-	-	-
	0Dh	U phase current detect value	0.1%	-	- 4	-
	0Eh	W phase current detect value	0.1%	-	-	-
	01h	DI input signal	-	-	-	-
	02h	SO output signal	-	-	-	-
FFOOL	03h	Reserved	-	-	-	-
5502h	04h	Reserved	-	-	-	-
	05h	Bus voltage	V	-	-	-
	06h	Temperature	°C	-	-	-
	07h	Power on time	S	-	-	-

5.1.3 CiA 402 Motion Parameters starting with Object Dictionary 6000h

Index	Sub-index	Label	Unit	Default
603Fh	00h	Error code	=	0x0
6040h	00h	Control word	-	0x0
6041h	00h	Status word	-	0x0
605Ah	00h	Quick stop option code	-	2
605Bh	00h	Shutdown Option Code	_	0
605Ch	00h	Disable Operation Option Code	_	0
605Dh	00h	Halt Option Code	_	1
605Eh	00h	Fault Reaction Option Code	_	0
6060h	00h	Mode of Operation	_	8
6061h	00h	Mode of Operation display	_	0
6062h	00h	Position Demand Value	Command unit	0
6063h	00h	Position Actual Internal Value	Encoder unit	0
6064h	00h	Position Actual Value	Command unit	-
6065h	00h	Follow Error Window	Command unit	30000
6066h	00h	Follow Error Time Out	ms	10
6067h	00h	Position window	Command unit/s	0
6068h	00h	Position window time	ms	0
606Bh	00h	Velocity Demand Value	Command unit/s	0
606Ch	00h	Velocity Actual Value	Command unit/s	0
606Dh	00h	Velocity window	Command unit/s	10
606Eh	00h	Velocity window time	ms	0
606Fh	00h	Velocity Threshold	Command unit/s	10
6070h	00h	Velocity Threshold Time	ms	100
6071h	00h	Target torque	0.001	0
6072h	00h	Maximum torque	0.001	3000
6073h	00h	Maximum current	0.001	3000
6074h	00h	Torque Demand	0.001	0
6075h	00h	Motor Rated Current	mA	3000
6076h	00h	Motor Rated Torque	mN.m	0
6077h	00h	Torque Actual Value	0.1%	0
6078h	00h	Current Actual Value	0.1%	0
6079h	00h	DC Link Circuit Voltage	mV	0
607Ah	00h	Target position	Command unit	0
607Ch	00h	Home Offset	Command unit	0
607Dh	01h	Min Position Limit	Command unit	0
307 BII	02h	Max Position Limit	Command unit	0
607Eh	00h	Polarity	-	0x0
607Fh	00h	Max Profile Velocity	Command unit/s	214748364
6080h	00h	Max Motor Speed	r/min	6000
6081h	00h	Profile velocity	Command unit/s	10000
6083h	00h	Profile acceleration	Command unit/s ²	10000
6084h	00h	Profile deceleration	Command unit/s²	10000
6085h	00h	Quick Stop Deceleration	Command unit/s²	10000000
6087h	00h	Torque slope	0.001/s	5000
608Fh	01h	Encoder Increments	Encoder unit	0
	01h	Motor Revolutions	r	1
6091h	02h	Shaft Revolutions	r	1
6092h	02h	Feed	Command unit/r	10000
6098h	00h	Homing method	-	19
6099h	01h	Speed During Search for Switch	Command unit/s	10000

	02h	Speed During Search for Zero	Command unit/s	5000
609Ah	02n 00h	Homing acceleration	Command unit/s ²	50000
60B0h	00h			
		Position Offset	Command unit	0
60B1h	00h	Velocity Offset	Command unit/s	0
60B2h	00h	Torque Offset	0.001	0
60B8h	00h	Touch Probe function Touch Probe status	-	0x0
60B9h	00h		-	0x0
60BAh	00h	Touch Probe 1 Positive Position	Command unit	0
60BBh	00h	Touch Probe 1 Negative Position	Command unit	0
60BCh	00h	Touch Probe 2 Positive Position	Command unit	0
60BDh	00h	Touch Probe 2 Negative Position	Command unit	0
60C5h	00h	Max Acceleration	Command unit/s²	100000000
60C6h	00h	Max Deceleration	Command unit/s²	100000000
60D5h	00h	Touch Probe 1 Positive Edge Counter	-	0
60D6h	00h	Touch Probe 1 Negative Edge Counter	-	0
60D7h	00h	Touch Probe 2 Positive Edge Counter	-	0
60D8h	00h	Touch Probe 2 Negative Edge Counter	-	0
60E0h	00h	Positive Torque Limit	0.001	3000
60E1h	00h	Negative Torque Limit	0.001	3000
60F4h	00h	Following Error Actual Value	Command unit	0
60FAh	00h	Control Effort	Command unit/s	0
60FCh	00h	Position Demand Internal Value	Encoder unit	0
60FDh	00h	Digital Inputs	-	0x0
60FEh	01h	Physical Outputs	-	0x0
OOI-EII	02h	Bit Mask	-	0x0
60FFh	00h	Target velocity	Command unit/s	0
6502h	00h	Supported Drive Modes	-	0x0

5.2 Parameter Function

Panel Display as follows:



Parameter valid under following modes

CSP: Cyclic synchronous position mode CSV: Cyclic synchronous velocity mode CST: Cyclic synchronous torque mode

HM: Homing mode
PP: Profile position mode
PV: Profile velocity mode
PT: Profile torque mode

F: All modes

5.2.1 【Class 0】 Basic Settings

	Label	Model-following bandwidth	Mode		F	
P00.00	Range	0~5000	Default	1	Unit	0.1Hz
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2000h
Model-following bandwidth, also known as model-following control (MFC), is used to control the position						
loop to improve responsiveness to commands, speed up positioning time and reduce following errors. The						
effect is ob	vious especia	illy in low and medium mechanical stif	fness. Use r	mainly for MF	C or ZTC	tuning.

Value	Description				
0	Disable the function.				
1	Enable the function to set bandwidth automatically, recommended for most applications. P00.00=P01.01				
2-9	Reserved				
10-5000	Invalid				

P00.00>9: Model-following bandwidth value set by P00.00.

10<P00.00<5000: Specifies the bandwidth.

*Recommended settings for belt application: 30<P00.00<100.

	Label Control Mode Settings Mode		Mode	F		
P00.01	Range	0~9	Default	9	Unit	-
	Activation	After restart			Index	2001h
	Set value to use following control modes:					<u>/</u>
	Value	Content		Details		
				Dotano		
	0-8	Reserved	Reserved	Dotaile		

	Label	Real time Auto Gain Adjusting	Mode		F	
P00.02	Range	0x0~0xFFF	Default	0x001	Unit	_
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2002h

2	Data bits	Category	Settings	Application
9			motion charact to select mode mode 2 when i	otion setting mode, which can be selected according to the teristics or setting requirements. Generally, it is recommended a 1 with good generality when there is no special requirement, rapid positioning is needed If mode 1 and mode 2 cannot meet ats, please choose mode 0.
			0: Manual	P00.03 invalid. Gain value must be adjusted manually and accordingly.
	0x00_	Motion setting mode	1: Standard	P00.03 valid. Quick gain adjusting can be achieved by changing P00.03 stiffness value. Gain switching is not used in this mode, suitable for applications with requirements for stability.
			2: Positioning	P00.03 valid. Quick gain adjusting can be achieved by changing P00.03 stiffness value. This mode is suitable for applications requiring quick positioning. Not recommended for load mounted vertically to ground, or please compensate for the load using P06.07
			Used to select mechanical str	the load type, choose according to load-inertia ratio and ucture.
		Load	0: Rigid structure	This mode prioritizes system responsiveness. Use this mode when there is a relatively rigid structure with low load inertia. Typical application including directly connected high-precision gearbox, lead screw, gears, etc.
	0x0_0	type setting	1: High inertia	For applications with higher load inertia (10 times or above), gain settings take into account both machine stability and responsiveness. Not recommended to set stiffness above 15 for high load inertia.
			2: Flexible structure	This mode is selected when the load is a less rigid flexible structure and the load inertia is larger, the inertia ratio P00.04 needs to be set accurately using this mode. Typical structures are long belts, chains and other structures.
	0x_00	Reserved		

The setting type combination is a hexadecimal standard, as follows:

and type combination is a mortal command that and a combine	
Setting type combination	Application type
0X000	Rigid structure + Manual
0X001	Rigid structure +Standard
0X002	Rigid structure +Positioning
0X010	High inertia + Manual
0X011	High inertia + Standard
0X012	High inertia + Positioning
0X020	Flexible structure + Manual
0X021	Flexible structure +Standard
0X022	Flexible structure +Positioning

P00.03	Label	Real time auto stiffness adjusting	Mode		F	
P00.03	Range	0 ~ 31	Default	11	Unit	_
	Activation	Immediate	•		Index	2003h
Valid when	P00.03 = 1,2					
	Low —	Mechanical stiffn Servo gain			High High	
0.1		11.12.13			30·	31
	Low —	Responsiven	ess 🗲		High	
vi to	bration might of the stiffness s	sure better system responsiveness occur, please set accordingly. Please ettings. 0x010, please set stiffness level to a	e stop the m			

	Label	Inertia ratio	Mode		F	
P00.04	Range	0~20000	Default	250	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2004h

P00.04=(load inertia/motor rotational inertia)×100%

Set inertia ratio according to actual load inertia. When both are uniform, actual motor velocity loop responsiveness and gain settings will be consistent. If inertia ratio is greater than actual value, velocity loop gain settings will be higher and vice versa. For motors with high inertia, P00.04 can be left unfilled but optimal setting of P00.04 could improve system performance.

	Label	Command polarity invers	sion Moc	le		F			
P00.06	Range	0 ~ 1	Defa	ault	0	Unit			
	Activation	After restart				Index	2006h		
Used to change the rotational direction of the motor.									
Set value		Details							
0	,	Polarity of the command is not inversed. The direction of rotation is consistent with the polarity of command.							
1	Polarity of command is inversed. The direction of rotation is opposite to the polarity of command.								

Note: Rotational direction of the motor is recommended to be set through object dictionary 607E. However, P00.06 has higher priority than object dictionary 607E. 607E only takes effect when P00.06 = 0.

		Label	Probe signal polarity settings	Mode		F	
	P00.07	Range	0~3	Default	3	Unit	_
		Activation	After restart			Index	2007h
	Probe signal polarity settings take effect when P00.01 = 9						
	Set value		Details				
	0	Probe 1 & 2	polarity inversion				
	1	Probe 2 pola	arity inversion				
	2	Probe 1 pola	Probe 1 polarity inversion				
Ľ	3	No polarity in	larity inversion for probe 1 & 2				

P00.08	Label	Command pulse counts per revolution	Mode		F		
	Range	0~8388608	Default	0	Unit	P-	
	Activation	After restart			Index	2008h	
	Pulses per revolution can be set using object dictionary 608F, 6091, 6092. However, P00.08						
	has higher p	riority.					

P00.09	Label	1st command frequency divider/multiplier numerator	Mode		F		
	Range	0~2147483647	Default	1	Unit	P-	
	Activation	After restart			Index	2009h	
	This parame	ter corresponds to object dictionary 60	091-01. Mod	difying this pa	arameter is	s the	
	same as changing object dictionary 6091-01 value.						
	Valid when F	200.08 = 0.					

P00.10	Label	1st command frequency divider/multiplier denominator	Mode		F			
	Range	0~2147483647	Default	1	Unit	P-		
	Activation	After restart			Index	2010h		
	This parame	eter corresponds to object dictionary 60	091-02. Mod	difying this pa	arameter is	s the		
	same as changing object dictionary 6091-02 value.							
	Valid when P00.08 = 0.							

	Label	Encoder pulse outp	ut per revolution	Mode	F				
P00.11	Range	1~65535		Default	2500	Unit	P/r		
	Activation	After restart				Index	2011h		
Including rising and falling edge of encoder phase A and B,									
	encoder actu	ual differential output	pulse count = P0	0.011 x 4					
	Please make sure: Motor rotational speed x P00.11 x 4≤1MHz. If exceeds, alarm Er280								
	might occur.								

	Label	Pulse output lo	gic inversion	Mode		F			
P00.12	Range	0~1	<u> </u>	Default	0	Unit	_		
	Activation	After restart			-	Index	2012h		
	pulse logic a Pulse outpu P00.12		out source from enconase relation between CW direction A-phase	n Phase A	and Phase E		ase		
	[0]	Not inverted	B-phase		B-phase				
	[1]	Inverted	A-phase B-phase		A-phase				
	Label	1st Torque Limit		Mode		F			
P00.13	Range	0~500		Default	300	Unit	%		
	Activation	Immediate				Index	2013h		
	1 st torque lin	torque limit is set according to ratio percentage of motor rated current. Do not exceed max							
	driver output current.								
	Actual torque limit is the smaller value of P00.13 and object dictionary 6072								

	Label	Excessive Position	n Deviation	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
P00.14		Settings					
	Range	0~500		Default	30	Unit	0.1rev
	Activation	Immediate			•	Index	2014h

Please set threshold value for position deviation accordingly. Default factory setting = 30, Er180 will be triggered if positive deviation is in excess of 3 revolutions.

	Label	Absolute Encode	r settings	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
P00.15	Range	0~32767		Default	0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate				Index	2015h

Set the type of absolute encoder and how to use it.

- 0: Incremental mode: No power off position memory function. There is no restriction on the device load travelling range required.
- Multi-turn linear mode: Enables multi-turn absolute function with position memory. It is used in the case where the travelling range of the equipment load is fixed and the data of the encoder will not be overflowed in multi-turns.
- 2: Multi-turn rotary mode: Enable multi-turn absolute value function, with position power off memory function, the actual feedback multi-turn data cycling back and forth between 0~(P06.63+1); used for the occasions where the load range of the equipment is not limited.
- 3: Single-turn absolute value mode: this mode is mainly used for equipment loads only need to remember the position of the motor within one turn. The initial position of the feedback after each power-on is the current position feedback calculated by the coordinate system after the last back to the original operation 6064. no need to carry out the back to the original operation.
- Clear the multi-turn alarm. After normal clearing, it will change to the original multi-turn mode automatically, if it is still 5 after 3s, it will be processed according to 153 alarm.
- Clear multiturn position and reset multiturn alarm. Automatically changes to original multiturn mode after normal clearing, if it is still 9 after 3s, then process according to 153 alarm.

Note: Use after mechanical zeroing, and only respond to clearing multiturn data under disable condition!

Other: Do not set.

	Label	Regenerative resistance	Mode		F	
P00.16	Range	25~500	Default	100	Unit	Ohm
	Activation	Immediate	•	•	Index	2016h
To set resistance value of regenerative resistor						

	Label	Regenerative resistor power rating	Mode		F		
P00.17	Range	20~10000	Default	50	Unit		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2017h	

To set power rating of regenerative resistor.

Driver	Resistance(Ω)	Power Rating(W)
E-DFAS01E	100	50
E-DFAS04E	100	50
E-DFAS08E	50	75
E-DFAS10E	50	75

P00.16 and P00.17 determines the threshold value of Er 120. Please set accordingly or it might trigger false alarm or damage to servo driver.

Note: If external regenerative resistor is used, please set according to its labeled power rating.

	Label	Friction compensation setting	Mode		F			
P00.19	Range	0~1000	Default 0		Unit	-		
	Activation	Immediate			Index			
Friction compensation setting = 0, default = 1; Friction compensation setting = x, indicating x+1/10000 of friction compensation runway;								

	Label	EtherCAT slave ID	Mode		F	
P00.23	Range	0~32767	Default	2	Unit	-
	Activation	After restart			Index	2023h
Set ID number of the slave station under EtherCAT mode						
	Label	Source of slave ID	Mode		F	
P00.24	Dongo	0~1	Default	1	Unit	
F00.24	Range	0~1	Delault		j	-
P00.24	Activation	After restart	Delault	1	Index	2024h
P00.24	Activation					2024h

Label Synchronous compensation time 1 Mode				CSP			
P00.25	0.25 Range 1~100 Default 10		Unit	0.1us			
	Activation	After restart			Index	2025h	
	Synchronous dithering compensation range. Used for master device with poor						
	synchronization.						

	Label Synchronous compensation time 2 Mode CSF							
P00.26	Range 1~2000 Default 50			Unit	0.1us			
	Activation	After restart			Index 2026h			
	Synchronous dithering compensation range. Used for master device with poor							
	synchronization.							

D00.07	Label	Synchronization mode command delay cycle counts	Mode	CSP			
P00.27	Range	0~50	Default	0	Unit	-	
	Activation	After restart			Index 2027h		
	Driver delays N position loop cycle counts to receive position command from master device.						
	To solve mo	otor jitters caused by master devices with poor synchronization.					

P00.28	Label	CSP mode safe self-running position setting	Mode		CSP			
PUU.20	Range	500~30000	Default 0		Unit	10000-		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2028h		
	Synchronous dithering compensation range. Used for master device with poor synchronization.							
	Label	Probe 1 compensation value	Mode		F	μs 2040h		
P00.40	Range	-2147483648~- 2147483648	Default	0	Unit	μs		
	Activation	ctivation Immediate						
	Action time	when compensation probe 1 is turned	on/off					
	Label	Probe2 compensation value	Mode		F			
P00.41	Range	-2147483648~- 2147483648	Default	0	Unit	μs		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2041h		
Action time when compensation probe 2 is turned on/off								

5.2.2 [Class 1] Gain Adjustments

	Label	1 st position loop gain	Mode	PP	HM	CSP		
P01.00	Range	0~30000	Default	320	Unit	0.1hz		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2100h		
Higher position loop gain value improves the responsiveness of the servo driver and lessens								
	the positioning time.							
	Position loop	gain value shouldn't exceed r	esponsiveness o	f the mecl	nanical sys	tem and		
	take in consi	ideration velocity loop gain, if r	ot it might cause	vibration,	mechanica	al noise and		
	overtravel.							
	As velocity lo	As velocity loop gain is based on position loop gain, please set both values accordingly.						
	Recommend	ded range: 1.2≤P01.00/P01.01:	≤1.8					

	Label	1 st velocity loop gain	Mode		F	
P01.01	Range	1~32767	Default	180	Unit	0.1Hz
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2101h

To determine the responsiveness of the velocity loop. If inertia ratio of P00.04 is uniform with actual inertia ratio, velocity loop responsiveness = P01.01.

To increase position loop gain and improve responsiveness of the whole system, velocity loop gain must be set at higher value. Please note that if the velocity loop gain is too high, it might cause vibration.

P01.02	Label	1 st Integral Time Constant of Velocity Loop	Mode		F	
	Range	1~10000	Default	310	Unit	0.1ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2102h

If auto gain adjusting function is not enabled, P01.02 is activated.

The lower the set value, the closer the lag error at stop to 0 but might cause vibration. If the value set is overly large, overshoot, delay of positioning time duration and lowered responsiveness might occur.

Set 10000 to deactivate P01.02.

Recommended range: $50000 \le P01.01xP01.02 \le 150000$

For example: Velocity loop gain P01.01=500(0.1Hz), which is 50Hz. Integral time constant of velocity loop should be $100 \ (0.1ms) \le P01.02 \le 300 \ (0.1ms)$

	Label	1st velocity detection	on filter	Mode		F	
P01.03	Range	0~10000		Default	15	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate				Index	2103h

This filter is a low pass filter. It blocks high frequencies which cause system instability from velocity feedback data. The higher the set value, lower frequencies will be blocked and velocity responsiveness will also be lowered. P01.03 needs to match velocity loop gain. Please refer to the following table.

Value	Velocity Detection Filter Cut-off Frequency (Hz)	Value	Velocity Detection Filter Cut-off Frequency (Hz)
0	2500	16	750
1	2250	17	700
2	2100	18	650
3	2000	19	600
4	1800	20	550
5	1600	21	500
6	1500	22	450
7	1400	23	400
8	1300	24	350
9	1200	25	300
10	1100	26	250
11	1000	27	200
12	950	28	175
13	900	29	150
14	850	30	125
【15】	800	31	100

	Label	1 st Torque Filter Time Constant	Mode	F		
P01.04	Range	0~2500	Default	126	Unit	0.01ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2104h

To set torque command low-pass filter, add a filter delay time constant to torque command and filter out the high frequencies in the command.

Often used to reduce or eliminate some noise or vibration during motor operation, but it will reduce the responsiveness of current loop, resulting in undermining velocity loop and position loop control. P01.04 needs to match velocity loop gain.

Recommended range: 1,000,000/(2π×P01.04) ≥P01.01×4

For example: Velocity loop gain P01.01=180(0.1Hz) which is 18Hz. Time constant of torque filter should be P01.01≤221(0.01ms)

If mechanical vibration is due to servo driver, adjusting P01.04 might eliminate the vibration. The smaller the value, the better the responsiveness but also subjected to machine conditions. If the value is too large, it might lower the responsiveness of current loop. With higher P01.01 value settings and no resonance, reduce P01.04 value;

With lower P01.01 value settings, increase P01.04 value to lower motor noise.

	Label	2 nd Position Loop Gain	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
P01.05	Range	0~30000	Default	380	Unit	0.1/s
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2105h
	Label	2 nd velocity loop gain	Mode		F	
P01.06	Range	1~32767	Default	180	Unit	0.1Hz
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2106h
	Label	2 nd Integral Time Constant of	Mode		F	
P01.07		Velocity Loop				
FU1.01	Range	1~10000	Default	10000	Unit	0.1ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2107h
	Label	2 nd velocity detection filter	Mode		F	
P01.08	Range	1~31	Default	15	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2108h
	Label	2 nd Torque Filter Time Constant	Mode		F	
P01.09	Range	0~2500	Default	126	Unit	0.01ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2109h

Position loop, velocity loop, velocity detection filter, torque command filter each have 2 pairs of gain or time constant (1st and 2nd)

	Label	Velocity feed forward gain	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
P01.10	Range	0~1000	Default	300	Unit	0.10%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2110h

Used for decreasing following error caused by low responsiveness of velocity loop. Might cause overshoot or increase in noise if set value is too high.

D04.44	Label	Velocity feed forward filter time constant	Mode	PP	нм	CSP
P01.11	Range	0~6400	Default	50	Unit	0.01ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2111h

Set velocity feed forward low pass filter to eliminate high or abnormal frequencies in velocity feed forward command. Often used when position command with low resolution or high electronic gear ration to smoothen velocity feed forward.

Position deviation under constant velocity can be lowered with higher velocity feed forward gain. Please to refer to the equation below.

 $\text{Position deviation[Unit]=} \ \frac{\textit{Set velocity}[\frac{\textit{Uint}}{\textit{S}}]}{\textit{Position loop gain[Hz]}} \ x \ \frac{100 - \textit{Velocity feed foward gain[\%]}}{100}$

	Label	Torque feed forward gain	Mode	PP	PV	НМ	CSP	CSV
P01.12	Range	0~1000	Default	0	7	Jnit	0.19	6
	Activation	Immediate		•	I	ndex	2112	2h

Before using torque feed forward, please set correct inertia ratio P00.04. By increasing torque feed forward gain, position deviation on constant acceleration/deceleration can be reduced to close to 0. Under ideal condition and trapezoidal speed profile, position deviation

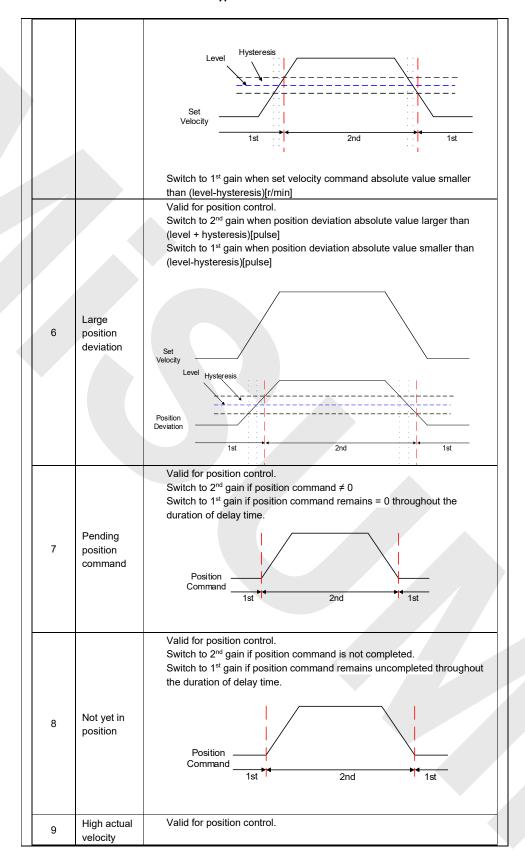
of the whole motion can be reduced to close to 0. In reality, perturbation torque will always exist, hence position deviation can never be 0.

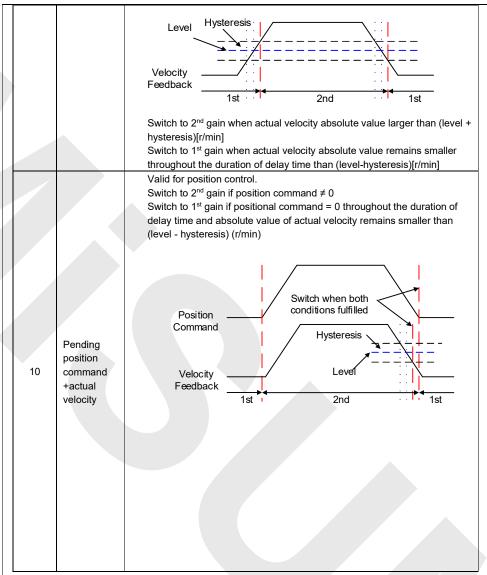
D01 12	Label	Torque feed forward filter time constant	Mode	PP	PV	НМ	CSP	CSV
P01.13	Range	0~6400	Default	0		Unit	0.01	ms
	Activation	Immediate				Index	2113	3h

Low pass filter to eliminate abnormal or high frequencies in torque feed forward command. Usually used when encoder has lower resolution or precision.

Noise reduces if torque feed forward filter time constant is set higher but position deviation will increase at acceleration varied points.

	P01.15	Label	Position control gain switching mode	Mode		F	
ı		Range	0~11	Default	0	Unit	-
		Activation	Immediate			Index	2115h
	Set Value	Condition	Gain switching condition				
	0	1 st gain fixed	Fixed on using 1 st gain (P01.00-P0				
	1	2 nd gain fixed	Fixed on using 2 nd gain (P01.05-P0)1.09)			
	2	Reserved					
	3	High set torque	Switch to 2 nd gain when set tore (level + hysteresis)[%] Switch to 1 st gain when set tore (level + hysteresis)[%] Hysteresis Accelerati Level Set Torque 1st 2nd	ue command	d absolute		ller than
	4	Reserved	-				
	5	High set velocity	Valid for position and velocity of Switch to 2 nd gain when set velocity (level + hysteresis)[r/min]		nd absolut	e value lar	ger than





For position control mode, set P01.15=3,5,6,9,10;

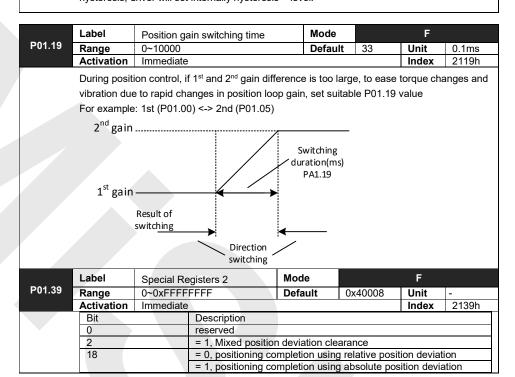
For velocity control mode, set P01.15=3,5,9;

** Above 'level' and 'hysteresis' are in correspondence to P01.17 Position control gain switching level and P01.18 Hysteresis at position control switching.

	Label	Position conf	trol gain switching level	Mode		F	
P01.17	Range	0~20000	0	Default	50	Unit	As set
	Activation	Immediate				Index	2117h
	Set threshol	d value for ga	in switching to occur.				
	Unit is mode	dependent.					
	Switching	condition	Unit				
	Position		Encoder pulse count				
	Velocity		RPM				
	Torque		%	1			
	Please set le	evel ≥ hystere	sis	_			

	Label	Hysteresis at position control switching	Mode		F	
P01.18	Range	0~20000	Default	33	Unit	As P01.17
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2118h

To eliminate the instability of gain switching. Used in combination with P01.17 If level< hysteresis, driver will set internally hysteresis = level.



5.2.3 【Class 2】 Vibration Suppression

	Label	Adaptive filtering m	node settings	Mode		F			
P02.00	Range	0~4		Default	0	Unit	-		
	Activation	Immediate				Index	2200h		
	Set value		De	scription					
	0	Adaptive filter: invalid	Parameters rela	ted to 3 rd ar	nd 4 th notch	h filter rem	ain		
	1	Adaptive filter: 1 filter valid for once.	parameters updated accordingly. P02.00 switches automatically to 0 once updated. 1 adaptive filter becomes valid. 3 rd notch filter related						
	2	Adaptive filter: 1 filter remains valid							
	3-4	Reserved	eserved -						
				•	•	•			

	Label	1 st notch frequency	Mode		F				
P02.01	Range	50~4000	Default	4000	Unit	Hz			
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2201h			
Set center frequency of 1st torque command notch filter. Set P02 01 to 4000 to deactivate notch filter.									

	Label	1 st notch bandwidt	h	Mode		F	
P02.02	Range	0~20		Default	4	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate				Index	2202h
	0 1 1 1	1 1 141 5 4 of					

Set notch bandwidth for 1st resonant notch filter.

Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with P02.01 and P02.03, P02.02 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.

P02.03	Label	1st notch depth		Mode		F	
	Range	0~99		Default	0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate				Index	2203h

Set notch depth for 1st resonant notch filter.

Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with P02.01 and P02.02, P02.03 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings

	Label	2 nd notch frequency	Mode		F		
P02.04	Range	50~4000	Default	4000	Unit	Hz	
	Activation	Immediate			Index		
Set center frequency of 2 nd torque command notch filter.							
	Set P02.04 t	to 4000 to deactivate notch filter					

P02.05	Label	2 nd notch bandwidth	Mode		F	
	Range	0~20	Default	4	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2205h
	Set notch ba	andwidth for 2 nd resonant notch filter.				

Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with P02.04 and P02.06, P02.05 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.

	Label	2 nd notch depth	Mode		F	
P02.06	Range	0~99	Default	0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2206h

Set notch depth for 1st resonant notch filter.

When P02.06 value is higher, notch depth becomes shallow, phase lag reduces. Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with P02.04 and P02.05, P02.06 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.

	Label	3 rd notch frequency	Mode		F	
P02.07	Range	50~4000	Default	4000	Unit	Hz
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2207h

Set center frequency of 3rd torque command notch filter.

Set P02.07 to 4000 to deactivate notch filter

P02.08	Label	3 rd notch bandwidth	Mode		F	
	Range	0~20	Default	4	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2208h
	Set notch bandwidth for 3 rd resonant notch filter.					

Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings.

P02.09	Label	3 rd notch depth	Mode		F	
	Range	0~99	Default	0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2209h

Set notch depth for 3rd resonant notch filter.

When P02.09 value is higher, notch depth becomes shallow, phase lag reduces.

	Labei	1 damping frequency	Mode	Г		
P02.14	Range	0~2000	Default	0	Unit	0.1Hz
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2214h

Set the first damping frequency to suppress the shaking at the end of the vibration. Please measure the vibration frequency at the end of the load and set it in 0.1[Hz].

Note: Suppresses sloshing at the end of the load. It is generally used to suppress the shaking of the elastic end of the load caused by the high deceleration impact when the motor is stopped. For the frequency within 100Hz shaking suppression effect is obvious. When in use, set this parameter to the frequency of shaking

Value	Description					
0	Turn off the low frequency					
	suppression function					
10~2000	Set the damping frequency (0.1Hz in unit)					

	Label	2 nd damping frequency	Mode		F	
P02.16	Range	0~2000	Default	0	Unit	0.1Hz
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2216h

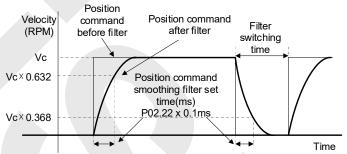
Set the second damping frequency to suppress the shaking at the end of the vibration. Please measure the vibration frequency at the end of the load and set it in 0.1[Hz].

Note: Suppresses sloshing at the end of the load. It is generally used to suppress the shaking of the elastic end of the load caused by the high deceleration impact when the motor is stopped. For the frequency within

P02.22	Label	Position command smoothing filter	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
	Range	0~32767	Default	300	Unit	0.1ms
	Activation	After stopping			Index	2222h

To set time constant of 1 time delay filter of position command.

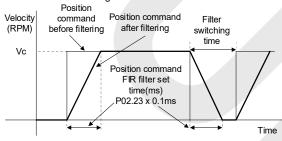
To set time constant of 1 time delay filter, according to target velocity Vc square wave command as show below.



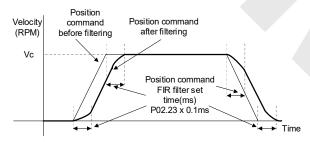
Usually applied when there is rather sharp acceleration which might cause motor overshoot or undershoot. To smoothen command signal, reduces impact to machines and eliminate vibration. If P02.22 is set too high, overall time will be lengthened.

P02.23 Range 0~10000 Default 0 Unit 0.1ms
Activation After disabling Index 2223h

As shown below, when target velocity Vc square wave command reaches Vc, it becomes trapezoidal wave after filtering.



As shown below, when target velocity Vc trapezoidal command reaches Vc, it becomes S wave after filtering.



Usually applied when there is rather sharp acceleration which might cause motor overshoot or undershoot. To smoothen command signal, reduces impact to machines and eliminate vibration. If P02.23 is set too high, overall time will be lengthened.

**Please wait for command to stop and after filter idle time to modify P02.23. Filter switching time = (P02.23 set value x 0.1ms + 0.25ms)

		Label	5 th resonant frequency	Mode		F	
ı	P02.31	Range	50~4000	Default	4000	Unit	Hz
ı		Activation	Immediate			Index	2231h
ſ		To set zero-	valued eigenfrequency of 5 th resonant	notch filter.	P02.31 co	rresponds	to
	machine specific resonant frequency.						
		Notch filter deactivated if P02.31 is set to any value.					

	Label	5 th resonant Q value	Mode		F			
P02.32	Range	0~10000	Default	0	Unit	Hz		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2232h		
To set notch Q value of 5 th resonant notch filter								
		T	T		_			
	Label	5 th anti-resonant frequency	Mode		F			
P02.33	Label Range	5 th anti-resonant frequency 50~4000	Mode Default	4000	F Unit	Hz		
P02.33				4000	-	Hz 2233h		

	Label	5 th anti-resonant Q value	Mode		F			
P02.34	Range	0~9900	Default	0	Unit	Hz		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2234h		
To set resonant Q value of 5 th resonant notch filter								

	Label	6 th resonant frequency	Mode		F			
P02.35	Range	50~4000	Default	4000	Unit	Hz		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2235h		
	To set zero-	valued eigenfrequency of 6th resonant	notch filter.	P02.35 co	rresponds	to		
	machine-specific resonant frequency.							
Notch filter deactivated if P02.35 is set to any value.								

	Label	6 th resonant Q value	Mode		F			
P02.36	Range	0~10000	Default	0	Unit	Hz		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2236h		
To set notch Q value of 6 th resonant notch filter								
	Label	6 th anti-resonant frequency	Mode	F				
P02.37	Range	50~4000	Default	4000	Unit	Hz		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2237h		
		valued eigenfrequency of 6 th resonant ecific anti-resonant frequency.	notch filter.	P02.37 co	rresponds	to		
	Label	6 th anti-resonant Q value	Mode		F			
P02.38	Range	0~9900	Default	0	Unit	Hz		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2238h		
	To set reson	ant Q value of 6 th resonant notch filte	r					

	Label	Adjustment mode	Mode		F			
P02.48	Range	0~1	Default	0	Unit	-		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2248h		
	To turn on/off automatic adjustments							
	Set value	Des	scription					
	[0]	Turn off automatic adjustments						
	1	Activate automatic adjustments, real time inertia measuring and vibration suppression. Inertia measuring deactivated after reaching 4 times in 5 minutes, triggering conditions: changes in mechanical stiffness.						

	Label	MFC type	Mode	PP		CSP
P02.50	Range	0~3	Default	0	Unit	Hz
	Activation	After restart			Index	2250h
	Set value	Des	cription			
	[0]	Model following control				
	1	Zero tracking control				
	2	3 inertia (future upgrade)				
	3	Path following (future upgrade)				

P02.51	Label	Velocity feedforward compensation coefficient	Mode	PP		CSP
	Range	-10000~ 10000	Default	0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2251h
	To compens	ate for velocity feedforward				

P02.52	Label	Torque feedforward compensation coefficient	Mode	PP	PV	CSP	csv
	Range	-10000~ 10000	Default	0	Unit	: -	
	Activation	Immediate			Inde	x 2	252h
	To compens	ate for velocity feedforward					

	Label	Dynamic friction compensation	Mode		F	
P02.53		coefficient				
	Range	0~1000	Default	0	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2253h

To set ratio of rated torque/rated rotational speed, to compensate for dynamic friction during motion and have better control over acceleration/deceleration.

When there is an excess position deviation during acceleration/deceleration, please adjust P02.53 to reduce the deviation to 0.

	Label	Overtravel time coefficient	Mode		F	
P02.54	Range	0~10000	Default	0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2254h

To set overtravel time coefficient

	Label	Overtravel suppression gain	Mode		F			
P02.55	Range	0~1000	Default	0	Unit	-		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2255h		
Suppression improves with larger set value but might affect the performance of MFC. Please								
use with caution for any value above 100.								

5.2.4 【Class 3】 Velocity Control

	Label	Acceleration time		Mode	PV		CSV
P03.12	Range	0~10000	Default	0	Unit	ms/(1000RPM)
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2312	!h
	Label	Deceleration time		Mode	PV		CSV
P03.13	Range	0~10000	Default	0	Unit	ms/(1000RPM)
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2313	h

Set max acceleration/deceleration for velocity command.

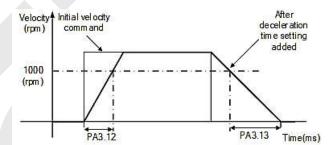
If target velocity = x [rpm], max acceleration = a [unit: rpm/ms], acceleration time = t [ms]

P03.12 = 1000/a

P03.13 = 1000/a

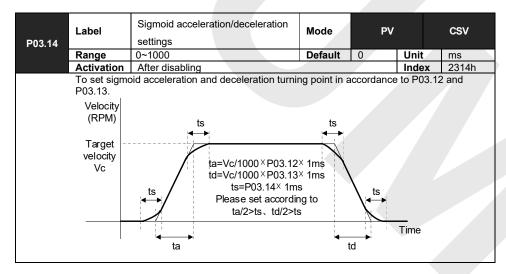
a = x/t

For example: If motor is to achieve 1500rpm in 30s, *a=1500/30=50rpm/ms* P03.12 = 1000/*a*= 20. Hence when P03.12 = 20, motor can achieve 1500rpm in 30s.



Usually used when there is rapid acceleration or trapezoidal wave velocity command due to many different internal speed segments under velocity control mode which causes instable while motor in motion.

Under velocity control mode, 6083 and 6084 is limited by P03.12 and P03.13 correspondingly.



	Set value	Zero speed clamp function				
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2315h
	Range	0~3	Default	0	Unit	-
P03.15	Label	Zero speed clamp function selection	Mode		F	

0	Invalid: zero speed clamp deactivated	Ī
1	Velocity command is forced to 0 when the zero speed clamp (ZEROSPD) input signal is valid.	
2	Velocity command is forced to 0 when actual velocity is lower than P03.16.]
3	Includes conditions from 1 and 2	1

P03.16	Label	Zero speed clamp level	Mode	PV		CSV
	Range	0~2000	Default	30	Unit	rpm
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2316h
		1: 6 1: 0 1 1 1		D00.4	0 1 6	

Velocity command is forced to 0 when actual velocity is lower than P03.16 and after static time set in P03.23

	Label	Zero speed clamp static time	Mode	PV		CSV	
P03.23	Range	0~32767	Default	0	Unit	ms	
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2323h	
	To set delay t	ime for zero speed clamp.					
	To prevent creeping at low speed, velocity command forced to 0 when velocity goes under						
	P03.16 after	time set in P03.23					
	Label	Maximum motor speed limit	Mode	PV		CSV	
P03.24	Range	0~10000	Default	0	Unit	r/min	
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2324h	
	Sets the ma	ximum allowable motor speed. Set "0"	as the defa	ult maximu	ım speed	limit of the	
	motor parameter maximum speed, compare with the value of 6080h limit, and take the						
	minimum va	lue of the two as the maximum speed	limit value				

5.2.5 【Class 4】 I/O Interface Setting

	Label	Input selection DI1	Mode		F	
P04.00	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2400h
	Label	Input selection DI2	Mode		F	
P04.01	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2401h
	Label	Input selection DI3	Mode		F	
P04.02	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2402h
	Label	Input selection DI4	Mode		F	
P04.03	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2403h
	Label	Input selection DI5	Mode		F	
P04.04	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	/-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2404h
P04.05	Label	Input selection DI6	Mode		F	
	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2405h

Digital input DI allocation using hexadecimal system

		value		
Input	Symbol	Normally open	Normally close	0x60FD(bit)
Invalid	_	00h	-	×
Positive limit switch	POT	01h	81h	Bit1
Negative limit switch	NOT	02h	82h	Bit0
Clear alarm	A-CLR	04h	-	×
Forced alarm	E-STOP	14h	94h	Bit23
Home switch	HOME-SWITCH	16h	96h	Bit2

- Please don't set anything other than listed in table above.

 Normally open: Valid when input = ON Normally close: Valid when input = OFF
- Er210 might occur if same function is allocated to different channels at the same time
- Channel that has no value doesn't affect driver motion.
- Front panel is of hexadecimal system.

P04.00~P04.05 corresponds to DI1~DI6, which can be connected to external sensor signals, and the master control can read bit4~bit9 of 60FDh directly to get the real status of DI1~DI6. P04.03/P04.04 corresponds to DI4/DI5, the default setting is 0x0, which is used as probe signal input.

	Label	Output selection DO1	Mode		F	
P04.10	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2410h
	Label	Output selection DO2	Mode		F	
P04.11	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2411h
	Label	Output selection DO3	Mode		F	
P04.12	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2412h

Digital output DO allocation using hexadecimal system.

Outroot	Oh. al	Set v	alue
Output	Symbol	Normally open	Normally close
Master device control	_	00h	-
Alarm	ALM	01h	81h
Servo-Ready	S-RDY	02h	82h
External brake released	BRK-OFF	03h	83h
Positioning completed	INP	04h	84h
At-speed	AT-SPEED	05h	85h
Torque limit signal	TLC	06h	86h
Zero speed clamp detection	ZSP	07h	87h
Velocity coincidence	V-COIN	08h	88h
Position command ON/OFF	P-CMD	0Bh	8Bh
Velocity limit signal	V-LIMIT	0Dh	8Dh
Velocity command ON/OFF	V-CMD	0Fh	8Fh
Servo status	SRV-ST	12h	92h
Homing done	HOME-OK	22h	A2h
DB brake output	-	2Dh	AD
Z-phase output	-	2Eh	AE

Please don't set any other than the outputs listed in the table above.

- Normally open: Active low
- · Normally close: Active high
- Front panel is of hexadecimal system.

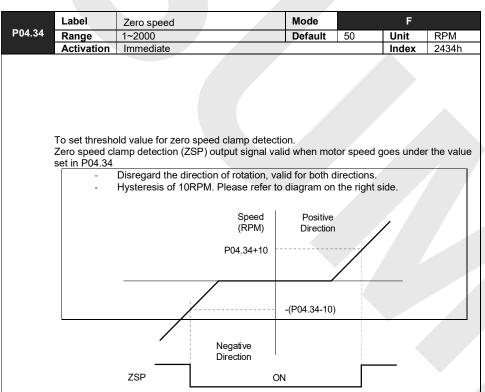
P04.10 - P04.12 corresponds to DO1 – DO3. If all parameters are set to 0, master device controls the outputs, object dictionary 0x60FE sub-index 01 bit16-18 corresponds to DO1-DO3.

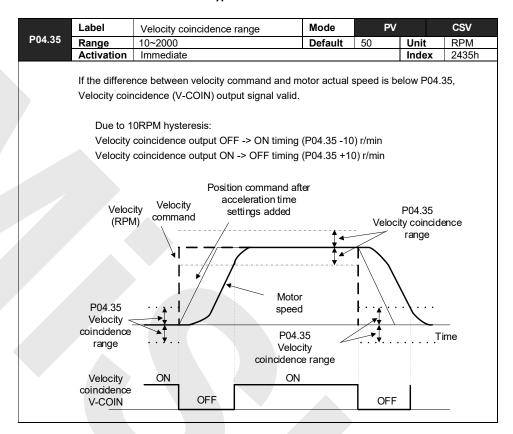
D04.04	Label	Positioning complete range	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
P04.31	Range	0~10000	Default	20	Unit	Command
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2431h

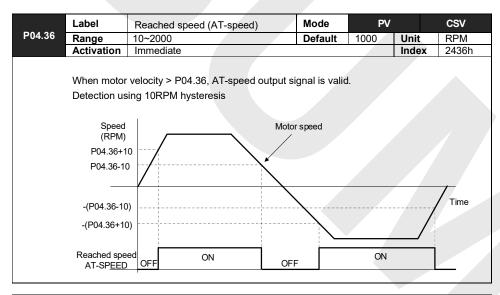
To set position deviation range of INP1 positioning completed output signal.

	Label	Positioning complete output settings	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP				
P04.32	Range	0~4	Default	1	Unit	-				
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2432h				
	Output conditions of INP1 positioning completed output signal									
	Set value	Positioning of	completed :	signal						
	0	Signal valid when the position devia	ition is sma	ler than	P04.31					
	1	Signal valid when there is no position smaller than P04.31	on comman	d and po	sition devi	ation is				
	2	Signal valid when there is no positic detection (ZSP) signal is ON and the P04.31		•	•					
	3	Signal valid when there is no positic smaller than P04.31. Signal ON who therwise OFF.		•						
When there is no command, position detection starts after the set in P04.33. Signal valid when there is no position command and positional smaller than P04.31.										

	Label	INP positioning delay time	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP	
P04.33	Range	0~15000	Default	0	Unit	1ms	
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2433h	
	To set delay	time when P04.32 = 3					
	Set value	Positioning completed signal					
	0	Indefinite delay time, signal ON unt	il next posit	on comr	mand		
	OFF within the time set; ON after time set. Switch OFF after receiving next						
	1-15000 position command.						



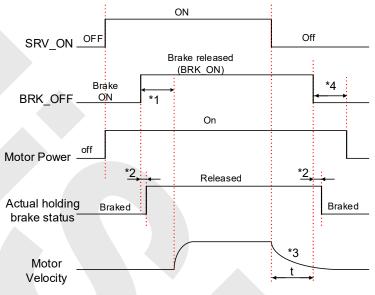




	Label	Motor power-off delay time	F						
P04.37	Range	0~3000	Default	100	Unit	1ms			
	Activation	Immediate	Index	2437h					
	To set delay time for holding brake to be activated after motor power off to prevent axis from sliding.								

P04.38	Label	Delay time for holding brake release	Mode	F		
	Range	0~3000	Default	0	Unit	1ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2438h

To set delay time for holding brake to be released after motor power on. Motor will remain at current position and input command is masked to allow holding brake to be fully released before motor is set in motion.



- *1: Delay time set in P04.38
 *2: Delay time from the moment BRK_OFF signal is given until actual holding brake is released or BRK_ON signal is given until actual holding brake is
- activated. It is dependent on the holding brake of the motor.
 *3: Deceleration time is determined by P06.14 or if motor speed goes below P04.39, whichever comes first. BRK_OFF given after deceleration time. *4: P04.37 set time value.

Delay time from the moment SRV_ON is given until BRK_OFF switch to BRK_ON, is less than 500ms.

	Label	Holding brake activ	Mode	F			
P04.39	Range	30~3000		Default	30	Unit	RPM
	Activation	Immediate				Index	2439h

To set the activation speed for which holding brake will be activated.

When SRV-OFF signal is given, motor decelerates, after it reaches below P04.39 and P06.14 is not yet reached, BRK_OFF is given.

BRK_OFF signal is determined by P06.14 or if motor speed goes below P04.39, whichever comes first.

Application:

- 1. After disabling axis, P06.14 has been reached but motor speed is still above P04.39, BRK_OFF signal given.
- 2. After disabling axis, P06.14 has not been reached but motor speed is below P04.39, BRK OFF signal given.

P04.43	Label	Emergency stop function	Mode	F		
	Range	0~1	Default	0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2443h

- 0: Emergency stop is valid, servo driver will be forced to STOP and alarm occurs.
- 1: Emergency stop is invalid, servo driver will not be forced to STOP.

P04.48	Label	Torque compensation time upon enabling	Mode			
	Range	0~3000	Default	0	Unit	ms
	Activation	Immediate				2448h

Torque compensation at the enabling of the servo driver can be turned on through P06.10. Torque compensation time is set using P04.48. Torque will increase as the motor is enabled and reduce until diminished in the time duration set in P04.48.

When P04.48 is set at default of 0s, continuous torque compensation duration will be 1000ms

5.2.6 【Class 5】 Extension settings

	Label	Driver prohibition input settings	Mode		F	
P05.04	Range	0~2	Default	0 Unit -		
	Activation	Immediate	Index	2504h		
To set driver prohibition input (POT/NOT): If set to 1, no effect on homing mode.						
	Set value	et value Description				
	0	POT → Positive direction drive prof A08) NOT →Negative direction drive pro A09)		, ,		
	1	POT, NOT Invalid, i.e., positive and negative limits are invalid				
	2	Either POT/NOT input will alarm Er260 'Positive/negative overrun input valid', when positive/negative limit is valid.				

	Label	Servo-off mode		Mode	lode F			
P05.06	Range	0~5		Default	0	Unit	-	
	Activation	After restart				Index	2506h	

To set servo driver disable mode and status.

Value	Description				
value	Mode	Status			
0	Servo braking	Dynamic braking			
1	Free stopping	Dynamic braking			
2	Dynamic braking	Dynamic braking			
3	Servo braking	Free-run			
4	Free stopping	Free-run			
5	Dynamic braking	Free-run			

	Label	Main power-off detection time	Mode		F	
P05.09	Range	50~200	Default	50	Unit	ms
	Activation	Immediate	•		Index	2509h

To set duration time for detection of main power-off or low voltage supply.

	Label	Serv	o-off due to alarm mode	Mode		F		
P05.10	Range	0~5		Default	0	Unit	-	
	Activation	Afte	r restart			Index	2510h	
	To set servo driver disable mode and status if alarm is triggered.							
	Alarm type 2	Alarm type 2:						
	Value		Description					
			Mode		Status			
	0		Servo braking	Dynamic	braking			
	1		Free stopping	Dynamic	braking			
	2		Dynamic braking	Dynamic	braking			
	3		Servo braking	Free-run				
	4		Free stopping	Free-run				
	5		Dynamic braking	Free-run				
	Alarm type 1:							
	Value		Des	cription				
	value		Mode		Status			
	0							
	1		Dynamic braking	Dynamic braking				
	2							
	3		Servo braking	Free-run				
				_				

	Label	Servo braking torque settin	g	Mode		F		
P05.11	Range	0~500		Default	0	Unit	%	
	Activation	Immediate				Index	2511h	
To set torque limit for servo braking mode.								

Free-run Free-run

If P05.11 = 0, use torque limit as under normal situation.

Free stopping

Dynamic braking

Between max. torque 6072 and P05.11, actual torque limit will take smaller value.

	Label	Overload level setting	Mode		F				
P05.12	Range	0~115	Default	0	Unit	%			
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2512h			
	If P05.12 = 0, overload level = 115%								
	Use only when overload level degradation is needed.								

	Label	Overspeed level	setting	Mode		F	
P05.13	Range	0~10000		Default	0	Unit	RPM
	Activation	Immediate				Index	2513h
	•	ed exceeds P05.13 B = 0, overspeed le	,				

	Label	I/O digital filter	Mode		F	
P05.15	Range	0~255	Default	10	Unit	0.1ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2515h
Digital filtering of I/O input. Overly large value set will cause control delay.						

	Label	Position unit s	setting	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
P05.20	Range	0~2		Default	2	Unit	-
	Activation	After restart				Index	2520h
		Set value		Unit			

Set value	Unit
0	Encoder unit
1	Command unit
2	10000 pulses/revolution

Command unit: Pulse from host (Affected by electronic gear ratio)
Encoder unit: Pulse from encoder (Related to encoder resolution)
P05.20 can only be modified when axis is disabled as it will clear position data.

	Label	Torque limit selection	Mode		F	
P05.21	Range	0~6	Default	0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2521h

Set value	Positive limit value	Negative limit value			
0	P00.13	P00.13			
1	P00.13 P05.22				
2	60E0h	60E1h			
6	60E1h	60E0h			
3~5	Res	served			

Compared with the maximum torque 6072h, the actual torque limit value is smaller.

	Label	2 nd Torque limit	Mode		F	
P05.22	Range	0~500	Default	300	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2522h

A second limit value of the motor output torque is provided. Furthermore, the parameter value is limited by the maximum torque of the applicable motor. Compared with the maximum torque 6072h, the actual torque limit value is smaller.

	Label	LED initial status	Mode		F	
P05.28	Range	0~42	Default	34	Unit	-
	Activation	After restart			Index	2528h

To set content display on front panel of the servo driver at servo driver power on.

Set value	Content	Set value	Content	Set value	Content
0	Position command deviation	15	Overload rate	30	No. of encoder communication error
1	Motor speed	16	Inertia ratio	31	Accumulated operation time
2	Position command velocity	17	No rotation cause	32	Automatic motor identification
3	Velocity control command	18	No. of changes in I/O signals	33	Driver temperature
4	Actual feedback torque	19	Number of over current signals	34	Servo status
5	Sum of feedback pulse	20	Absolute encoder data	35	1
6	Sum of command pulse	21	Single turn position	36	Synchronous period
7	Maximum torque during motion	22	Multiturn position	37	No. of synchronous loss
8	1	23	Communication axis address	38	Synchronous type
9	Control mode	24	Encoder position deviation	39	Whether DC is running or not
10	I/O signal status	25	Motor electrical angle	40	Acceleration/ Deceleration status
11	/	26	Motor mechanical angle	41	Sub-index of OD index
12	Error cause and history record	27	Voltage across PN	42	Value of sub-index of OD index
13	Alarm code	28	Software version		
14	Regenerative load rate	29	1		

	Label	Torque limit duration during homing	Mode		F	
P05.37	Range	0~5000	Default	500	Unit	ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2537h

1. Set the detection time when the torque reaches the output in PT/CST mode. When the torque reaches the set value and the set time passes, the output torque reaches the signal.

2. Set the detection time of the torque limit signal (TCL) after the output torque reaches the limit value in the torque return mode. Only applicable to torque return method -6 ~ method -1 In the torque return-zero mode, when the motor output torque reaches the limit value of P05.39 and the duration reaches the set value of this parameter, the next return to zero operation is entered.

	Label	3 rd torque limit	Mode		F			
P05.39	Range	0~500	Default	80	Unit	%		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2539h		
	Sets the torque limit when the torque returns to zero. Compared with the maximum torque							
	6072h the a	ectual torque limit value is smaller						

	Label	D41 set value	Mode		F	
P05.40	Range	0x0~0xFFFFF	Default	0X30C	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2540h
	Set object word monitored by D41, index (left 4 bits) + sub-index (right 1 bit), if monitoring					
	0x6092-01, s	et P05.40 to 0x60921.				

P05.42	Label	Frequency divider output - ABZ signal polarity	Mode		F		
	Range	0~1	Default	0	Unit	-	
	Activation	After restart			Index	2542h	
Set the polarity of the frequency division output Z signal: 0: positive polarity 1: negative							

polarity of the frequency division output 2 signal: 0: positive polarity 1: negative

P05.43	Label	Frequency divider output – Z-signal width	Mode		F					
	Range	2-100	Default	2	Unit	μs				
	Activation	After restart			Index	2543h				
Set the level holding time of the frequency division output Z signal										
frequency division output Z signal = A phase or B phase period P05.43 Set time										
		A B Z A/B cycle								
		P05.43								

	Label	Vent overload level	Mode		F	
P05.46	Range	0~115	Default	0	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2546h
	Set value Description					
	[0]	Default level: 80%				
	1~115	Set vent overload level accord	ingly			
	Label	Velocity reaches hysteresis width	Mode		F	
P05.70	Range	0~100	Default	0	Unit	0
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2570h

5.2.7 【Class 6】 Other settings

	P06.01	Label	Encoder zero position compensation	Mode		F			
J		Range	0~360	Default	0	Unit	۰		
		Activation	After restart			Index	2601h		
	Angle of the encoder after zero position calibration								

P06.03	Label	JOG trial run torque command	Mode		F			
	Range	0~350	Default	350	Unit	%		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2603h		
To set torque for JOG trial run command.								

P06.04	Label	JOG trial run velocity command	Mode		F		
	Range	0~10000	Default	30	Unit	r/min	
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2604h	
To set velocity for JOG trial run command.							

			1						
D00.05	Label	Position 3 rd gain valid time	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP			
P06.05	Range	0~10000	Default	0	Unit	0.1ms			
	Activation	Immediate	Index	2605h					
To set time for 3 rd gain to be valid									
When not in use, set P06.05=0, P06.06=100									
P06.06	Label	Position 3 rd gain scale factor	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP			
	Range	0~1000	Default	100	Unit	100%			
	Activation	Immediate	Index	2606h					
		ultiplying factor of the 1 st gain ated using P01.15 = 7.							
Above dia	·								
		mmand velocity							
(RPM)									
		Effective time	е						
P06.05 x 0.1ms									
Y		1			<u> </u>				

Position loop gain = P01.00 x P06.06/100
Velocity loop gain = P01.01 x P06.06/100
Velocity loop integral time constant, Velocity detection filter,
Torque filter time constant still uses 1st gain

3rd gain

1st gain
P01.00~P01.04

3rd gain= 1st gain * P06.06/100

2nd gain

P01.05~P01.09

Only effective under position control mode. 3^{rd} gain valid when P06.05 \neq 0. Set 3^{rd} gain value in P06.06. When 2^{nd} gain switches to 1^{st} gain, it will go through 3^{rd} , switching time is set in P01.19.

D06 07	Label	Torque command additional value	Mode	F				
P06.07	Range	-100~100	Default	0	Unit	%		
	Activation	Immediate						
To set torque forward feed additional value of vertical axis.								
	Applicable for	or loaded vertical axis, compensate co	nstant torqu	ie.				
Application: When load move along vertical axis, pick any point from the whole motion and								
stop the load at that particular point with motor enabled but not rotating. Record output								

torque value from d04, use that value as torque command additional value (compensation

P06.08	Label	Positive direction torque compensation value	Mode		F	
	Range	-100~100	Default	0	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2608h
P06.09	Label	Negative direction torque compensation value	Mode		F	
	Range	-100~100	Default	0	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2609h

To reduce the effect of mechanical friction in the movement(s) of the axis. Compensation values can be set according to needs for both rotational directions.

Applications:

1. When motor is at constant speed, d04 will deliver torque values.

Torque value in positive direction = T1

Torque value in negative direction = T2

P06.08/P06.09 =
$$T_f = \frac{T1 - T2}{2}$$

P06.10	Label	Torque compensation upon enabling	Mode		F	
	Range	0x0 ~ 0xFFFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2610h

In applications with vertical load axis, servo driver will automatically increase the motor torque to compensate for the gravitational force at enabling of the drive. In order to prevent the axis from having a slight drop and back to initial position behavior, P06.10 can be set to turn on torque compensation.

Set 0x0010 : ON Set 0x0 : OFF

P06.11	Label	Current response	setting	Mode		F	
	Range	50~100		Default	100	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate				Index	2611h
	Activation	Immediate				Index	2611h

To set driver current loop related effective value ratio

P06.14	Label	Max. time to stop after	disabling	Mode		F	
	Range	0~3000		Default	500	Unit	ms
	Activation	Immediate				Index	2614h

To set the max. time allowed for the axis to stop on emergency stop or normal axis disabling. After disabling axis, if motor speed is still higher than P04.39 but the time set in P06.14 is reached, BRK_ON given and holding brake activated.

BRK_ON given time is determined by P06.14 or when motor speed goes below P04.39, whichever comes first.

Applications:

- 1. After disabling axis, if motor speed is still higher than P04.39 but the time set in P06.14 is reached, BRK ON given and holding brake activated.
- 2. After disabling axis, if motor speed is already lower than P04.39 but the time set in P06.14 is not yet reached, BRK_ON given and holding brake activated.

P06.20	Label	Trial run distance	Mode	F			
	Range	0~1200	Default	10	Unit	0.1rev	
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2620h	

JOG (Position control): Distance travel of each motion

	Label	Trial run waiting time	Mode		F		
P06.21	Range	0~30000	Default	300	Unit	ms	
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2621h	
	JOG (Positio	on control): Waiting time after each mo	otion				
D00.00	Label	No. of trial run cycles	Mode		F		
P06.22	Range	0~32767	Default	5	Unit	-	
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2622h	
	JOG (Positio	on control): No. of cycles					
	Label	Trial run acceleration	Mode		F		
P06.25			Default 200				
P06.25	Range	0~10000	Default	200	Unit	ms/ (1000rpm)	
P06.25	Range Activation	0~10000 Immediate	Default	200	Unit Index		
P06.25	Activation		1		Index	(1000rpm) 2625h	

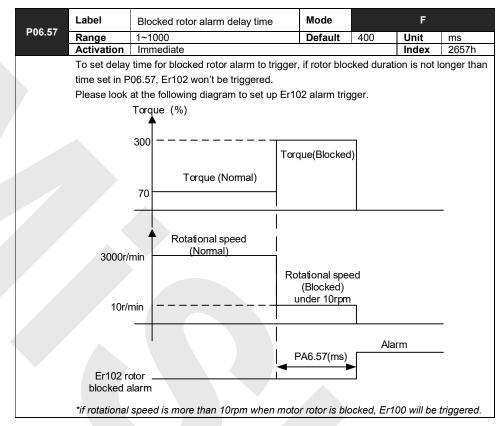
P06.28	Label	Velocity observer gain	Mode		F				
	Range	0~32767	Default	0	Unit	-			
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2628h			
0: Default stable gain; Modifications are not recommended.									

P06.29	Label	Velocity observer bandwidth									
	Range	0~32767	Default	0	-						
	Activation	Immediate		Index	2629h						
	Default stable bandwidth; Modifications are not recommended.										

P06.34	Label	Frame error window time	Mode		F					
	Range	0~32767	Default	100	Unit	-				
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2634h				
	To set EtherCAT data frame error detection window time									

D0C 25	Label	Frame error window	Mode		F					
P06.35	Range	0~32767	Default	50	Unit	-				
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2635h				
	To set EtherCAT data frame error detection window									

P06.54	Label	Absolute value rotation mode denominator setting	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP					
	Range	0~32766	Default	0	Unit	-					
	Activation	After restart	After restart								
	Used for denominator setting when the absolute encoder is set to rotary mode. Used in conjunction with P06.63 for rotary mode when P00.15=2, feedback position 6064h ranges from 0 to [(P06.63+1)/P06.54] x pulses per revolution; calculated as 1 when P06.54=0 (Note: When P00.08 ≠ 0, pulses per revolution = P00.08; when P00.08 = 0, pulses per										
	revolution =	encoder resolution × electronic gear ra	atio.)								
P06.56	Label	Blocked rotor alarm torque threshold	Mode		F						
	Range	0~300	Default	300	Unit	%					
	Activation	Immediate		•	Index	2656h					
	To set the torque threshold of blocked rotor to trigger alarm. (Alarm triggered if torque output% larger than threshold value & under 10rpm) If P06.56 = 0, blocked rotor alarm deactivated. If motor speed is 10rpm or above, Er102 won't be triggered.										



D00 50	Label	Homing mode position threshold	Mode		F					
P06.59	Range	0~100	Default	8	Unit	0.00001rev				
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2659h				
	To set position threshold for homing mode.									

D00.04	Label	Z signal holding time	Mode		F			
P06.61	Range	1~20	Default	10	Unit	ms		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2661h		
	Z signal high	level holds time setting.						
Applied to: Z signal in 60FDh and Z signal of DO output								

B00.00	Label	Absolute multiturn data upper limit	pper limit Mode		multiturn data upper limit Mode F		F		
P06.63	Range	0~32766	Default	Default 0 Unit					
	Activation Immediate Index 2663h								
Used for denominator setting when the absolute encoder is set to rotary mode. Used in conjunction with P06.63 for rotary mode when P00.15=2, feedback position 6064h ranges from 0 to [(P06.63+1)/P06.54] x pulses per revolution; calculated as 1 when P06.54=0									
	(Note: When P00.08 ≠ 0, pulses per revolution = P00.08; when P00.08 = 0, pulses per								
	revolution = encoder resolution × electronic gear ratio.)								

5.2.8 【Class 7】 Factory settings

Please take precaution when modifying Class 7 parameters. Might cause driver errors

D07.45	Label	Moto	or model		Mode		F	
P07.15	Range	0x0~	∙0x7FFF		Default	0x200	Unit	-
	Activation	Afte	r restart	Da	ta length	16 bit	Index	2715h
	Set value	•		Descri	otion			
	0x100	F	Read from EEPROM					
			ead from Encoder					
	When P07.1		(200(2xx):					
	Parameter			La	bel			
	P07.00		Current loop gain					
	P07.01		Current loop integral tir	me				
	P07.05		No. of motor pole pairs	3				
	P07.06			Motor phase resistance				
	P07.07		Motor D/Q induction					
	P07.08		Motor back EMF coefficient					
	P07.09		Motor torque coefficien	Motor torque coefficient				
	P07.10		Motor rated rotational s	speed				
	P07.11		Motor max. rotational s	speed				
	P07.12	: /	Motor rated current					
	P07.13		Motor rotor inertia					
	P07.14	. \	Driver power rating					
	P07.16		Encoder					
_	P07.17		Motor max. current					
	P07.18		Encoder index angle co	ompensat	ion			

D07.40	Label	Encoder			Mode		F	
P07.16	Range	0x0~0xFF	FF		Default	Encoder	Unit	-
	Activation	After resta	art		Data length	16 bit	Index	2716h
	Set valu	ıe	Description					
	0x0		17-bit encoder					
	0x7		2	23-bit encoder				

D07.04	Label	Vent rele	ease mode		Mode		F	
P07.31	Range	0~1			Default	-	Unit	-
	Activation	After res	tart				Index	2731h
	Firmware version 1.06 and above, please use P11.31 To set vent release mode							
	Power Ra	iting(W)	Default	Description				
	100/4	100	1	Regenera	tive electricity al	osorbed by in	ternal capaci	tor
	750 or above		0	Regenera resistor	tive electricity al	osorbed by re	generative	
			•					•

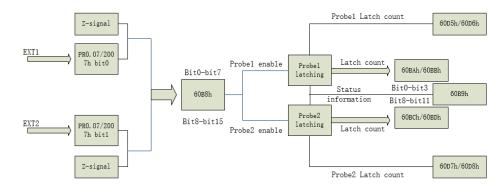
Chapter 6 Adjustment & Functional Features

6.1 Probe

Motor feedback position latching function can be realized through input signal with probe function. E-DFASxxE supports up to 2 inputs with probe function and can be used simultaneously, to record the position information corresponding to probe signal rising and falling edge. Probe 1 signal comes from CN1 terminal pin 1 and 5 differential signal. Probe 2 signal comes from CN1 terminal pin 2-6 differential signal.

	Label		gnal polarity settin		ode				
200.07	Range	0~3		De	efault	3		nit	
		After res					In	dex	2007h
		s take effe	ct when P00.01 =						
Set value				Details					
0		Probe 1 & 2 polarity inversion							
1	Probe 2 po								
2	Probe 1 po								
3	No polarity	inversion to	or probe 1 & 2						
	9, P00.07 = Cor pulse input	mmand puls	se input mode sett	ngs.					
ommand	Command p	ulse							
Polarity	input mod	de Co	ommand Pulse						
nversion			Mode		ve sign	al	Negative signal		
(P00.06)	Settings								
/	(P00.07)								
		90°	phase difference						
	0		2 phase pulse						
	or 2	(F	Phase A+ Phase						
	2		B)						
	_								
[0]		CW	pulse sequence						
	1	CVV	+						
		CCV	V pulse sequence						
		001	v pulse sequence						
		_							
	703	P	ulse sequence						
	[3]		+						
		Dir	rectional symbol						
		90°	phase difference						
	0		2 phase pulse						
	or		Phase A+Phase						
	2	,	B)						
			= /						
		CW	pulse sequence						
1	1	0	+						
	1	CCV	V pulse sequence						
		001	v paise sequence						
		Р	ulse sequence						
		'	+						
	3	Dir	ectional symbol						
		Dii	22.31141 37111501						
mmand	pulse input sig	nal max. f	requency and mir	n. duratio	n need	ed			
							needed	(118)	
Commar	nd pulse input ir	nterface	Max. Frequency	t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6
	I 5:		500 kH-				_		_
Pulse seq		ential	500 kHz	2	1	1	1	1	1
interfa	ice Open	collector	200 kHz	5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
ease set >	0.1µs for the d	uration bety	veen rising and fal	lina edae	of comr	nand pu	ılse input	signal	l
			pulse input when I						

6.1.1 Probe function



When using EXT1 or EXT2 as probe, please set as following:

- a) Set polarity of EXT 1 or EXT 2 as probe. Set the level polarity of the probes using 0x2007 / Pr0.07. Bit 0 for EXT1 signal, bit 1 for EXT2 signal
- b) Probe function is set through 0x60B8 (Bit 0-7 is for probe 1, bit8-15 is for probe 2). Functions including activation trigger signal selection, triggering mode and triggering signal edge.

Please take note:

- (i) Triggering mode: Single trigger, rising signal edge = valid; triggering mode: Continuous trigger, rising and falling edge = valid
- (ii) After activation, trigger signal selection, triggering signal edge settings, counter will be reset and 0x60B9 status will change as well.
- (iii) Probe signal level is shown in 60FD: EXT1 -> bit 26, EXT2 -> bit 27.

6.1.2 Related Objects

Index	Sub Index	Label	Access	Data Type	Units	Range	Default
2007h	00h	Probe 1 polarity setting	RW	Uint16		0~0xFFFF	1
2007h	01h	Probe 2 polarity setting	RW	Uint16		0~0xFFFF	1
60B8h	00h	Probe control word	RW	Uint16		0~65535	0
60B9h	00h	Probe status word	RO	Uint16		0~65535	0
60BAh	00h	Probe 1or Z-signal rising edge latching position	RO	int32	Command unit	- 2147483648~ 2147483647	0
60BBh	00h	Probe 1 or Z-signal falling edge latching position	RO	int32	Command unit	- 2147483648~ 2147483647	0
60BCh	00h	Probe 2 or Z-signal rising edge latching position	RO	int32	Command unit	- 2147483648~ 2147483647	0
60BDh	00h	Probe 2 or Z-signal falling edge latching position	RO	int32	Command unit	- 2147483648~ 2147483647	0
60D5h	00h	Probe 1 or Z-signal rising edge counter	RO	Uint32		0~429496729 6	0
60D6h	00h	Probe 1 or Z-signal falling edge counter	RO	Uint32		0~429496729 6	0
60D7h	00h	Probe 2 or Z-signal rising edge counter	RO	Uint32		0~429496729 6	0
60D8h	00h	Probe 2 or Z-signal falling edge counter	RO	Uint32		0~429496729 6	0

6.1.3 Signal Input of EXT1 and EXT2

EXT1: Pin1 and Pin5 of CN1 terminal

EXT2: Pin2 and Pin6 of CN1 terminal

6.1.4 Probe Control Word 60B8h

Bit	Definition	Details
0	Probe 1 enable	0Disable
		1Enable
1	Probe 1 mode	0Single trigger mode
	Probe i mode	1Continuous trigger mode
2	Probe 1 trigger signal selection	0—EXT1 signal
		1Z signal
3	Reserved	-
4	Probe 1 rising edge trigger	0Disable
		1Enable
5	Probe 1 falling edge trigger	0Disable
	Frobe Trailing edge trigger	1Enable
6-7	Reserved	-
8	Probe 2 enable	0Disable
		1Enable
9	Probe 2 mode	0Single trigger mode
	1 Tobe 2 Illode	1Continuous trigger mode
10	Probe 2 trigger signal selection	0—EXT2 signal
		1Z signal
11	Reserved	-
12	Probe 2 rising edge trigger	0Disable
		1Enable
13	Probe 2 falling edge trigger	0Disable
	Frobe 2 failing edge trigger	1Enable
14-15	Reserved	-

6.1.5 Probe Status Word 60B9h

Bit	Definition	Details
0	Probe 1 enable	0Disable
	1 TODE 1 CHADIC	1Enable
1	Probe 1 or Z-signal rising edge trigger	0 not executed
•	1 Tobe 1 of 2-signal fishing eage trigger	1 executed
2	Probe 1 or Z-signal falling edge trigger	0 not executed
	Frobe 1 of 2-signal failing edge trigger	1 executed
3-5	Reserved	-
6-7	Reserved	-
8	Probe 2 enable	0Disable
0	Flobe 2 ellable	1Enable
9	Probe 2 or Z-signal rising edge trigger	0 not executed
9	1 Tobe 2 of 2-signal fishing edge trigger	1 executed
10	Probe 2 or Z-signal falling edge trigger	0 not executed
10	Frome 2 or 2-signal failing edge trigger	1 executed
11-13	Reserved	-
14-15	Reserved	-

6.1.6 Latch Position Register

Index	Details
60BAh	Probe 1 or Z-signal rising edge latch position
60BBh	Probe 1 or Z-signal falling edge latch position
60BCh	Probe 2 or Z-signal rising edge latch position
60BDh	Probe 2 or Z-signal falling edge latch position

6.1.7 Latch Counter Register

Index	Details
60D5h	Probe 1 or Z-signal rising edge counter
60D6h	Probe 1 or Z-signal falling edge counter
60D7h	Probe 2 or Z-signal rising edge counter
60D8h	Probe 2 or Z-signal falling edge counter

6.1.7 Probe Operation Trigger

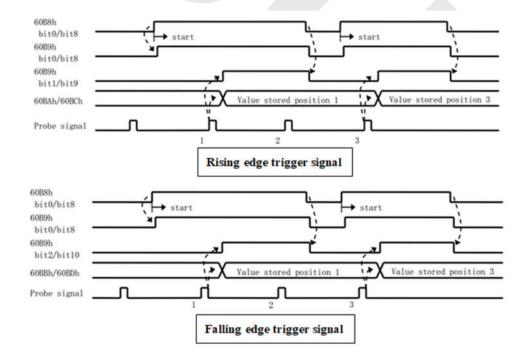
When bit0/bit8 of the probe function control parameter **6088h** changes from "0 (Stop)" \rightarrow "1 (Start)", the probe action is triggered under the set conditions (6088h: bit1~7 / bit9~15). For the change of each set condition to take effect, bit0/bit8 must return once to "0 (Stop)" and then switch again to "1 (Start)".

6.1.8 Probe Event Mode

Set bit1/bit9 of 60B8h (Probe mode), 0 = Single trigger mode, 1 = Continuous trigger mode.

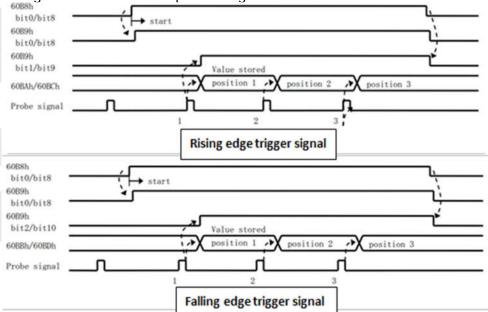
(1) Single trigger mode

Triggers only when the trigger signal is valid for the first time. In order to latch the position, users need to set bit0/bit8 of 60B8h to 0, then set bit0/bit8 of 60B8h to 1. The sequence diagram is as shown below:



(2) Continuous trigger mode

The data saved from signal triggering will be saved until the next trigger signal. Enabling the probe again is not needed. Sequence diagram as shown below:



Chapter 7 Control Mode

7.1 Driver Control Mode Setting

7.1.1 Supported control mode (6502h)

E-DFASxxE supports seven modes, as defined in 6502h.

Bit	31~10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Mode	Reserved	CST	CSV	CSP	Reserved	НМ	Reserved	PT	PV	Reserved	PP
1:Supported	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1
		Abbr.									
		F	Profile	positio	n mode		PP				
		F	Profile	velocit	y mode		PV				
		Profile Torque mode					PT				
		Homing mode					HM				
		Cyclic synchronous position					CSP				
				mode							
		Cyclic synchronous velocity					CSV				
mode											
	Cyclic synchronous torque mode					de	CST				

7.1.2 Operational mode setting (6060h) and Operational mode display (6061h)

The operation mode of the servo driver is set in 6060h. The operation mode of the servo driver is viewed in 6061h.

Profile position mode	PP
Profile velocity mode	PV
Profile Torque mode	PT
Homing mode	HM
Cyclic synchronous position mode	CSP
Cyclic synchronous velocity mode	CSV
Cyclic synchronous torque mode	CST
	Profile velocity mode Profile Torque mode Homing mode Cyclic synchronous position mode Cyclic synchronous velocity mode

7.2 Common Functions for All Modes

7.2.1 Digital Input / Output Setting and Operation

Digital input setting and status display

Please refer to chapter 5 for more details on digital I/O input and polarity settings.60FDh object complies with IEC61800-200 standard input I/O status mapping object. 60FDh is set according to function as the table below shows.

Bit31	Bit30	Bit29	Bit28	Bit27	Bit26	Bit25	Bit24
Z signal	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Touch	Touch	BRAKE	INP/V-
				Probe 2	Probe 1		COIN /TLC
Bit23	Bit22	Bit21	Bit20	Bit19	Bit18	Bit17	Bit16
E-STOP	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	DI14	DI13
Bit15	Bit14	Bit13	Bit12	Bit11	Bit10	Bit9	Bit8
DI12	DI11	DI10	DI9	DI8	DI7	DI6	DI5
Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
DI4	DI3	DI2	DI1	Reserved	HOME	POT	NOT

Digital output setting and status display

In addition to the internal operation of the servo system, E-DFASxxE also provides a function for the master device to operate digital I/O output of the servo driver.

If I/O output function is set up as master device control, master device can control servo

driver digital I/O output through 60FEh object

Bit Sub- index	31~21	21	20	19	18	17	16	15~0	
01h	Reserved	DO6	DO5	DO4	DO3	DO2	DO1		
0111		valid	valid	valid	valid	valid	valid	Reserved	
		DO6	DO5	DO4	DO3	DO2	DO1	Reserved	
02h		enabled	enabled	enabled	enabled	enabled	enabled		

7.2.2 Motor Rotational Direction

Rotational direction is defined in 607Eh.

Mode		Set value				
	PP	O Detate in the came direction as the modition command				
Position Mode	НМ	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command				
	CSP	128: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command				
Valacity Made	PV	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command				
Velocity Mode	CSV	64: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command				
Torque Made	PT	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command				
Torque Mode	CST	32: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command				
ALL Modes		0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command				
ALL Wodes		224: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command				

7.2.3 Stop Settings

E-DFASxxE provides quick stop function. Stopping is different under different modes. Controlled by using object dictionary 605A.

Label	Quick stop	option o	code	Mode	F			
Range	0~7			Default	2	Unit	-	
Structure	VAR	Type	INT16	Mapping	-	Access	RW	
	Range	Range 0~7	Range 0~7	Range 0~7	Range 0~7 Default	Range 0~7 Default 2	Range 0~7 Default 2 Unit	

Motor stops when quick stop option code is given.

PP, CSP, CSV, PV

- 0: To stop motor through P05.06. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 1: Motor decelerates and stops through 6084. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 2: Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 3: Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 5: Motor decelerates and stops through 6084. Status: Quick stop
- 6: Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Quick stop
- 7: Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Quick stop

НМ

- 0: To stop motor through P05.06. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 1: Motor decelerates and stops through 609A. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 2: Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 3: Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 5: Motor decelerates and stops through 609A. Status: Quick stop
- 6: Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Quick stop
- 7: Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Quick stop

When 402 state machine is disabled, the motor will stop freely.

When bit8(Halt) of 6040h is 1, the motor will stop with deceleration set in 6083h/6084h.

7.2.4 CiA DSP40 Control Word

Bit definition of Control Word 6040h.

Bit	15~1 1	10~ 9	8	7	6~4	3	2	1	0
Definition	-	ı	Halt	Fault reset	Related to modes		Quick stop	Voltage output	Switch on

		Bit7 a	nd Bit0 to E	3it3			400 04-4-
Command	7: Fault reset	3: Operation enable	2: Quick stop	1: Voltage output	0: Start	6040 Value	402 State machine *1)
Power off	0	×	1	1	0	0006h	2;6;8
Switch on	0	0	1	1	1	0007h	3*
Switch on	0	1	1	1	1	000Fh	3**
No voltage output	0	×	×	0	×	0000h	7;9;10;12
Quick stop	0	×	0	1	×	0002h	7;10;11
Operation enable	0	0	1	1	1	0007h	5
enable	0	1	1	1	1	000Fh	4;16
Fault reset	Rising edge	×	×	×	×	0080h	15

[×] Is not affected by this bit state

The definition of bit 8 and bit 6~4 in different operation modes are shown in the following table

table										
	Operation Mode									
Bit	Profile Position (PP)	Profile Velocity (PV)	Profile Torque (PT)	Homing (HM)	Cyclic Sync Position (CSP)	Cyclic Sync Velocity (CSV)	Cyclic Sync Torque (CST)			
8	Stop with deceleration	Stop with deceleration	Stop with deceleration	Stop with deceleration	-	-	-			
6	Absolute/ Increment	-	-	-	-	-	-			
5	Immediately trigger	-	-	-	-	-	-			
4	New Position	-	-	Start	-	-	-			

^{*} Indicates that this transition is performed in the device start state

^{**} Indicates that it has no effect on the start state and remains in the start state

^{*1)} The state machine switch corresponds to figure 7.1

7.2.5 CiA DSP402 Status Word

Bit definition of Status Word 6041h.

Bit	Definition
15~14	Reserved
13~12	Related to modes
11	Position limit valid
10	Position arrival
9	Distance
8	Related to modes
7	Reserved

Bit 11 is valid when the software or hardware limit is in effect.

The combination of bit 6 and bit 3~0 represents the device state shown in following table

Combination of bit 6 and bit 3~0	Description
××××,×××,×0××,0000	Not ready to switch on
xxxx,xxxx,x1xx,0000	Switch on disabled
xxxx,xxxx,x01x,0001	Ready to switch on
××××,×××,×01×,0011	Switch on
××××,×××,×01×,0111	Operation enabled
××××,×××,×00×,0111	Quick stop active
××××,×××,×0××,1111	Fault reaction active
××××,×××,×0××,1000	Fault

[×] is not affected by this bit state

7.3 Position Mode (CSP、PP、HM)

7.3.1 Common Functions of Position Mode

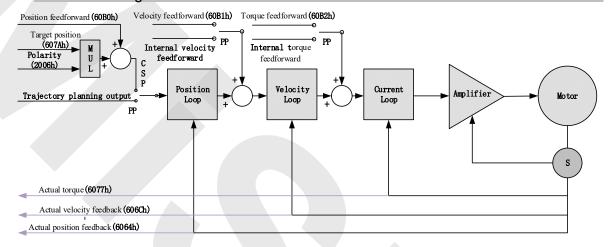
	Sub-					Mode		
Index	Index	Label	Access	PDO	PP	CS P	НМ	
6040	0	Control word	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes	
6072	0	Max torque	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes	
607A	0	Target position	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	1	
607D	1	Min. software limit	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	1	
	2	Max. software limit	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	1	
607F	0	Maximum protocol velocity	RW	RxPDO	Yes	1	Yes	
6080	0	Maximum motor velocity	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes	
6081	0	Profile velocity	RW	RxPDO	Yes	/	1	
6083	0	Profile acceleration	RW	RxPDO	Yes	1	1	
6084	0	Profile deceleration	RW	RxPDO	Yes	1	1	
60C5	0	Protocol maximum acceleration	RW	RxPDO	Yes	1	Yes	
60C6	0	Protocol maximum deceleration	RW	RxPDO	Yes	1	Yes	

	Sub-			PDO	Mode		
Index	Index	Label	Access		PP	CS P	нм
6041	0	Status word	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6062	0	Position command	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6063	0	Actual internal position	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6064	0	Actual position feedback	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6065	0	Position deviation window	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	/
6066	0	Position deviation detection time	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	/
606C	0	Velocity feedback	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes

6074	0	Internal command torque	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6076	0	Rated torque	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6077	0	Actual torque	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
60F4	0	Actual following error	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
60FA	0	Position loop velocity output	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
60FC	0	Internal command position	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes

7.3.2 Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode (CSP)

CSP Block Diagram



Related Objects

Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub- Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit	Notes
	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW		Required
	607A-00h	Target position	132	RW	Unit	Required
(RXPDO)	60B0-00h	Position feedforward	132	RW	Unit	Optional
	60B1-00h	Velocity feedforward	132	RW	Unit/s	Optional
	60B2-00h	Torque feedforward	I16	RW	0.1%	Optional
	6041-00h	Status word	U16	RO	_	Required
	6064-00h	Actual feedback position	132	RO	Unit	Required
(TXPDO)	606C-00h	Actual feedback velocity	132	RO	Unit/s	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	RO	Unit	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	I16	RO	0.1%	Optional

Extended object

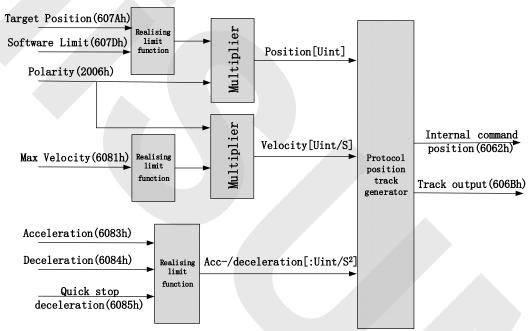
Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	_
6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	_
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	18	RO	_
6062-00h	Position demand value	132	RO	Unit
606B-00h	Internal command speed	132	RO	Unit
607D-01h	Min. software limit	132	RO	Unit
607D-02h	Max. software limit	132	RO	Unit
605A-00h	Quick stop option code	I16	RW	_
6085-00h	Emergency stop deceleration	U32	RW	Unit/s ²
608F-01h	Encoder resolution	U32	RO	Р
608F-02h	Motor turns	U32	RO	_

	6091-01h	Electronic gear ratio numerator	U32	RW	_
	6091-02h	Electronic gear ratio denominator	U32	RW	_
Ī	6092-01h	Number of pulses per rotation	U32	RW	_
	6092-02h	Number of physical axis turns	U32	RO	_

7.3.3 Protocol Position Mode (PP)

Under non-synchronous mode, master device is responsible for only sending parameters and control command; After receiving enable command from master device, servo driver will plan motion route according to parameters. Under non-synchronous mode, motor motion between each axis is asynchronous.

From the perspective of servo driver functions, the difference between PP and CSP mode is that PP mode requires track generator function from E-DFASxxE



Related Parameters

Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub- Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit	Notes
	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	_	Required
(RXPDO)	607A-00h	Target position	132	RW	Unit	Required
(KAPDO)	6081-00h	Max. velocity	U32	RW	Unit	Required
	6083-00h	Acceleration	132	RW	Unit/s ²	Optional
	6041-00h	Status word	U16	RO	_	Required
	603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO		Optional
(TXPDO)	6064-00h	Actual position feedback	132	RO	Unit	Required
(TAPDO)	606C-00h	Actual velocity feedback	132	RO	Unit/s	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	RO	Unit	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	I16	RO	0.1%	Optional

Extended object

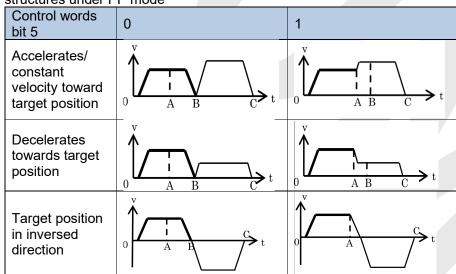
Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	_
6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	_
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	18	RO	
6062-00h	Position demand value	132	RO	Unit
606B-00h	Internal command speed	132	RO	Unit
607D-01h	Min. software limit	132	RO	Unit
607D-02h	Max. software limit	132	RO	Unit
605A-00h	Quick stop option code	I16	RW	_
6085-00h	Emergency stop	U32	RW	Unit/s²
0083-0011	deceleration	032	IXVV	Offics
608F-01h	Encoder resolution	U32	RO	Р
608F-02h	Motor turns	U32	RO	_
6091-01h	Electronic gear ratio	U32	RW	
0091-0111	numerator	032	INVV	
6091-02h	Electronic gear ratio	U32	RW	
0091-0211	denominator	032	LVA	
6092-01h	Number of pulses per rotation	U32	RW	_
6092-02h	Number of physical axis turns	U32	RO	

Control and status words under PP mode

Control word bits 4~6 definition under PP mode

Bit	Value	Definition
4 (New position)	0->1	Latest target position(607Ah)、Profile velocity (6081h)、Acc-/deceleration(6083h/6084h) Starts
5 0		Trigger new position command once current one is completed.
(Instant trigger)	1	Interrupted current position command and trigger new position command
6(Absolute/	0	Set target position(607Ah)as absolute position
relative)	1	Set target position(607Ah) as relative position

5 motion structures under PP mode



A: Command switching time from master device

B: Arrival time before target position renewal

C: Arrival time after target position renewal

Thick line: Motion before command changed

Thin line: Motion after command changed

Status word bits 12-15, 10, 8 definition under PP mode

Bit	Value	Definition
8(Abnormal	0	Normal motion
Stoppage)	1	Abnormal stoppage triggered, motor stopped *1)
10(Arrived at	0	Motion not completed
position)	1	Target position reached
12(Now position)	0	Current motion completed/interruptible, able to execute new position command *2)
12(New position)	1	Current motion not completed/interruptible, unable to execute new position command
14/Motion	0	Motion parameters valid, necessary parameters all not set to 0.
14(Motion Parameter = 0)	1	Parameter = 0 under current motion. One of 3 parameters, Profile velocity (6081h), acceleration (6083h) and deceleration (6084h) = 0.
15(Trigger)	0	Current motion incomplete/uninterruptable, new target position cannot be renewed. *3)
	1	Current motion completed/interruptible, new target position can be renewed.

^{*1)} Bit 8 abnormal stoppage is usually valid when hardware limit, deceleration stoppage and quick stop are triggered.

Application: Realization of relative position motion

Step 1: 6060h = 1, determine if 6061h = 1. Servo driver is now under PP mode.

Step 2: Write motion parameters: Target position 607Ah, Profile velocity 6081h, acceleration 6083h, deceleration 6084h

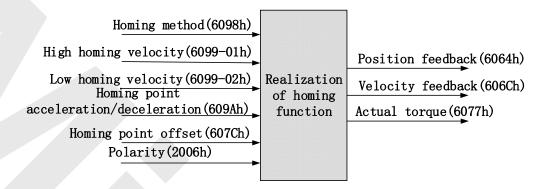
Step 3: Enable servo driver and switch bit 6 and 4 to realize relative position motion.

^{*2)} Bit 12 under control word(6040h) bit 5 valid and bit 4 invalid, motion interruptible.

^{*3)} Bit 15 and bit 12 have inversed logic under PP mode.

7.3.4 Homing mode (HM)

E-DFASxxE servo system supports every other homing method except for method 36. Output/input parameters of E-DFASxxE are as shown below.



Related Parameters

Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub- Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit	Notes
	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	_	Required
	6098-00h	Homing mode	18	RW	Unit	Optional
(RXPDO)	6099-01h	High homing velocity	U32	RW	Unit/s	Optional
(KAPDO)	6099-02h	Low homing velocity	U32	RW	Unit/s	Optional
	609A-00h	Homing point acceleration	U32	RW	Unit/s ²	Optional
	607C-00h	Homing point offset	132	RW	Unit	Optional
	60-00h	Status word	U16	RO	_	Required
	603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO		Optional
(TVDDO)	6064-00h	Actual position feedback	132	RO	Unit	Optional
(TXPDO)	606C-00h	Actual velocity feedback	132	RO	Unit/s	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	RO	Unit	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	I16	RO	0.1%	Optional

Extended object

Index+Sub- Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	_
6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	_
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	18	RO	—
6062-00h	Position demand value	132	RO	Unit
606B-00h	Internal command speed	132	RO	Unit
608F-01h	Encoder resolution	132	RO	Unit
608F-02h	Motor revolution	132	RO	Unit
6091-01h	Electronic gear ratio numerator	U32	RW	_
6091-02h	Electronic gear ratio denominator	U32	RW	_
6092-01h	Number of pulses per rotation	U32	RW	_
6092-02h	Number of physical axis turns	U32	RO	_

Control and status words under HM mode

Control word bit 4 definition under HM mode

Bit	Value	Definition
4(Homing motion starts/stops)	0—>1	Homing motion starts
	1 _>0	Homing motion stops, motor
starts/stops)		stops

Status word bits 12-15, 10, 8 definition under PP mode

Bit	Value	Definition
8(Abnormal	0	Normal motion
Stoppage)	1	Abnormal stoppage triggered, motor stops *1)
10(Arrived at	0	Motion not completed
position)	1	Target position reached
12(Homing done)	0	Homing not done
12(Holling dolle)	1	Homing done, valid after reaching position (bit 10) *2)
	0	bit=1 when the motion parameters satisfy any of the
14(Motion Parameter = 0)	1	following: 1. origin fast (6099-01h) and origin slow (6099-02h) are both 0; 2. the origin method (6098h) is 0; 3. origin acceleration/deceleration (609Ah) is 0; Except for the above conditions, bit=0.
15(Trigger)	0	Homing triggered/completed *3)
(33 /	1	Homing triggers

^{*1)} Bit 8 abnormal stoppage usually valid when hardware limit, deceleration stoppage and quick stop are triggered.

*2) Determine if homing is done, determine if bit 10/12 is occupied.

*3) Use to indicate if homing is able to trigger or already triggered.

Incorrect position triggering conditions

Triggering condition	Remarks
Absolute encoder homing	Control words 6040h bit 4 from 0 to 1
2 limit switch signals detected	Positive and negative limit switches detected during homing
Negative limit valid when positive limit in used	Negative limit valid under 2,7-10,23-26 homing modes
Positive limit valid when negative limit in used	Positive limit valid under 1,11-14,27-30 homing modes
Limit switch valid when not in used	Limit switch valid under 3,4,19,20 homing modes
Limit switch/homing signal valid when only z-signal in used	Limit switch and homing sensor valid under 33,34 homing modes

Homing mode

Torque limiting mode

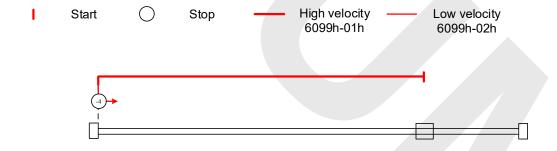
Mode-6: Search for homing point in **negative direction** at **low velocity**. Stop after torque reaches the value set in P05.39 and homing done signal is delivered.



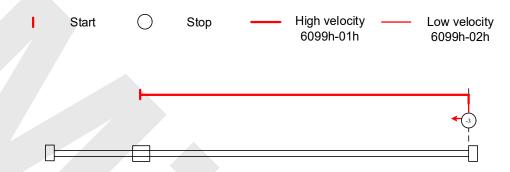
Mode -5: Search for homing point in **positive direction** at **low velocity**. Stop after torque reaches the value set in P05.39 and homing done signal is delivered.



Mode -4: Search for homing point in **negative direction** at **high velocity**. Move in **positive direction** after torque reaches the value set in P05.39, stops when torque is gone. Homing done signal delivers after the time value set in P05.37

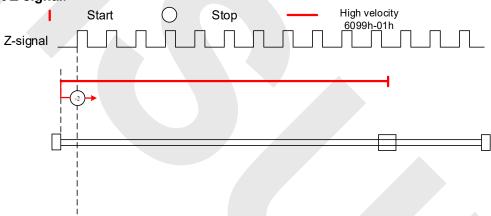


Mode -3: Search for homing point in **positive direction** at **high velocity**. Move in **negative direction** after torque reaches the value set in P05.39, stops when torque is gone. Homing done signal delivers after the time value set in P05.37

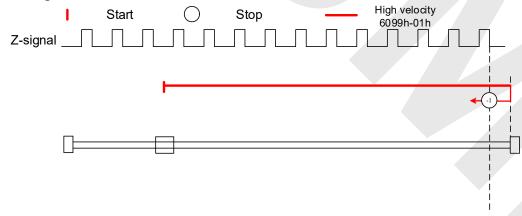


Torque limiting + Z-signal mode

Mode -2: Search for homing point in **negative direction** at **high velocity**. Move in **positive direction** after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39, stops when torque is gone with the **first Z-signal**.



Mode -1: Search for homing point in **positive direction** at **high velocity**. Move in **negative direction** after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39, stops when torque is gone with the **first Z-signal**.



Limit switch signal + Z-signal mode

Mode 1:

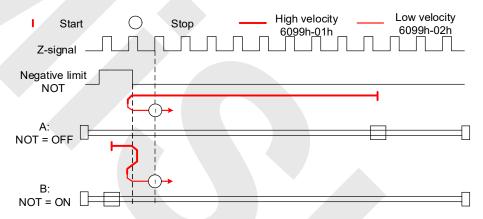
Diagram A: Negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until negative limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stop **after negative limit switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: Negative limit switch = ON

- 1. Start to move at **negative limit switch position** in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **negative limit switch invalid**.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until negative limit switch valid.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stop **after negative limit switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

If the positive limit signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



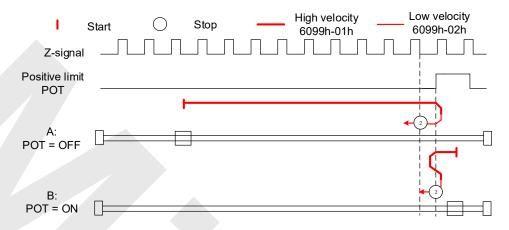
Mode 2:

Diagram A: Positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stop **after positive limit switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: Positive limit switch = ON

- 1. Start to move at **positive limit switch position** in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **positive limit switch invalid.**
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stop **after positive limit switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**



Homing switch signal + Z-signal mode

Mode 3:

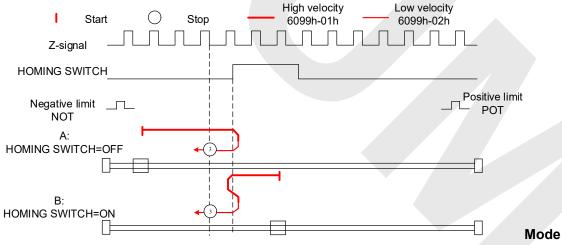
Diagram A: Homing switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stop **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON

- 1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch.**
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stop **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

If the positive/negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



4:

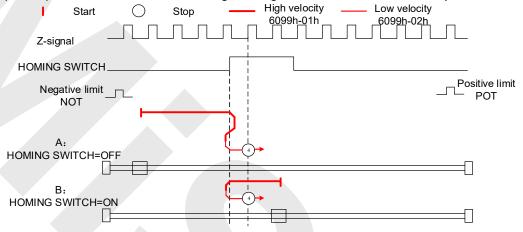
Diagram A: Homing switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch invalid.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stop after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON

- 1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch.**
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stop after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

If the positive/negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



Mode 5:

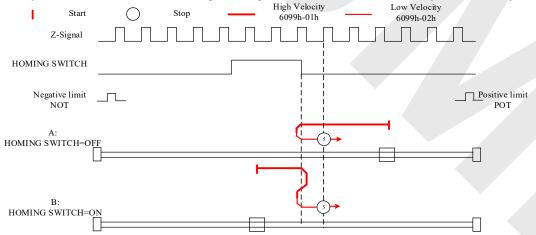
Diagram A: Homing switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stop **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stop **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

If the positive/negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



Mode 6:

Diagram A: Homing switch = OFF

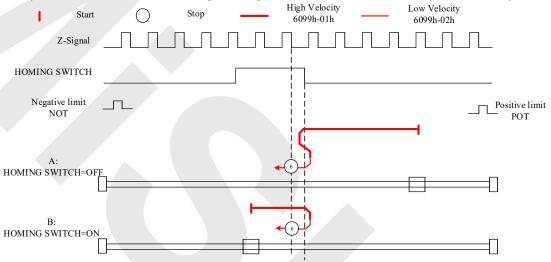
1. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch valid.**

- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch invalid.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stop after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON

- 1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
- Move in negative direction at low velocity and stop after homing switch valid and first encoder Z-signal valid

If the positive/negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



Limit switch signal + homing switch signal + Z-signal mode

Mode 7

Diagram A: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stop after **homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid.**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch.**
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stop **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram C: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 3. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 4. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stop **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z signal valid**

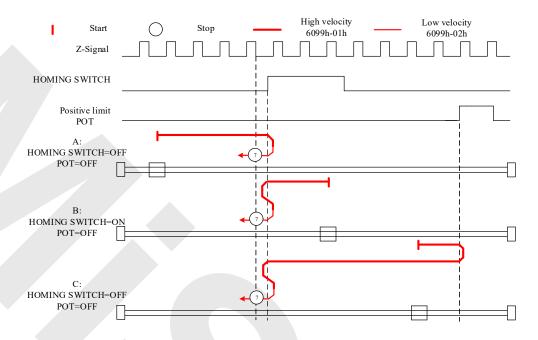


Diagram A: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stop after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid.**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stop after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram C: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stop after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

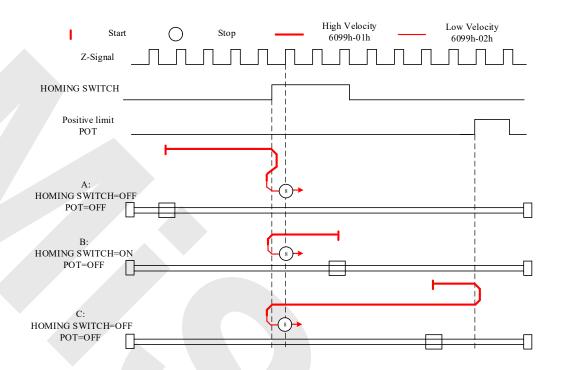


Diagram A: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stop after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid.**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch invalid.**
- 2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stop after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram C: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 4. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stop after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z signal valid**

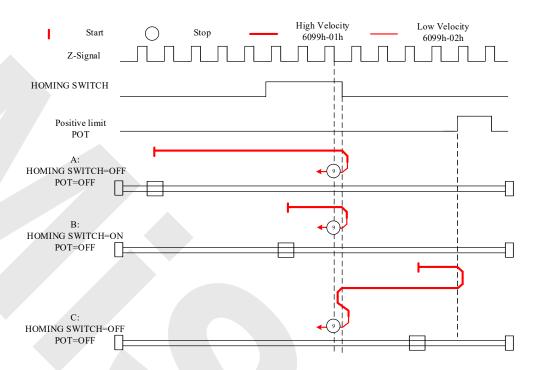


Diagram A: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stop **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid.**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch.**
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stop **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram C: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stop **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z signal valid**

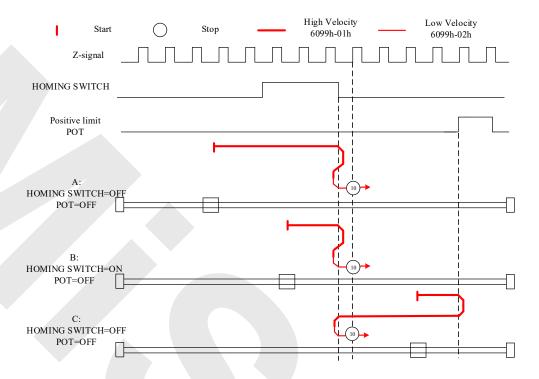


Diagram A: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stop **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch.**
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stop **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram C: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until the negative limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch invalid.
- 3. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 4. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stop **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z signal valid**

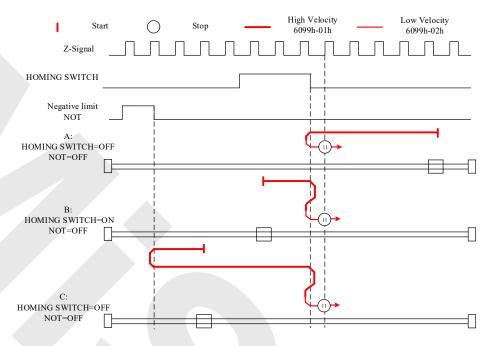


Diagram A: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stop after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move at homing switch position in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stop after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

Diagram C: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- Move in negative direction at high velocity until negative limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stop after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid.**

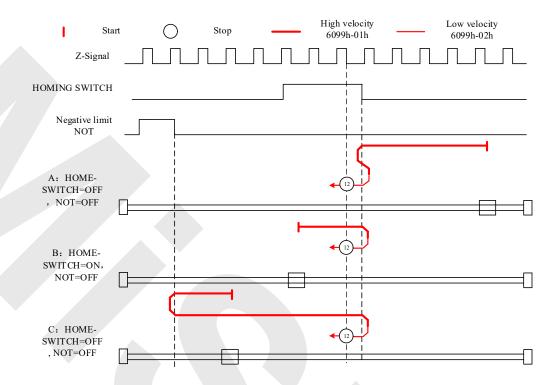


Diagram A: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stop after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch.**
- 2. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stop after homing switch valid and first encoder Z-signal valid.

Diagram C: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until negative limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 4. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stop after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid.**

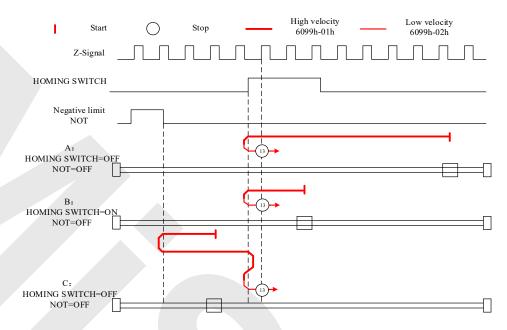


Diagram A: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

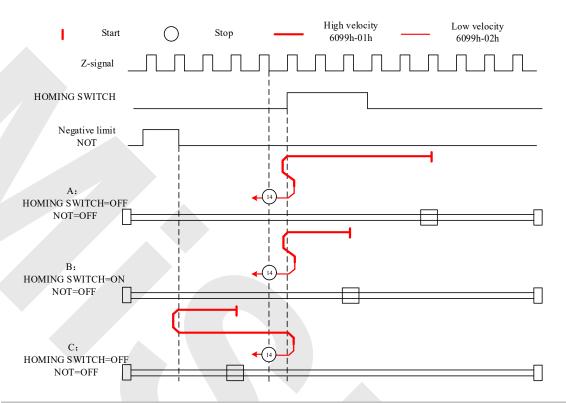
- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stop **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid.**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch invalid**.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** until **homing switch valid**.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stop **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z signal valid.**

Diagram C: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

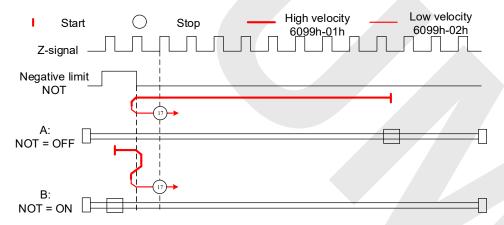
- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until negative limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stop **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid.**



Limit switch signal triggering detection mode

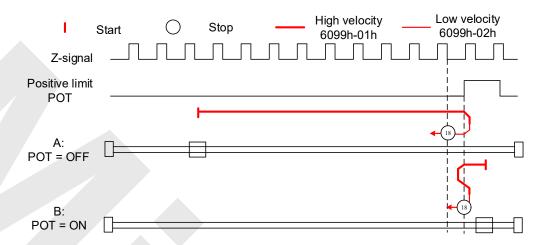
Mode 17:

This mode is similar to mode 1. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of negative limit switch signal



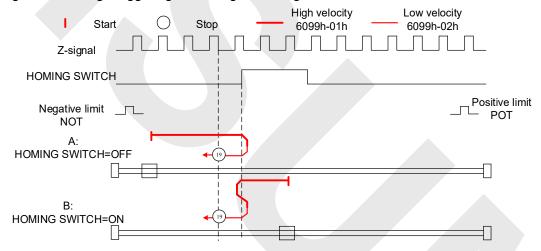
Mode 18:

This mode is similar to mode 2. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through switching of positive limit switch signal



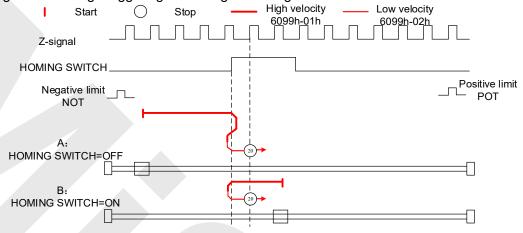
Homing switch signal triggering detection mode **Mode 19:**

This mode is similar to mode 3. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



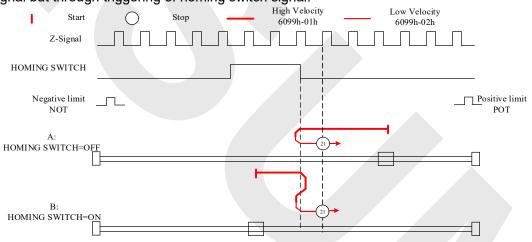
Mode 20:

This mode is similar to mode 4. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



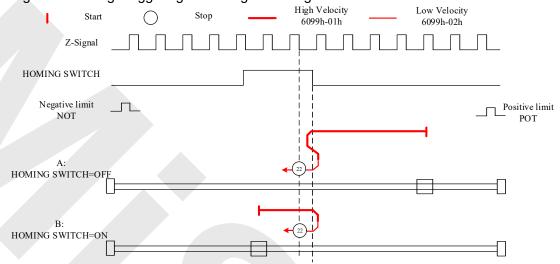
Mode 21:

This mode is similar to mode 5. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal.



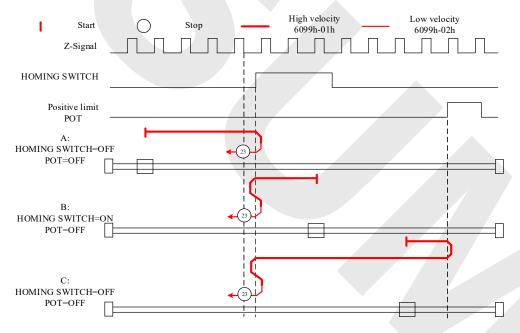
Mode 22:

This mode is similar to mode 6. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal.



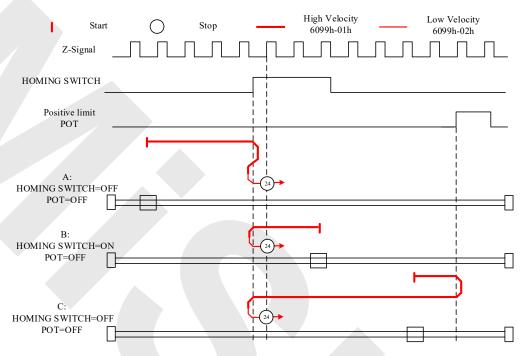
Mode 23:

This mode is similar to mode 7. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal.



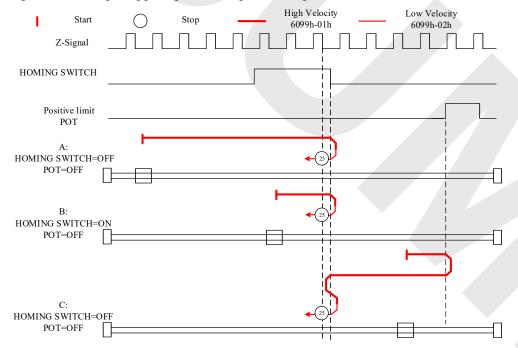
Mode 24:

This mode is similar to mode 8. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal.



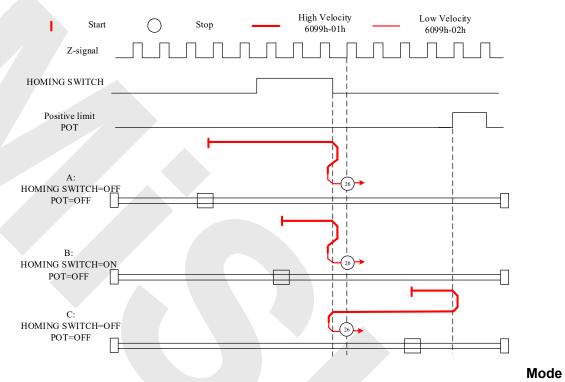
Mode 25:

This mode is similar to mode 9. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal

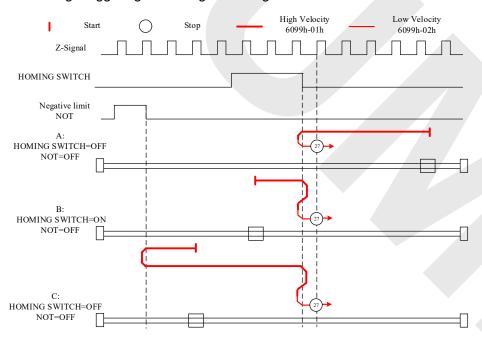


Mode 26:

This mode is similar to mode 10. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal

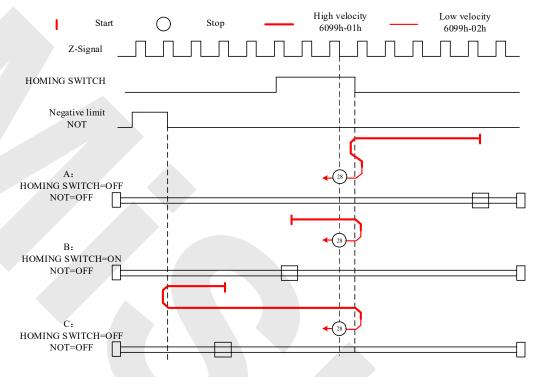


27:This mode is similar to mode 11. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



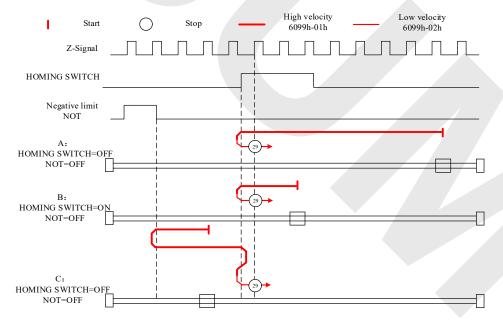
Mode 28:

This mode is similar to mode 12. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



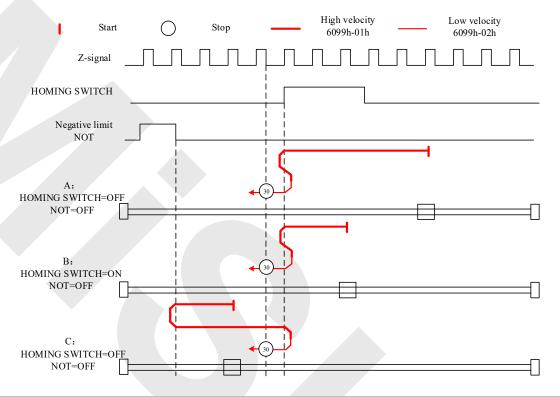
Mode 29:

This mode is similar to mode 13. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



Mode 30:

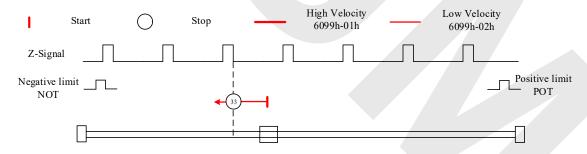
This mode is similar to mode 14. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



Other modes

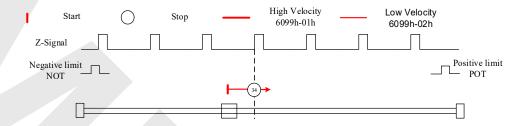
Mode 33:

The motor starts to move in **negative direction** and stops when the **Z-signal is valid**. If the positive/negative limit switch signal or homing switch is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



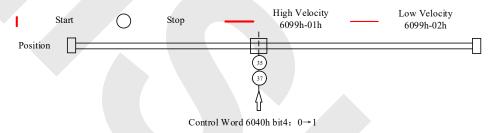
Mode 34:

The motor starts to move in **positive direction** and stops when the **Z-signal is valid**. If the positive/negative limit switch signal or homing switch is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



Mode 35/37:

Set the current position as homing point. Using this mode, motor doesn't have to be enabled. Set control word 6040h bit 4 from 0 to 1.



Application: Realization of homing motion

Step 1: 6060h = 6, determine if 6061h = 6. Servo driver is now under HM mode.

Step 2: Write motion parameters: Homing method 6098h, Homing velocity 6099h-01/6099h-02 and acceleration/deceleration 609Ah.

Step 3: Enable servo driver and switch bit 4 from 0 to 1 to start homing motion.

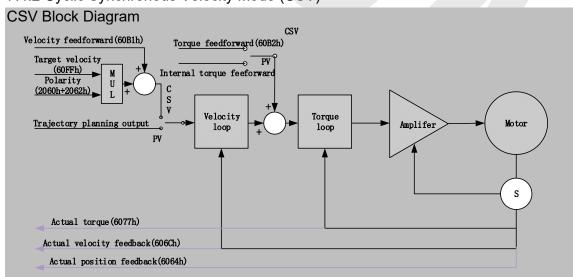
7.4 Velocity Control Mode (CSV、PV)

7.4.1 Common Functions of Velocity Control

la des	Sub Index	Name	A	DDG	Mode	
Index		Name	Access	PDO	csv	PV
6040	0	Control word	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
6072	0	Max torque	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
6080	0	Maximum motor velocity	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
60B1	0	Velocity feedforward (Restricted by 6080)	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
60B2	0	Torque feedforward	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
60FF	0	Target velocity (Restricted by 6080)	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes

Index	Sub Index	Name	A	PDO	Mode	
illuex		Name	Access	PDO	csv	PV
6041	0	Status word	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6063	0	Actual internal position	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6064	0	Actual feedback position	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
606B	0	Internal command velocity	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
606C	0	Actual feedback velocity	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6074	0	Internal torque command	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6076	0	Rated torque	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6077	0	Actual torque	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes

7.4.2 Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode (CSV)



Related Objects

Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit	Remarks
	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	_	Required
(BYDDO)	60FF-00h	Target velocity	132	RW	Unit	Required
(RXPDO)	60B1-00h	Velocity feedforward	132	RW	Unit/s	Optional
	60B2-00h	Torque feedforward	I16	RW	0.1%	Optional
	6041-00h	Status word	U16	RO	_	Required
	6064-00h	Actual position feedback	132	RO	Unit	Optional
(TXPDO)	606C-00h	Actual speed feedback	132	RO	Unit/s	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	RO	Unit	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	I16	RO	0.1%	Optional

Extended object

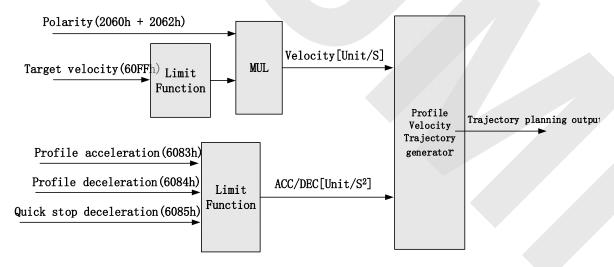
~					
1	Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit
	603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	_
	6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	
	6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	18	RO	_
	606B-00h	Internal command velocity	132	RO	Unit
	605A-00h	Quick stop option	I16	RW	_
	6085-00h	Quick stop deceleration	U32	RW	Unit/s ²

7.4.3 Profile Velocity Mode (PV)

In asynchronous motion mode, master device is only responsible for sending motion parameters and control commands. E-DFASxxE servo driver will conduct trajectory planning according to the motion parameters sent by master device after receiving the motion start command from the master device. In asynchronous motion mode, the motion between each axis is asynchronous.

PV Block Diagram

The difference between PV and CSV mode is that PV needs E-DFASxxE to have the function of trajectory generator. The input and output structure of the trajectory generator is shown in figure 7.8



Related Objects

Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit	Notes
	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	_	Required
(RXPDO)	60FF-00h	Target velocity	132	RW	Unit	Required
	6083-00h	Acceleration	132	RW	Unit/s ²	Optional
	6041-00h	Status word	U16	RO	_	Required
	6064-00h	Position feedback	132	RO	Unit	Optional
(TYDDO)	606C-00h	Velocity feedback	132	RO	Unit/s	Optional
(TXPDO)	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	RO	Unit	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	I16	RO	0.1%	Optional

Extended object

~	J = 0.				
	Index+Sub- Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit
	603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	_
	6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	_
V	6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	18	RO	_
	605A-00h	Quick stop option	I16	RW	_
	6084-00h	Deceleration	U32	RW	Unit/s ²
	6085-00h	Quick stop deceleration	U32	RW	Unit/s ²

Control Word and Status Word for Profile Velocity Mode

The bit6~4 of control words (6040h) associated with the control mode in PV mode are invalid. The motion in PV mode can be triggered as long as the motion parameters (target velocity (60FFh) ACC/DEC (6083h/6084h)) are given after the axis is enabled.

Table 7. Bit 15~12 \, 10 \, 8 of Status word (6041h) for Profile Velocity Mode

	Tubioti Bitto 124 104 0 01 Otatao Hota (004111) 101 1 Tollio Volcoity mode				
Bit (Label)	Value	Details			
8	0	Quick stop invalid			
(Quick stop)	1	Quick stop valid			
10	10 0 Velocity not yet reached				
(Velocity reached)	1	Velocity reached			
12	0	It's not zero speed. It's moving.			
(Zero speed)	1	Zero speed or it's going to slow down to zero speed *1)			

^{*1)} Zero speed of bit 12 is generally effective when deceleration stop and hardware limit valid.

Application: Realization of profile velocity motion

Step 1: 6060h = 3, determine if 6061h = 3. Servo driver is now under PV mode.

Step 2: Write motion parameters: Target velocity 60FFh, acceleration 6083h and deceleration 6084h.

7.5 Torque Control Mode (CST、PT)

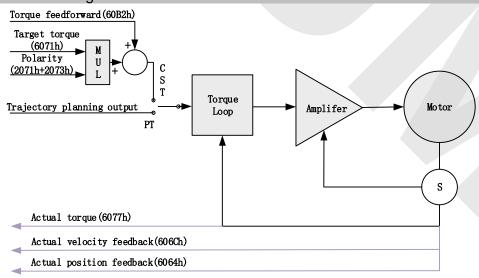
7.5.1 Common Functions of Torque Mode

Index	Sub	Label	Access	PDO	Mode	
illuex	Index	Labei	Access	PDO	CST	PT
6040	0	Control word	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
6071	0	Target torque	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
6072	0	Max torque	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
6080	0	Maximum motor speed	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
6087	0	Torque change rate		RxPDO	Yes	Yes
60B2	0	Torque feedforward	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes

Index	Sub	Label	Access	PDO	Mode	
muex	Index	Labei	Access	PDO	CST	PT
6041	0	Status word	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6063	0	Actual internal position	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6064	0	Actual feedback position	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
606C	0	Actual feedback velocity	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6074	0	Internal torque command	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6075	0	Rated current	RO	No	Yes	Yes
6076	0	Rated torque	RO	No	Yes	Yes
6077	0	Actual torque	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6079	0	Bus voltage	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes

7.5.2 Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode (CST)

CST Block Diagram



Related Objects

Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub- Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit	Remarks
	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW		Required
(RXPDO)	6071-00h	Target torque	I16	RW	Unit	Required
	6087-00h	Torque feed-forward	U32	RW	0.1%/s	Optional
	6041-00h	Status word	U16	RO		Required
	6064-00h	Actual position feedback	132	RO	Unit	Optional
(TXPDO)	606C-00h	Actual velocity feedback	132	RO	Unit/s	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	RO	Unit	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	I16	RO	0.1%	Required

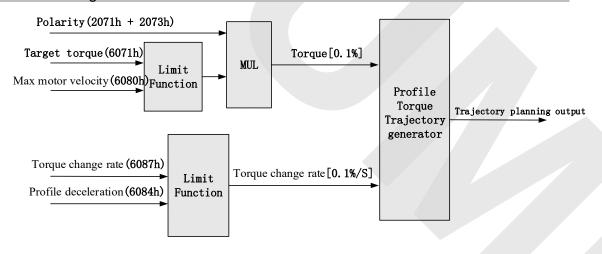
Extended object

Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	
6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	18	RO	
6074-00h	Internal command torque	I16	RO	0.1%
605A-00h	Quick stop option	l16	RW	
6080-00h	Maximum motor velocity	U32	RW	Unit/s
6085-00h	Quick stop deceleration	U32	RW	Unit/s²
60B1-00h	Velocity feedforward	132	RW	Unit/s
2077-00h	Velocity limit	I16	RW	RPM

7.5.3 Profile Torque Mode (PT)

In asynchronous motion mode, master device is only responsible for sending motion parameters and control commands. E-DFASxxE servo driver will conduct trajectory planning according to the motion parameters sent by master device after receiving the motion start command from the master device. In asynchronous motion mode, the motion between each axes is asynchronous.

PT Block Diagram



Related Objects

Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub- Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit	Notes
	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	_	Required
(RXPDO)	6071-00h	Target torque	I16	RW	0.1%	Required
	6087-00h	Torque change rate	U32	RW	0.1%/s	Optional
	6041-00h	Status word	U16	RO	-	Required
	6064-00h	Actual feedback position value	132	RO	Unit	Optional
(TXPDO)	606C-00h	Actual feedback speed value	132	RO	Unit/s	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	RO	Unit	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	I16	RO	0.1%	Optional

Extended object

Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	_
6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	_
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	18	RO	_
6074-00h	Internal command torque	I16	RO	0.1%
6080-00h	Maximum motor velocity	U32	RW	Unit/s
605A-00h	Quick stop option	I16	RW	_
6085-00h	6085-00h Quick stop deceleration			Unit/s²
2077-00h	Velocity limit	I16	RW	RPM

Application: Realization of profile torque motion
Step 1: 6060h = 4, determine if 6061h = 4. Servo driver is now under PT mode.

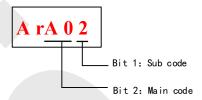
Step 2: Write motion parameters: Target torque 6071h, Torque change rate 6087h, and Max. velocity limit 6080h

Chapter 8 Warning and Alarm

8.1 Servo driver warning

When warning occurs, driver will set protective function but **motor won't stop moving**. Error code will be displayed on the front panel.

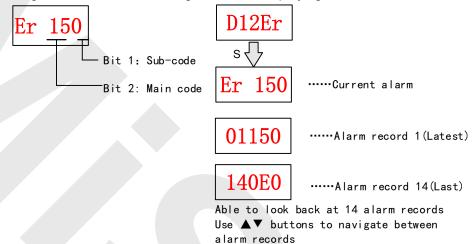
Example of warning code:



	ning ode	Content			
Main	Code				
	00	emergency stop warning			
	01	Overload warning			
	02	Regeneration energy overload warning (85% of the regeneration threshold)			
	03	Absolute encoder battery voltage low (<3.1V) . Valid when Pr0.15 is set to 1.			
	04	Change the parameter to a non-real time valid warning			
	05	Pr0.01 is not 9 under current control mode, please correct this parameter			
	06	Driver over-temperature warning			
Α	80	Positive limit switch valid. POT blinking on front panel			
_ ^	09	Negative limit switch valid. NOT blinking on front panel			
	0A	Positive and negative limit switch valid. PNOT blinking on front panel			
	0B	Current position is beyond the positive software limit. SPOT blinking on front panel			
	0C	Current position is beyond software negative limit. NPOT blinking on front panel			
	0D	Current position is beyond software negative, positive limit. SPNOT			
	blinking on front panel				
	0E	Parameters reset to factory default. Restart needed			
	13	Encoder multiturn data cannot be cleared in the enabled status.			
)FF	Main power off, check whether L1/L2/L3 or R/S/T are correctly connected			
CC)FF	Control power off, check whether L1C/L2C are correctly connected			

8.2 Servo driver alarm

When alarm occurs, driver will set protective function and **motor stops moving**. Error code will be displayed on the front panel. Alarm history records can also be viewed in data monitoring mode, with the alarm log sub-menu displaying "d12Er".



Error Code List

Error code			Attribute			
Main	Sub	Content	Save	Туре	Clearabl e	
0A	0~1	Circuit current detection error	•	2		
UA	3	Motor power cable not connected	•	1	•	
	0	Control circuit power supply voltage too low		2		
0b	1	Control circuit power supply voltage too high		2	•	
0c	0	DC bus overvoltage	•	1	•	
	0	DC bus undervoltage	•	1	•	
0d	1	Single phasing of main power supply	•	2		
	2	No main power supply detected		2		
	0	Overcurrent	•	1		
0E	1	Intelligent Power Module (IPM) overcurrent	•	1		
UE	2	Power output to motor shorted to ground	•	1		
	4	Phase overcurrent	•	1		
0F	0	Driver overheated	•	2		
	0	Motor overloaded	•	1	•	
10	1	Driver overloaded	•	1	•	
	2	Motor rotor blocked	•	1	•	
	0	Regenerative resistor overvoltage	•	2		
12	1	Holding brake error	•	1		
	2	Regenerative resistor value too low	•	2		
	0	Encoder disconnected	•	1		
	1	Encoder communication error	•	1		
15	2	Encoder initial position error	•	1		
	3	Multiturn encoder error	•	2	, in the second	
	4	Encoder parameter settings error	•	2		

	5	Encoder data overflow	•	2	•
	6	Encoder overheated	•	2	•
	7	Encoder counter error	•	2	•
17	0	Encoder data error	•	1	
17	1	Encoder parameter initialization error	•	1	
18	0	Excessive position deviation	•	2	•
	1	Excessive velocity deviation			
19	0	Motor vibration too strong	•	2	•
1A	0	Overspeed	•	2	•
IA	1	Velocity out of control	•	1	•
1b	0	Bus input signal dithering	•	2	•
ID	1	Incorrect electronic gear ratio		2	
	0	I/O input interface assignment error	•	2	
	1	I/O input interface function assignment	_	2	
21		error			
	2	I/O output interface function assignment		2	
	4	error			
	0	EEPROM parameters initialization error		2	
	1	EEPROM hardware error		2	
	2	Error saving alarm history record		2	
24	3	Error occurred when saving vendor		2	
27		parameters			
	4	Error occurred when saving communication		2	
		parameters			
	5	Error occurred when saving parameter 402		2	
	6	Data saving error during power-off			
26	0	Positive/Negative position limit triggered	•	2	•
		under non-homing mode			
27	0	Analog 1 input overrun limit	•	2	•
	1	Analog 2 input overrun limit	•	2	•
28	0	Output pulse frequency too high	•	2	•
57	0	Forced alarm input valid	•	2	•
5F	0	Motor model no. detection error		2	
	1	Driver power module detection error		2	
60	0	Main loop interrupted timeout		2	
	1	Velocity loop interrupted timeout		2	
70	0	Encryption error		2	

[Note:]

Save: Save error messages to alarm history.

Type: The type 1 and type 2 fault stop mode can be set via Pr5.10 [Sequence at alarm]. **Clearable**: Clearable alarm by operating the front panel and use auxiliary function **AFACL** as below. Besides clearable alarms, please first solve the error and restart the servo driver to clear alarm.

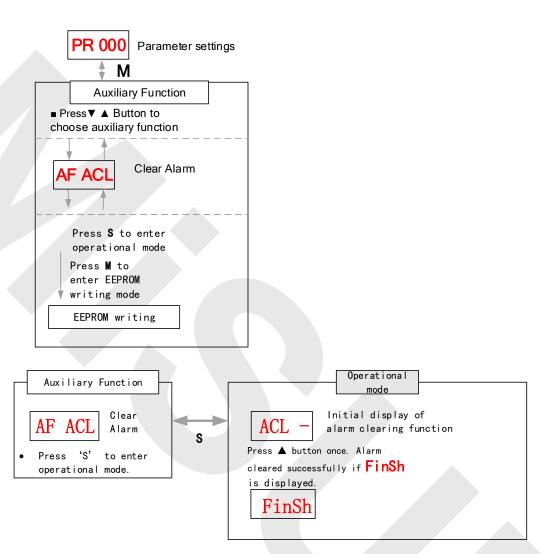


Table 8.2 Alarm and 603F correspondence

_		JIE O.Z AI		buse correspondence
Error Code Display	1001 h	603Fh	ETG Code	Alarm Description
Er 0A0	0x04	0x3150		Phase A circuit current detection error
Er 0A1	0x04	0x3151		Phase B circuit current detection error
Er 0A3	0x04	0x3153		Motor power cable not connected
Er 0b0	UXU-	000100		Control circuit power supply voltage too low
Er 0b0	0x04	0x3206		Control power supply voltage too high
Er 0C0	0x04	0x3200		DC bus overvoltage
Er 0d0	0x04	0x3211		DC bus undervoltage
Er 0d0	0x04	0x3221		Single phasing of main power supply
Er 0d1		0x3130		
	0x04			No main power supply detected
Er 0E0	0x02	0x2211		Overcurrent
Er 0E1	0x02	0x2212		Intelligent Power Module (IPM) overcurrent
Er 0E2	0x02	0x2218		Power output to motor shorted to ground
Er 0E4	0x02	0x2230		Phase overcurrent
Er 0f0	0x08	0x4210		Driver overheated
Er 100	0x02	0x8311		Motor overloaded
Er 101	0x02	0x8310		Driver overloaded
Er 102	0x02	0x8301		Motor rotor blocked
Er 120	0x80	0x7701		Regenerative resistor overvoltage
Er 121	0x80	0x7702		Holding brake error
Er 122	0x80	0x7703		Regenerative resistor value too low
Er 150	0x80	0x7321		Encoder disconnected
Er 151	0x80	0x7322		Encoder communication error
Er 152	0x80	0x7323		Encoder initial position error
Er 153/Er 154	0x80	0x7325		Multiturn encoder error / Encoder parameter settings error
Er 155	0x80	0x7326		Encoder data overflow
Er 156	0x80	0x7327		Encoder overheated
Er 157	0x80	0x7328		Encoder count error
Er 170	0x80	0x7324		Encoder data error
Er 171	0x80	0x7325		Encoder parameter initialization error
Er 180	0x20	0x 8611		Excessive position deviation
Er 181				Excessive velocity deviation
Er 190	0x20	0x 8401		Motor vibration too strong
Er 1A0	0x20	0x 8402		Overspeed
Er 1A1	0x20	0x 8403		Velocity out of control
Er 1b0	0x20	0x 8612		Bus input signal dithering
Er 1b1	0x20	0x 8503		Incorrect electronic gear ratio
Er 210	0x80	0x6321		I/O input interface assignment error
Er 211	0x80	0x6322		I/O input interface function assignment error
Er 212	0x80	0x6323		I/O output interface function assignment error
Er 240	0x80	0x5530		EEPROM parameters initialization error
Er 241	0x80	0x5531		EEPROM hardware error
Er 242	0x80	0x5532		Error saving alarm history record
Er 243	0x80	0x5533		Error occurred when saving vendor parameters
Er 244	0x80	0x5534		Error occurred when saving communication parameters
Er 245	0,400	Overse		
Er 245	0x80	0x5535		Error occurred when saving parameter 402
Er 246	0x80	0x5536		Data saving error during power-off

		ı	1	
Er 260	0x80	0x7329		Positive/Negative position limit triggered
				under non-homing mode
Er 270				Analog 1 input overrun limit
Er 271				Analog 2 input overrun limit
Er 280	0x80	0x7201		Output pulse frequency too high
Er 570	0x80	0x5441		Forced alarm input valid
Er 5f0	0x80	0x7122		Motor model no. detection error
Er 5f1	08x0	0x1100		Driver power module detection error
Er 600	0x80	0x6204		Main loop interrupted timeout
Er 601	0x80	0x6204		Velocity loop interrupted timeout
Er 700	0x80	0x7001		Encryption error
Er 73A	0x10	0x873A		SyncManager2 lost
Er 73b	0x10	0x873B		SYNC0 lost
Er 73c	0x10	0x873		Excessive Distributed Clock error
		C 0::0004	00004	
Er 801	0x10	0x8201	0x0001	Unknown communication error
Er 802	0x80	0x5510	0x0002	Memory overflow
Er 803	0x80	0x5511		RAM out of bound
Er 805	0x80	0x6202		FOE firmware upgrade failed
Er 806	0x80	0x6201		Saved ESI file does not match driver firmware
Er 811	0x10	0xA001	0x0011	Invalid EtherCAT transition request
Er 812	0x10	0xA002	0x0012	Unknown EtherCAT state machine transition request
Er 813	0x10	0x8213	0x0013	Protection request from boot state
Er 814	0x80	0x6203		Invalid firmware
Er 815	0x10	0x8215	0x0015	Invalid mailbox configuration under boot state
Er 816	0x10	0x8216	0x0016	Pre-Op status is invalid for the mailbox configuration
Er 817	0x10	0x8217		Invalid SyncManager configuration
Er 818	0x10	0x8211		No valid input data
Er 819	0x10	0x8212		No valid output data
Er 81A	0x10	0xFF02	0x871 A	Synchronization error
Er 81b	0x10	0x821B	0x001 B	SyncManager2 watchdog timer timeout
Er 81C	0x10	0x821 C	0x001 C	Invalid SyncManager type
Er 81d	0x10	0x821 D	0x001 D	Invalid output configuration
Er 81E	0x10	0x821E	0x001 E	Invalid input configuration
Er 81f	0x10	0x821F		Watchdog configuration invalid
Er 821	0x10	0xA003	0x0021	Waiting for EtherCAT state machine Init state
Er 822	0x10	0xA004	0x0022	Waiting for the EtherCAT state machine Pre- Op state
Er 823	0x10	0xA005	0x0023	Waiting for master device for Safe-Op request
Er 824	0x10	0x8224	0x0024	Invalid process data input mapping
Er 825	0x10	0x8225	0x0025	RPDO mapping invalid (length, parameter not present, no this property)
Er 827	0x10	0x8227		Free running mode is not supported
Er 828	0x10	0x8228		Sync mode not supported
			0x002	•
Er 82b	0x10	0x8210	B	Invalid inputs and outputs
	0.710			
Er 82C	0x10	0x872 C	0x002 C 0x002	Fatal synchronization error

Er 82E	0x10	0x872E	0x002 E	Synchronization cycle time is too short
Er 830	0x10	0x8730	0x0030	Invalid Distributed Clock synchronization settings
Er 832	0x10	0x8732	0x0032	Distribution Clock phase-locked loop failure
Er 833	0x10	0x8733		DC sync IO error
Er 834	0x10	0x8734		DC sync timeout
Er 835	0x10	0x8735		Distribution Clock cycle time is invalid
Er 836	0x10	0x8736	0x0036	Invalid Distribution Clock synchronization
El 630	0.00	0x6730	0x0030	cycle time
Er 850	0x80	0x5550	0x0050	EEPROM is inaccessible
Er 851	0x80	0x5551	0x0051	EEPROM error
Er 852	0x80	0x5552	0x0052	Hardware is not ready
Er 860	0x80	0xFF01		EtherCAT frame lost per unit time exceeds
LI 000	0.000	UXI FUT		limit
Er 870	0x80	0x5201		Driver can't be enabled under current control
	UNOU	0,0201		mode

8.3 Alarm Handling

**When error occurs, please solve accordingly. Then, restart.

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0A0""Er 0A1"				Display: "Er 0A0""Er 0A1"		
code	0A	0~1 Content: Circuit current detection error							
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution					
Motor power cable wiring error		ole wiring	Verify motor power cable wiring	Make sure U, V, W terminal wired properly					
Main power supply		oly	Verify L1, L2, L3 terminal	Increase main power supply					
undervoltage			voltage	voltage					
Driver fault			Ī	Replace driver					

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0A3"					
code	0A	3	Content: Motor power cable not connected					
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution				
	Motor power cable not connected		Verify motor power cable wiring Measure resistance values between U, V, W terminals, r sure the values are almost equal not, it might be due to damage motor or motor winding open circuit.					
Motor fa	ault		/	Replace motor				
Driver fa	ault	•	1	Replace driver				

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0b1"			
code 0b 1		1	Content: Control circuit power supply abnormal			
Cause	Cause Diagnosis			Solution		
USB power supply too		oply too	Verify if USB cable is	Replace USB mini cable		
low			properly connected			
			and not damaged.			
Driver fa	ault		/	Replace driver		

	Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0c0" Content: DC bus overvoltage		
	code	0c	0			
	Cause			Diagnosis Solution		
4	Main power supply		pply	Verify L1,L2,L3 terminal	Decrease main power supply	
	overvoltage			voltage	voltage	
Ī	Inner brake circuit		cuit	/	Replace driver	
	damaged					
	Driver fault			Ī	Replace driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0d0" Content: DC bus undervoltage		
code	0d	0			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Main power supply			Verify L1,L2,L3 terminal Increase main power sup		
undervoltage			voltage		
L1C, L2C connected			Control circuit power on before	Please disconnect the USB	
when USB cable is			driver initialization. Alarm might cable before powering on		
connected			occur. control circuit.		
Driver fa	ault		Ī	Replace driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0d1"		
code	0d	1	Content: Single phasing of main	power supply	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Main power supply undervoltage			Verify L1, L2, L3 terminal voltage	Increase main power supply voltage	
Main power supply wiring error			Loose connection of L1, L2, L3	Secure connections	
Driver fa	ault			Replace driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0d2"	
code	0d	2	Content: No main power supply	detected
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
No main power supply			Verify L1, L2, L3 terminal voltage	Increase main power supply voltage Secure connections
Driver fault			1	Replace driver

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0E0"	
code	0E	0	Content: Overcurrent	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Driver power output short circuit			Verify if there is short circuit between UVW terminals, or shorted to PG.	Make sure there is no circuit. Make sure motor is not damaged
Motor w	riring erro	or	Verify motor wiring	Reconnect motor wiring
IGBT m circuit	odule sh	ort	Disconnect motor output cable. Then, enable servo driver to check for overcurrent	Replace driver
Excessi	ve motor	load	Verify if motor torque output is too high	Reduce load Add a gearbox
Excessive acceleration and deceleration			Verify if acceleration and deceleration duration time are too low	Increase acceleration and deceleration duration time
Motor w	viring sho	rt	Connect motor power cable to driver power output. Verify if resistance value of UVW to PE is equal and if there is short circuit	Replace motor

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0E1"		
code	0E	1	Content: Intelligent Power Module (IPM) overcurrent		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Driver power output short circuit			Verify if there is short circuit between UVW terminals, or shorted to PG. 1. Make sure there is no damaged		
Motor w	iring erro	or	Verify motor wiring	Reconnect motor wiring	
IGBT module short circuit			Disconnect motor output cable. Then, enable servo driver to check for overcurrent	Replace driver	
IGBT module undervoltage			1	Replace driver	
Excessive motor load			Verify if motor torque output is too high	Reduce load Add a gearbox	
Excessive acceleration and deceleration			Verify if acceleration and deceleration duration time are too low	Increase acceleration and deceleration duration time	
Motor wiring short circuit			Connect motor power cable to driver power output. Verify if resistance value of UVW to PE is equal and if there is short circuit	Replace motor	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0E2"			
code	0E	2	Content: Power output to motor shorted to ground			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
Driver U, V, W terminals shorted to ground			Disconnect motor power cable and check for short circuit between driver UVW and PE 1. Reconnect wiring. 2. Change motor power ca			
Motor shorted to ground			Connect motor power cable to driver power output. Verify if resistance value of UVW to PE is in the range of MegaOhm (MΩ)	Replace motor		
Driver	fault		1	Replace driver		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0E4"			
code	0E	2	Content: Phase overcurrent			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
Driver U, V, W terminals shorted to ground			Disconnect motor power cable and check for short circuit between driver UVW and PE 1. Reconnect wiring. 2. Change motor power ca			
Motor shorted to ground			Connect motor power cable to driver power output. Verify if resistance value of UVW to PE is equal and if there is short circuit	Replace motor		
Driver fa	ault		1	Replace driver		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0F0" Content: Driver overheated	
code	0F	0		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Tempera module e upper lim	xceede	power Measure the temperature		 Improve cooling conditions. Please check installation guide. Replace driver and motor with higher power rating. Increase duration time for acceleration and deceleration. Decrease load.

Error Main Sub Displa		Display: "Er 100"			
code	10	0	Content: Motor overloaded		
Cause		Diagn	osis	Solution	
Load too heavy		-	f actual load exceeds um value allowed	Decrease load Adjust limit values	
Strong mechanical vibration		Look for mechanical vibration from machine system		Adjust gain value of control loop Increase duration time for acceleration and deceleration	
Motor or encoder cable wiring error		Verify motor and encoder wiring		Reconnect wiring Replace motor and encoder cable	
Holding brake engaged		Verify I	holding brake terminal voltage	Cut off holding brake	

Error Main		Sub	Display: "Er 102"		
code	10	2	Content: Motor rotor blocked		
Cause		Diagn	osis	Solution	
Motor rotor blocked		Look fo	or mechanical blockages	Check the machinery	
Motor rotor blocking time threshold value too low		Verify	value of Pr6.57	Adjust value of Pr6.57	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 120" Content: Regenerative resistor overvoltage			
code	12	0				
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
Regenera	tive ene	rgy	Verify if velocity is too	Decrease motor rotational velocity;		
exceeded capacity of		of	high	Decrease load inertia;		
regenerative resistor		tor	2. Verify if load is too large	3. Add an external regenerative resistor;		
Power sup	ply volta	age	Verify if power supply Decrease power supply voltage			
too high	too high		voltage is within the rated 2. Increase regeneration resistance			
			range. value(add external regenerative resisto			
			Interval regenerative			
			resistor value is too low			
Unstable p	ower su	upply	Verify if power supply	Add a surge suppressor to main power		
voltage	voltage is stable		voltage is stable	supply.		
Regenerative energy		rgy	/ 1. Add an external regenerative resiston			
discharge	circuit			2. Replace driver		
damaged						

Error Main Sub Display: "Er 121"				
code	12	1	Content: Holding brake error	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Holding brake circuit			Regenerative resistor disconnected	Replace regenerative resistor
damaged			Holding brake IGBT damaged	Replace driver

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 122"			
code	12	2 Content: Regenerative resistor value too low				
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution		
External regenerative resistor value is less than the minimum value allowed by the driver		ss value	/	Replace the regenerative resistor with the right resistance value which meets the specification of the driver		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 150"		
code	15	0	Content: Encoder disconnected		
Cause			Diagnosis Solution		
Encoder cable disconnected			Verify encoder cable connection	Make sure encoder cable properly connected	
Encoder c	able wir	ing error	Verify if encoder wiring is correct Reconnect encoder wiring		
Encoder damaged			/ Replace motor		
Encoder measuring circuit damaged			/ Replace driver		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 151"			
code	15	1	Content: Encoder communication error			
Cause Diagnosis			Diagnosis	Solution		
Encoder w	ire shie	lding	Verify if encoder cable has	Replace with standard encoder		
layer is mi	layer is missing		shielding layer	cable		
Encoder cable wiring error		ing error	Verify if encoder wiring is correct	Reconnect encoder wiring		
Encoder d	amaged	d	1	Replace motor		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 152"			
code	15	2	Content: Encoder initial position	Content: Encoder initial position error		
Cause		[Diagnosis	Solution		
Communication data abnormal		\ 2 1. 3	. Verify if encoder power supply roltage is DC5V ± 5%; 2. Verify if encoder cable and shielded ayer is not damaged; 3. Verify if encoder cable is close to high-powered power supply cable	Make sure encoder power supply voltage is stable Make sure encoder cable is not damaged. Make sure encoder cable shielded layer is grounded to frame Make sure encoder cable is away from high-powered power supply cable		
Encoder	Encoder damaged		1	Replace motor		
Encoder circuit da	measuri amaged	ng	1	Replace driver		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 153"			
code	15	3	Content: Multiturn encoder error			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
Initial use			Origin calibration not performed	Perform origin positioning and multiturn position initialization, calibrate the origin of coordinate system.		
Encoder without multiturn absolute function used			Verify if encoder has multiturn absolute function	 Replace the motor with a multiturn absolute encoder. Set Pr0.15 = 0 to deactivate multiturn absolute function. 		
Low battery power		er	Replace battery and restart driver to clear alarm	Replace battery		
_	Battery has no power		Alarm not cleared	Absolute position lost. Return to origin and		
	or has been		after replacing battery	perform multiturn initialization, calibrate		
dismant	tled		and restart	the origin of coordinate system		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 154"			
code	15	4	Content: Encoder parameter settings error			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
Absolute encoder mode is incorrectly set.			Verify if encoder has multi- turn absolute value function.	Modify absolute encoder mode settings		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 155"	
code	15	5	Content: Encoder data overflow	V
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Encoder data overflow			Verify if encoder is not damaged	Initialize multiturn data
Absolute value applications, motor rotates in one direction			Verify if encoder is not damaged	Adjust absolute value application mode, set to turntable mode

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 156"			
code	15	6	Content: Encoder overheated			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
The encoder temperature is too high.		00	Verify if motor temperature is too high	Reduce encoder temperature.		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 157"		
code	15	7	Content: Encoder counter error		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Encoder data overflow			Verify if encoder is not damaged	Initialize multiturn data	
Absolute value applications, motor rotates in one direction			Verify if encoder is not damaged	Adjust absolute value application mode, set to turntable mode	

LIIOI		Sub	Display: "Er 170"		
code	17	0	Content: Encoder	data error	
Cause		Di	agnosis		Solution
Communication data abnormal		vo 2. lay 3.	1. Verify if encoder power supply voltage is DC5V ± 5%; 2. Verify if encoder cable and shielded layer is not damaged; 3. Verify if encoder cable is close to high-powered power supply cable		Make sure encoder power supply voltage is stable Make sure encoder cable is not damaged. Make sure encoder cable shielded layer is grounded to frame Make sure encoder cable is away from high-powered power supply cable
Encoder damaged		1	1		Replace motor
Encoder circuit da	measurin maged	ıg	1		Replace driver

Error	Main	Main Sub		Display: "Er 171"		
code	17 1		1	Content: Encoder parameter initialization error		
Cause	ause Diag		Diag	nosis Solution		
Driver and motor not matched			Verify driver and motor models.		Replace with matching driver and motor	
Error while getting parameters from encoder			2. Ve insula	rify if encoder cable is standard. rify if encoder has no peeled ator, broken connection or oper contact.	Use standard encoder cable, verify the connection of both sides of driver and motor, change encoder cable if necessary	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 180"	
code	18	0	Content: Excessive position deviation	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Improper p deviation s			Verify if value of Pr_014 is too low	Increase value of Pr_014
Position ga	in setti	ng too	Verify if values of Pr1.00 & Pr1.05 are too low	Increase values of Pr1.00 & Pr1.05
Torque lim	it too lo	w	Verify if values of Pr0.13 & Pr5.22 are too low	Increase values of Pr0.13 & Pr5.22
Excessive external load			Verify if acceleration and deceleration duration time is too low. Verify if rotational velocity is too high Verify if load is too large	Increase duration time for acceleration and deceleration Decrease rotational velocity Decrease load

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 181"	
code	18	1	Content: Excessive velocity	deviation
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Deviation between set velocity and actual velocity is too great			s Verify if value of Pr6.02 is too low	Increase value of Pr6.02; Set Pr6.02 to 0, position error detection off.
Acceleration and deceleration duration time for set velocity is too low			Verify if value of Pr3.12 and Pr3.13 are too low	Increase value of Pr3.12, Pr3.13; Adjust velocity gain to reduce velocity lag error

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 190"	
code	19	0	Content: Motor vibration too si	trong
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Motor velocity			Verify if Pr0.03 is too large	Decrease value of Pr0.03
fluctuates too much				

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 1A0"		
code	1A	0	Content: Overspeed		
Cause Diag		Diagn	osis	Solution	
Motor velocity exceeded first speed limit (Pr3.21) 2. Vel is too 3. Vel low; 4. Vel freque		2. Veri is too h 3. Veri low; 4. Veri freque	fy if velocity command is too high; fy if simulated velocity command voltage high; fy if parameter value of Pr3.21 is too fy if input frequency and division help coefficient of pulse train is proper; fy if encoder is wired correctly	1. Adjust velocity input command; 2. Increase Pr3.21 value; 3. Adjust pulse train input frequency and division frequency coefficient; 4. Verify encoder wiring;	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 1A1"		
code 1A 1 Content: Velocity out of control					
Cause		Diagn	osis Solution		
Motor velocity V			encoder phase sequence; Verify if UVW s connected to the right terminal	Reconnect UVW if wrongly connected. If still remains unsolved, please contact technical support.	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 1b0"		
code	code 1b 0		Content: Bus input signal dithering		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
			Synchronization offset on the controller is set too high Set synchronization offset to 0 and check if dithering stops		
Controlle			Synchronization cycle is too short due to large number of slave stations	Set a reasonable synchronization cycle time.	
synchronization dithering Tune synchronization dithering range Increase P00.25, P0		Increase P00.25, P00.26, P00.28			
			Command delay cycle counts in sync mode needs to be adjusted	Set P00.27 = 2 to increase delay time	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 1b1"		
code	1b	1	Content: Incorrect electronic gear ratio		
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
Values out of range			Numerator or denominator is zero/Set values out of range	Reduce number of pulses per revolution	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 210"	
code	21	0	Content: I/O input interface ass	gnment error
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Input signal assigned with			Verify values of Pr4.00-Pr4.09,	Set proper values for Pr4.00-
two or more functions.			Pr4.44-4.47	Pr4.09, Pr4.44-4.47

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 211"	
code	21	1	Content: I/O input interface fund	ction assignment error
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Input signal assignment error			Verify values of P04.00-P04.09, P04.44-4.47	Set proper values for P04.00- P04.09, P04.44-4.47

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 212"	
code	21	2	Content: I/O output interface function assignment error	
Cause			Diagnosis Solution	

Input signal assigned with two or more functions.	Verify values of P04.10-P04.15	Set proper values for P04.10- P04.15
Input signal not assigned	Verify values of P04.10-P04.15	Set proper values for P04.10- P04.15

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 240"			
code	24	0	Content: EEPROM parameters initialization error			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
Error during initial reading of EEPROM parameters			Restart after changing any parameter. Verify if the parameter is saved.	If parameter not saved after several restarts, please change driver		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 241"		
code 24 1 Content: EEPROM hardware error				error	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
EEPROM damaged			Verify if multiple storages are the same	Replace driver/Upgrade software	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 242"		
code 24 Content: Error saving alarm history record		story record			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Power-off	during s	saving	Verify alarm during power-off	Power lost after alarm appears	
Several di	fferent a	alarms in	Verify alarm code	Figure out other alarm causes	
a row			Vomy diamin code		
EEPROM damaged			Verify if it is the same over several times	Replace driver/Upgrade software	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 243"		
code 24 3 Content: Error occurred				saving vendor parameters	
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
Power-off before data saved		data	-	Wait until data saved successfully before powering off	
EEPROM damaged		ed	Restart driver for a few times	Restart driver for a few times	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 244"		
code	24	4	Error description: Error occurred when saving communication parameters		
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
Power-off before data saved		data		Wait until data saved successfully before powering off	
EEPROM damaged		ed	Restart driver for a few times	Restart driver for a few times	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 245"		
code 24 5 Error description		Error description: Error occur	otion: Error occurred when saving parameter 402		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Power-off	Power-off before data			Wait until data saved successfully	
saved				before powering off	
EEPROM damaged		ed	Restart driver for a few times	Restart driver for a few times	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 246"		
code 24 6 Error description: Data saving		g error during power-off			
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
Power off	Power off too fast			Upgrade software	
EEPROM damaged		ed	Restart driver for a few times	Restart driver for a few times	

F	rror	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 260"			
	ode	26	0	Error description: Positive/Negative position limit triggered under non-homing mode			
С	Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
	Positive/negative position limit triggered			Verify position limit signal	1		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 280" Error description: Output pulse frequency too high		
code	28	0			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
	Frequency divided pulse output exceeds 1MHz		Verify if motor rotational speed and the number of frequency divided pulse output are too high	Reduce the number of frequency divided pulse output or reduce rotational speed	

Error	Mai	Sub	Display: "Er 570"	
code	57	0	Error description: Forced alar	rm input valid
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Forced alarm input signal occurred		•	•	Verify if the input wiring connection
Signal oc	curred		signal	is correct

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 5F0"			
code	5F	0	Content: Motor model no. detection error			
Cause			Diagnosis		Solution	
Automatically detected motor doesn't match set motor			1		Please contact our technical support	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 5F1"		
code	5F	1	Error description: Driver power module detection error		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Driver power rating not within range.			Restart driver	Please contact our technical support	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 600"	Y /
code	60	0	Error description: Main loop in	terrupted timeout
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution

E-DFAS□□E Series AC Servo Drive – EtherCAT Type

Warning and Alarm

The motor control loop calculation time overflow	Check for interference from devices releasing electromagnetic field	Ground driver and motor to reduce interference
overnow	Restart driver	Replace driver

Err	_	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 601"			
CO	de	60	1	Error description: Velocity loop interrupted timeout			
Ca	Cause			Diagnosis Solution			
cal	Motor control loop calculation time overflow			Verify if encoder connection is and that the encoder cable is too not long (more than 20 meters)	Replace encoder cable if necessary		
				Restart driver	Replace the driver with a new one		

Error	Main Extr	Sub	Display: "Er 700"				
code	70	0	Error description: Encryption error				
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution			
Encryption error during initialization			Restart driver	Please contact our technical support			
upon power-on.							

8.4 EtherCAT Communication Alarm

EtherCAT communication related alarms are erasable and will not be recorded in alarm history.

Clearing EtherCAT communication alarm is similar to clearing servo driver alarm. Please clear the alarm before switching to 402 machine state.

EtherCAT communication alarm however, relies on register clearance from the main station. Can be solved according to following steps:

- 1. Set bit 4 of ESC control register 0x120 (error responder) to 1.
- 2. The communication alarm can be cleared until the feedback of the ESC status code register 0x134~0x135 is 0.
- 3. By setting bit 7 of 6040h to 1, switches state machine from fault to initialization completion, No fault(Switch on disabled).

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 73A"	
code	73	Α	Error description: SyncManager2 lost	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Poor mas	ster			Increase the alarm
performa	performance			threshold
Single-ur	nit drive	r has	Is it a single unit or multiple units	Switch driver
problem			together in the network	
Interfere			Check the grounding and network wiring	Replace the network
menere	Interfere		quality	cable

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 73b"	
code	73	В	Error description: SYNC0 lost	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
	Poor master performance		-	Increase threshold value limit
Single-unit driver has problem		r has	Is it a single unit or multiple units together in the network	Switch driver
interfere			Check the grounding and network wiring quality	Replace the network cable

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 73c"		
code	73	С	Error description: Excessi	ve Distributed Clock error	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Poor master device performance		rice	Increase threshold value limit		
Single-unit driver has problem		r has	Is it a single unit or multiple units together in the network	Replace driver	
interfere			Check the grounding and network wiring quality	Replace network cable	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 801"
code	80	1	Error description: Unknown communication error
Cause			EtherCAT state machine transition failed
The status of the error can be detected		ne	All ESM status
The result status		ıs	The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution			Verify network connection and master device EtherCAT state machine transition order

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 802"
code	80	2	Error description: Memory overflow
Cause	Cause		CPU failed to request memory
	The status of the		All ESM status
error can be detected			
The result status		ıs	The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution	1		Verify if E-DFASxxE hardware is faulty

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 803"	
code	80	3	Error description: RAM out of bound	
Cause	Cause		EtherCAT state machine memory address access request from	
			master device is out of bound	
The sta	The status of the		All communication status	
error ca	error can be			
detected				
The result status		JS	NO	
Solution	Solution		Verify master device configuration or replace master device	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 805"	
code	08	5	Error description: FOE firmware upgrade failed	
Cause	Cause		Firmware burn error	
The status of the error can be detected		пе	ВООТ	
The result status		JS	Remain in the detection state	
Solution			Replace firmware/driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 806"	
code	80	6	Error description: Saved ESI file does not match driver firmware	
Cause			ESI file does not match driver firmware	
The sta	The status of the		INIT	
error can be				
detected				
The result status		ıs	Remain in the detection state	
Solution			Burn matching firmware to driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 811"
code	81	1	Error description: Invalid EtherCAT transition request
Cause			Driver received unconvertible request from EtherCAT state machine
The sta	tus of th	ne	All ESM Status
error can be detected			
The result status			The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution			Verify if the transition information from master device is correct

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 812"
	81	2	Error description: Unknown EtherCAT state machine transition request
Cause			Driver receives a transition request other than states of the
			EtherCAT state machine
The status of the error can be detected			All ESM Status
The result status			The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution			Verify transition information from master device

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 813"
code	81	3	Error description: Protection request from boot state
Cause			Driver receives a transition request to boot state
The status of the error can be detected		ne	Initialize the conversion to a boot
The result status			initialization
Solution			Verify if driver software version supports this state transition

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 814"	
code	81	4	Error description: Invalid firmware	
Cause			Firmware not matched with driver	
The sta	tus of th	ne	BOOT/INIT	
error can be				
detected				
The result status			Keeping in the detection status	
Solution			Return driver to supplier to update firmware	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 815"
code	81	5	Error description: Invalid mailbox configuration under boot state
Cause			Boot state action not supported under current configuration
The status of the			Initialize the conversion to a boot
error can be detected			
The result status			Initialization
Solution			Verify if E-DFASxxE software version supports action under this state.

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 816"
	81	6	Error description: Pre-Op status is invalid for the mailbox configuration
Cause			The synchronization manager configuration under Pre-Op is invalid
The status of the error can be detected			pre-operation
The result status			initialization
Solution			Verify if XML file version is consistent with software version EtherCAT slave controller error, please contact technical support

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 817"
code	81	7	Error description: Invalid SyncManager configuration
Cause			Synchronization manager configuration is invalid
The status of the error can be detected			Pre-op above
The result status			Pre-op
Solution			Verify master device configuration/ESI file version

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 818"
code	81	8	Error description: No valid input data
Cause			The input data is not updated for more than 1 second
The sta	tus of th	ne	All ESM status
error ca			
The result status			The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution	Colution		Verify if TxPDO is valid
Solution			Verify master device synchronization settings

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 819"
code	81	9	Error description: No valid output data
Cause			Output data is not updated for more than 1 second
The status of the			All ESM status
error ca	n be		
detected			
The result status			The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution			Verify if RxPDO is valid Verify master device synchronization settings

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 81A"
code	81	Α	Error description: Synchronization error
Cause			RxPDO and DC update order failed or one of them is not updated in
			sync
The status of the error can be detected			All ESM status
The result status			The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution			Verify if PXPDO is valid Verify master device synchronization settings

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 81b"
code	81	b	Error description:SyncManager2 watchdog timer timeout
Cause			The RxPDO update timeout in operational state
The status of the error can be detected		ne	operation
The res	ult statı	JS	Safe operation
Solution			Verify if E-DFASxxE network is connected Verify RxPDO update time

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 81c"
code	81	С	Error description: Invalid SyncManager type
Cause			Synchronization Manager configuration types other than the following: 1. Email output 2. Email input 3. Process data output 4. Process data input
The status of the error can be detected			Pre-operation
The result status		JS	Initialize
Solution			Verify if XML file version is consistent with software version

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 81d"		
code	81	d	Error description: Invalid output configuration		
Cause			Process data output synchronization manager configuration is invalid		
The status of the error can be detected		ne	Pre-operation		
The result status		JS	Initialize		
Solution			Verify E-DFASxxE synchronization manager configuration Verify if XML file version is consistent with software version		

Error	Main	Sul	Display: "Er 81E"	
code	81	E	Error description: Invalid input configuration	
Cause			Process data input synchronization manager configuration is invalid	
The status of the error can be detected		he	Pre-operation	
The result status			Initialize	
Solution			Verify E-DFASxxE synchronization manager configuration Verify if XML file version is consistent with software version	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 821"
code	82	1	Error description: Waiting for EtherCAT state machine Init state
Cause			Driver waiting for master device to send Init request
The status of the error can be detected			All ESM status
The result status			Keeping the current state
Solution			Verify transition request sent from master device

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 822"
code	82	2	Error description: Waiting for the EtherCAT state machine Pre-Op state
Cause	Cause		Driver waiting for master device to send Pre-Op request
The status of the error can be detected		ne	Safe operation, operation
The result status		ıs	Keeping the current state
Solution			Verify transition request sent from master device

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 823"
code	82	3	Error description: Waiting for master device for Safe-Op request
Cause			Process data output synchronization manager configuration is invalid
The status of the error can be detected		ne	Operation
The result status		ıs	Keeping the current state
Solution			Verify transition request sent from master device

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 824"
code	82	4	Error description: Invalid process data input mapping
Cause			TxPDO is configured with non-mappable objects
The status of the error can be detected			Safe operation
The result status			Pre-operation
Solution			Reconfigure the TxPDO mapping object

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 825"	
code	82	5	Error description: Invalid process data output mapping	
Cause			RxPDO is configured with non-mappable objects	
The status of the error can be detected		ne	Safe operation	
The result status		as	Pre-operation	
Solution			Reconfigure the RxPDO mapping object	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 828"	
code	82	8	Error description: Sync mode not supported	
Cause			Sync mode is not supported in the current configuration	
The sta error ca detecte	n be	ne	Safe operation	
The result status		ıs	Pre-operation	
Solution			Verify E-DFASxxE software version Verify XML version	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 82b"
code	82	b	Error description: Invalid inputs and outputs
Cause			No RxPDO and TxPDO updates for more than 1 second
The status of the error can be detected			All ESM status
The result status			The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution			Verify if current RxPDO and TxPDO are invalid Verify master device synchronization settings

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 82c"		
code	82	С	Error description: Fatal synchronization error		
Cause			DC watchdog timer timeout		
The sta	tus of th	he	Safe operation, operation		
	error can be detected				
The result status		us	Safe operation		
Colution			Verify if E-DFASxxE hardware is faulty		
Solution	Solution		2. Verify DC setting and delay		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 82d"	
code	82	d	Error description: No synchronization error	
Cause			Synchronization is invalid	
The sta error ca detecte	n be	ne	operation	
The result status			Safe operation	
Solution			1. Verify if "fatal synchronization error" has occurred.2. Verify master device synchronization settings	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 82E"
code	82	Е	Error description: Synchronization cycle time is too short
Cause			Master device synchronization cycle time is set to less than 125 microseconds
The status of the error can be detected			operation
The result status		JS	Pre-operation
Solution			Verify master device synchronization cycle time

		Sub	Display: "Er 830"	
code	83	0	Error description: Invalid Distributed Clock synchronization settings	
Cause	Cause		Synchronization settings in sync mode are not valid	
The status of the error can be detected		ne	Safe operation	
The result status		ıs	Pre-operation	
Solution			Verify master device synchronization settings	

		Sub	Display: "Er 832"	
code	83	2	Error description: Distribution Clock phase-locked loop failure	
Cause			Distribution Clock phase-locked loop setting is invalid	
The status of the			Safe operation, operation	
error can be detected				
The result status			Safe operation	
Solution			Verify master device Distribution Clock settings and network transmission delay	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 835"	
code	83	5	Error description: Distribution Clock cycle time is invalid	
Cause			Set synchronization cycle time is not proportional to drive position	
			loop	
The status of the error can be detected			Safe operation	
The result status			Pre-operation	
Solution			Refer to user manual to set a reasonable synchronization cycle time.	

Error Main Sub		Sub	Display: "Er 836"		
code	83	6	Error description: Invalid Distribution Clock synchronization cycle		
Cause			The synchronization cycle time setting is not as the following		
			1: 125us 2: 250us 3: 500us		
			4: 750us 5: 1000us 6: 2000us		
			7: 4000us		
The sta	tus of th	пе	Safe operation		
error can be					
detected					
The result status		ıs	Pre-operation		
Solution			Verify master device synchronization cycle time		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 850"			
code	85	0	Error description: EEPROM is inaccessible			
Cause			EtherCAT slave controller failed to access EEPROM			
The status of the			All ESM status			
error can be						
detected						
The res	ult statı	JS	Keeping the current state			
Calutian			Verify if E-DFASxxE hardware is faulty			
Solution			2. Verify if master device released access			

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 851"					
code	85	1	Error description: EEPROM error					
Cause			EEPROM operation of EtherCAT slave controller failed					
The status of the error can be detected			All ESM status					
The result status			Keeping the current state					
Solution			Verify if master device released access					

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 852"
code	85	2	Error description: Hardware is not ready
Cause			Data communication lost
The status of the error can be detected			All ESM status
The result status		JS	Keeping the current state
Solution			Verify if E-DFASxxE hardware is faulty

Error			Display: "Er 860"	
code	86	0	Error description: EtherCAT frame lost per unit time exceeds limit	
Cause	Cause		EtherCAT frame lost per unit time exceeds the setting in 2635-00h	
	The status of the error		All status	
can be detected		d		
The result status			Keeping the detection state	
Solution			Change to network cable with higher bandwidth / Replace driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 870"	
code 87 0		0	Error description: Driver can't be enabled under current control	
Cause	Cause		Enable driver under unsupported mode	
The status of the error can be detected		ne	All status	
The result status		JS	Maintain status	
Solution			Switch to the correct control mode	

Error Main Sub Display: "Er 890"					
code	89	0	Err	or description: Homing Error	
Cause				Diagnosis	Solution
Homing high. Pa sensor capture	assed h before s	oming		Verify if homing velocity is too high. Or set lower homing velocity	Decrease homing velocity or increase homing acceleration
Homing mode does not coincide with input signals				Verify if input signals from sensors are corresponding to the demands of chosen homing mode	Set up the signal input in accordance to homing mode settings
Unsupported homing mode				Verify if improper homing mode is set in object dictionary 6098h	Re-select homing mode

8.5 Alarm clearing

8.5.1 Servo Driver Alarm

For alarm can be cleared, There are 3 methods.

Method 1:

By setting bit 7 of 6040h to 1, switches state machine from fault to initialization completion, No fault (Switch on disabled).

Method 2:

Use auxiliary function "AF_ACL"

Press M to select auxiliary function, Press SET to enter into "AF_ACL", Press and hold to clear the alarm

Method 3:

Set IO input function as Alarm clear input "(A-CLR)", refer to switch input interface connection to clear the alarm.

8.5.2 Communication Alarm Reset

All communication-related alarms of **E-DFASxxE** are clearable and not stored in the history record.

They are cleared mainly by the master: first clear the alarm itself, then switch the 402 state machine.

Step 1: The master writes bit4 (Error Acknowledge) of ESC control register 0x120 to 1.

Step 2: When ESC status code register 0x134–0x135 returns 0, the alarm is cleared.

Next, as in driver alarm reset, toggle bit7 of object **6040h** from $0 \rightarrow 1$ to switch the 402 state machine from *Fault* to *Switch on Disabled*.

When a network fault occurs, the panel displays the fault code, the **ERR LED** lights, and error info (objects **1001h**, **603Fh**) is sent to the master via emergency messages. The master can identify the fault through these messages or the error codes.